CITY OF LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Prepared by: C. F. Higgins, Jr., Finance Director

CITY OF LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

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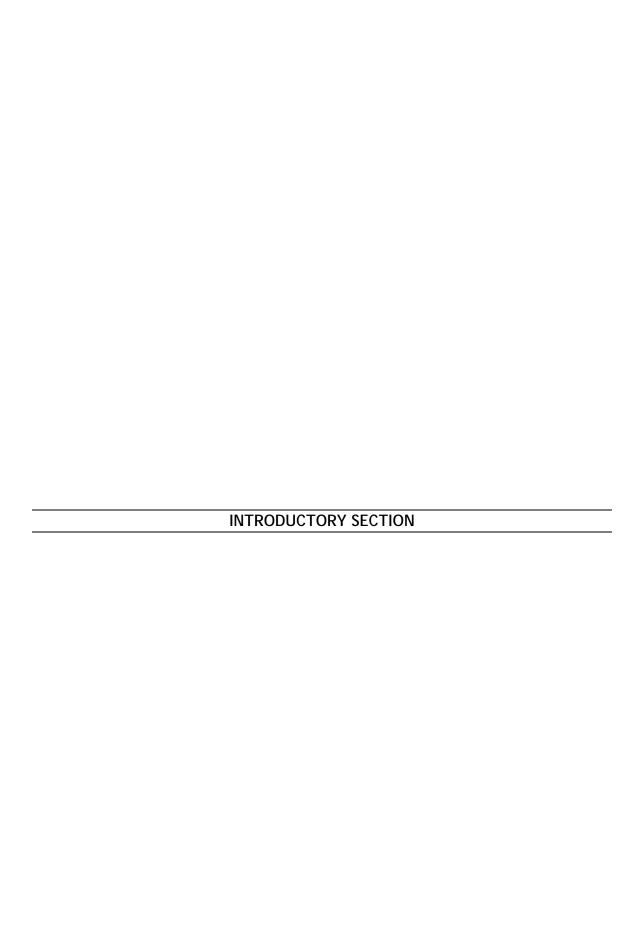
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December 1, 2011

The Honorable City Council City of Lexington, Virginia

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Lexington, Virginia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the government. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and has been reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results have been included. Also, additional data is provided in the City Management's Discussion and Analysis of operations of the various funds and financial statements of the government. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the government's financial activities analysis narrative overview are included with this report.

This report has been prepared following the guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Also, this report is in accordance with uniform financial reporting standards for counties, cities, and towns issued by the Commonwealth of Virginia's Auditor of Public Accounts (APA). Further, this report is in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations.

This report includes all funds of the City of Lexington including four separate component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization (RARO) provides recreational activities for all age groups in the Rockbridge County area. RARO functions independent of the City and serves under a seven-member board of directors. The City provides financial services to RARO and this report includes RARO as a separate component unit.

A second separate component unit is the Lexington School System that consists of an elementary and middle school. Secondary education is provided jointly by Rockbridge County and the City through a contractual agreement. City Council appoints a five-member school board to administer the City school operations.

A third component unit is the Central Dispatch that provides E-911 dispatch for fire, rescue, and police services in Rockbridge County and both the City of Lexington and Buena Vista. The Rockbridge County Sheriff's department is not directly served under this center. The Central Dispatch serves under an executive director that is appointed by an independent seven-member board. The Central Dispatch regional board includes the City Manager and Police Chief of both cities and the Rockbridge County Administrator, as well as one representative each from the County Firefighters and Rescue Squad Associations.

A fourth component unit is the Regional Tourism Program serving the City of Buena Vista, the City of Lexington, and Rockbridge County. The regional tourism operation serves under an executive director that is appointed by an independent seven-member board. The regional board of directors includes two members appointed by each of the jurisdictions (one of which must be from a tourism related industry) for two year terms. One remaining member is to be appointed from a tourism related business by the six jurisdictional members for a two-year term.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including police, rescue and fire protection, sanitation services, the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, community development/housing rehabilitation services, and support of cultural and recreational activities. In addition to general government services, the City also operates a water and sewer enterprise fund and four previously mentioned separate component units. The City serves as the fiscal agent for the first, third and fourth component units. However, the City services of the Rockbridge Regional Jail, Rockbridge Regional Library, Rockbridge Area Social Services, Rockbridge Area Network Authority, Regional Transit System, Maury Service Authority, Central Shenandoah Juvenile Detention Home and Industrial Development Authority have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity, and accordingly are excluded from this report.

Economic Outlook

The City of Lexington is located in the Shenandoah Valley region of central Virginia and is blessed with both historic and natural beauty. These two attributes have helped Lexington to attract thousands of tourists and visitors annually. Two colleges, the Virginia Military Institute and Washington & Lee University, have also been instrumental in the rich cultural and educational heritage of Lexington. The City is ideally located to meet transportation needs, with the junction of interstates I-81 and I-64 just outside the city limits and the intersection of US highway routes 11 and 60 in the middle of the downtown business district.

As a result of an agreement between the City and Rockbridge County, Lexington is precluded from extending its current boundaries through conventional annexation. As compensation for the agreement not to annex, the two governments entered into a revenue sharing agreement based upon annual payments to the City of portions of economic growth related revenues collected by the County. This cooperative agreement continues to afford revenue growth necessary to meet the City's long-term financial needs, while minimizing property tax rate increases.

The City of Lexington is first and foremost a college town. As such, its economic base is fairly stable, with both schools maintaining strong financial bases and stable enrollments. The lack of available land for industrial development along with concentrated planning efforts has helped to create Lexington's reputation as a retail and service activity center for Rockbridge County and many surrounding communities. The City continues to look for ways to expand its economic base with limited space and land development capabilities, while focusing on the high quality of life and natural and historic charm to attract clean, environmentally safe, and compatible businesses to the City.

Major Initiatives

For the past year:

The City real estate tax rate increased from 0.65/100 to 0.70/\$100 of assessed value. This tax increase was needed to meet inflationary operational cost increases and to help offset State funding reductions. Also, three cents of the tax increase was necessary to continue the "equalization" of the tax rate to help offset the reassessment of property values that reflected an average 4.5% decrease in overall assessed values. The City completed a reassessment of real estate in FY 10 with the next four-year reassessment scheduled for FY 14. The FY 11 current real estate tax collections translated to approximately \$52,498 per penny of the tax rate.

The City did not increase water and sewer rates in fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. The City accelerated the usual annual increase of water and sewer rates by increasing rates a second time by ten (10) percent for all customers in April 2010. As a result, the City received the revenue necessary to maintain operations and to fund increasing costs for sewage treatment.

The City designates a two (2) percent transient occupancy tax to generate contribution revenue for the Virginia Horse Center Foundation. The revenue for FY 11 totaled \$71,505 and will be dedicated by the Virginia Horse Center for long-term debt service costs.

The City continues to follow a master plan developed by a steering committee to develop the Jordan's Point Park next to its north corridor entranceway. During this past year, the City received additional grant funds to allow further planning and development of this park. Future plans include development of a pedestrian and bicycle route from both ends of the Veteran's Memorial Bridge across the Maury River to connect the Woods Creek trail to the Chessie Nature trail and to complete the interior renovation of the old Miller's House. Over the past year, the City was once again awarded the designation of Tree City, U.S.A. In 2006, the City was ranked in a Consumer's Report international survey as one of the top six small residential communities perfect for retirees. In 2009, Budget Travel magazine named the City to its top 10 list of America's coolest small towns.

For the future:

Lexington has other major capital and infrastructure demands which will need to be addressed in the near future. City Council annually adopts a five-year Capital Improvement Plan in order to prepare to meet these needs. Capital projects estimated to cost \$2.5 MIL over the next five years include bridge, sidewalk, a new \$1.4 MIL electronic meter reading system, municipal facility improvements, water and sewer utility line improvements, a water system upgrade, and recreational parks improvements. Long-term debt financing of \$7.5 MIL in November 2009 and \$1.5 MIL in July 2010 funded a middle school renovation and addition capital project.

Presently, almost 52% of the City's real property is tax exempt. Also, competition for retail and business occupancy downtown versus county shopping areas challenges the City to search for additional revenue in order to offset the tax burden placed upon property owners and small businesses. The City Council has worked hard to improve its economy by partnering with the Chamber of Commerce to promote business in the downtown area of the City. The City also continues to participate in a regional economic development marketing effort provided by the combined efforts of five cities, six counties, and James Madison University located in the Shenandoah Valley area.

Budgetary and Internal Controls

The City administration is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the USA. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

<u>Compliance</u>: As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the government of Lexington is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to provide compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. These internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by the City administration.

As a part of the government's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal controls, including that portion related to intergovernmental financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the government has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

Budgeting Controls: Lexington maintains strict budgetary controls, the objective of which is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the general fund, capital projects fund, enterprise fund and the separate school component unit, are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (this is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by function within an individual

fund except for the four legally separate discretely presented component units. The governing body of each of these component units approves, recommends and controls the annual appropriations made for their respective budgets. City Council approves annual appropriations and quarterly amends appropriations for all funds except for the Central Dispatch, RARO, and the Regional Tourism component units.

<u>Cash Management</u>: The City maintains an aggressive Cash Management Program with the objectives of increasing non-tax revenues of the city government. The primary goals of the Cash Management Program are to maximize the amount of cash available, both to meet daily needs and to increase the amount available for investment, and to earn the maximum return on cash invested. Due to historically low market interest rates, the interest earnings of \$36,260 for governmental funds were equivalent to less than one cent on the City real estate tax rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Risk Management: The City is exposed to a variety of accidental losses and has established a risk management strategy that attempts to minimize losses and the carrying costs of insurance.

The City has a public safety committee continuously review City policy and procedure for public safety. Risk control techniques have been established to reasonably assure that the City's employees are aware of their responsibilities regarding personal safety and property loss exposures related to their duties. In a similar manner, risk control techniques have been established to reduce possible personal injuries to employees and citizens, and losses to property owned or under the control of the City. Furthermore, supervisory personnel are held responsible for monitoring risk control techniques on an operational basis.

The primary technique used for risk financing is the purchase of adequate insurance coverage from a State liability self-insurance program. The City insurance coverages include policies for business automobile, legal, public official, law enforcement, property damage, and general liability exposures of risk. Also, boiler and machinery, data processing, miscellaneous volunteer portable equipment, contractors' equipment, builders' risk, crime, and difference in condition risk categories are defined and protected by coverages recommended by the VML insurance advisors. The City participates in the State self-insurance program for workers' compensation benefits. Also, separate coverages for the volunteer fire department and lifesaving and first aid crew provides general liability and non-owned vehicle liability insurance protection.

Other Information

Independent Audit: State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. This annual audit was performed by Robinson, Farmer, Cox, Associates. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1984 and the Single Audit Amendments of 1996, and the related OMB Circular A-133. The auditors' report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the Single Audit Section.

Award: As previously indicated, the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Lexington for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1994 through June 30, 2010. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conformed to program standards. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the USA and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments: The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficiency and dedication of the staffs of the Finance Department, Commissioner of Revenue, and the Office of the Treasurer. I would like to express our sincere appreciation to each employee of these departments. Appreciation is also in order for the firm of Robinson, Farmer, Cox, Associates. Last, I would like to thank the Mayor, members of the City Council, and the rest of City administration for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsive and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Finance Director

C. F. Higgins, Jr.

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Lexington Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

OF THE C. Jandson

OF THE CANADIA CORPORATION

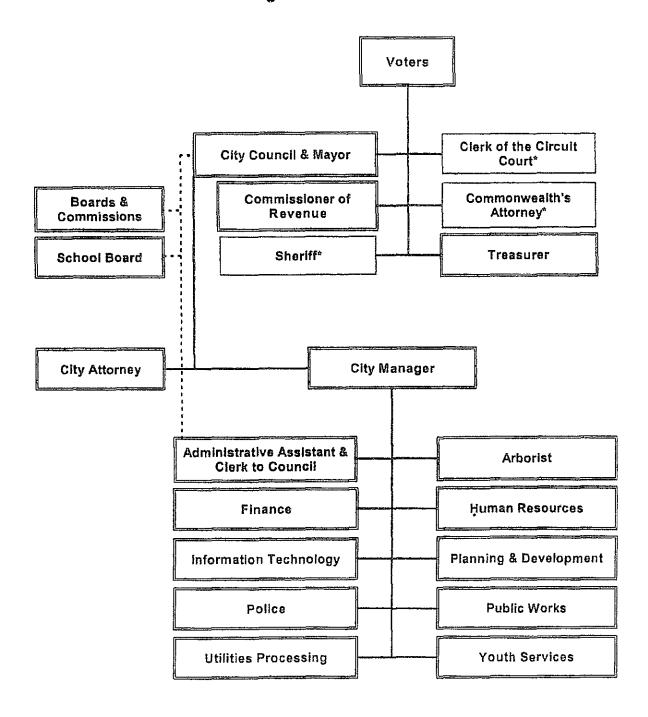
SEAT

CHICAGO

Executive Director

CITY OF LEXINGTON

Organizational Chart



*Shared with County
..... Appointing authority only

CITY OF LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA

CITY COUNCIL

Mimi Elrod, Mayor

Bob Lera, Vice-Mayor R. David Cox George R. Pryde Marilyn Alexander Mary P. Harvey-Halseth Charles "Chuck" Smith

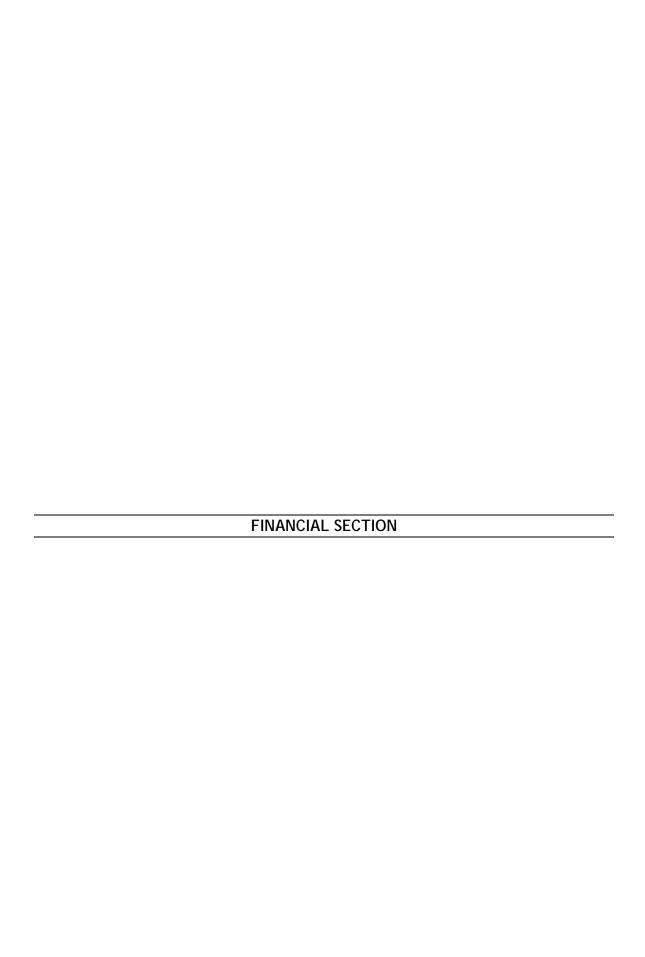
CITY SCHOOL BOARD

Aaron Bruce, Chair

Leslie Straughan, Vice Chair Leonard Stewart, Jr. Richard Cruze, Jr. Jeannie VanNess

OTHER OFFICIALS

| City Manager | T. Jon Ellestad |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
| City Treasurer | |
| Commissioner of Revenue | Karen T. Roundy |
| Finance Director | C. F. Higgins, Jr. |
| City Attorney | Lawrence A. Mann |
| Chief of Police | Alfred S. Thomas |
| Director of Planning and Development | Bill Blatter |
| Director of Utilities Processing | Rick Allen |
| Director of Public Works | David A. Woody |
| Superintendent of Schools | Daniel E. Lyons |



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report

THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL CITY OF LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lexington, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Lexington, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lexington, Virginia, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City of Lexington, Virginia adopted the provision of *GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* effective July 1, 2010.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2011 on our consideration of the City of Lexington, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for

placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lexington, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Christiansburg, Virginia

Kohimson, Fainer, la associates

November 30, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Lexington, we offer readers of the City of Lexington's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Lexington for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- The City of Lexington's governmental funds total revenues of \$12,920,908 are less than total expenditures of \$14,426,819 by \$1,505,911. The City purchased a \$22,142 equipment replacement item from fund balance restricted for future equipment replacement needs. The City provided \$1,530,000 of bond proceeds to complete the renovation of the City's middle school.
- The assets of the City of Lexington exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$21,395,786 (net assets). A total of \$10,925,019 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund is \$7,206,302 or 52% of total general fund expenditures for \$14,162,069 in the year ended June 30, 2011.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Lexington's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Lexington's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or declining.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Lexington that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental

activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general and financial administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks, recreation and cultural, community development, and nondepartmental. The business-type activity of the City is a water and sewer operation managed for the Maury Service Authority with the City responsible for water and sewer distribution to its customers.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Lexington itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate school district, a regional tourism program, a central dispatch operation, and joint recreation activities. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Lexington, like other state and local governments, uses a fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Lexington maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, capital projects fund, the cemetery trust fund, and the discretely presented component School Board unit, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Lexington adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, special revenue fund, and capital projects fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been

provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary funds. The City of Lexington maintains one proprietary fund. An enterprise fund is used to report the functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer utility fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the City's water and sewer services.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *supplementary information* in the statistical section.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Lexington, assets exceeded liabilities by \$21,395,786 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the City's net assets (52 percent) reflects its unrestricted net assets of \$10,925,019. The City's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding, reflects \$8,991,391. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The City's governmental activities net assets decreased \$28,812 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. There are no significant changes worthy to note in net assets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. The City completed additional capital improvements to a middle school using most of the \$1.5 MIL in 2010 bond proceeds with only \$125,210 remaining unexpended as of June 30, 2011.

City of Lexington's Summary Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2011 and 2010 (In Thousands)

| | | nmental <u>vities</u> | Busine activ | ss-type ities | To: <u>Primar</u> | tal <u>y Gov't</u> | School Compo | Board nent Unit |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| | <u>2011</u> | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2010</u> |
| Current & other assets Capital assets Total assets | \$ 12,387 26,631 \$ 39,018 | 26,306 | \$ 1,804 2,036 \$ 3,840 | \$ 1,340 1,921 <u>\$ 3,261</u> | \$ 14,191 28,667 <u>\$ 42,858</u> | \$ 14,319 28,228 \$ 42,547 | 2,013 | \$ 2,313 2,170 \$ 4,483 |
| Long-term liabilitie outstanding Other liabilities | | \$ 19,177 1,440 | \$ 65 <u>535</u> | \$ 63 442 | \$ 19,998 | \$ 19,240 | \$ 149 534 | \$ 148 |
| Total liabilities Net assets: | <u>\$ 20,862</u> | <u>\$ 20,617</u> | <u>\$ 600</u> | <u>\$ 505</u> | <u>\$ 21,462</u> | \$ 21,122 | \$ 683 | <u>\$ 1,466</u> |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | \$ 6,955 | \$ 7,378 | \$ 2,036 | \$ 1,922 | \$ 8,991 | \$ 9,300 | \$ 2,013 | \$ 2,170 |
| Restricted | 1,479 | 1,314 | _ | _ | 1,479 | 1,314 | _ | _ |
| Unrestricted Total net assets | 9,721 \$ 18,155 | 9,977 \$ 18,669 | 1,204 \$ 3,240 | 834 \$ 2,756 | 10,925 \$ 21,396 | 10,811 \$ 21,425 | 810 \$ 2,823 | 847 \$ 3,017 |

An additional portion of the City's primary government net assets (8 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the primary government's *unrestricted net assets* (\$10,925,019) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's primary government is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business like activities.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities for the City's primary government represent 85% of the City's net assets. Over the past fiscal year, the City revenues and expenses for both governmental and business-type activities as well as the School Board component units are as follows:

City of Lexington's Changes in Net Assets as of June 30, 2011 and 2010 (In Thousands)

| | | nmental ivities | | ess-type i <u>vities</u> | To <u>Primar</u> | tal ry Gov <u>'t</u> | School Compo | Board nent Unit |
|---|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| | <u>2011</u> | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | 2010 | <u>2011</u> | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2010</u> |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Program Revenues Chgs. for svcs. | | \$ 1,114 | \$ 5,209 | \$ 4,733 | \$ 6,258 | \$ 5,847 | \$ 232 | \$ 233 |
| Operating grants and contributions Capital grants | 1,256 | 1,327 | _ | _ | 1,256 | 1,327 | 3,041 | 3,493 |
| and contributions General revenues: | 126 | 119 | _ | 40 | 126 | 159 | _ | _ |
| Property taxes Other taxes | 4,309 2,688 | 4,607 3,000 | _ _ | _ | 4,309 2,688 | 4,607 3,000 | _ | _ |
| Grants and contributions not restricted to | | | | | | | | |
| specific programs Other | 938 2,308 | 603 4,374 | | | 938 2,308 | 603 4,374 | <u>3,871</u> | 1,878 |
| Total revenues | 12,674 | <u>\$ 15,144</u> | <u>\$ 5,209</u> | <u>\$ 4,773</u> | <u>\$17,883</u> | <u>\$19,917</u> | <u>\$ 7,144</u> | <u>\$ 5,604</u> |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| General Gov't. | 1,222 | \$ 1,292 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 1,222 | \$ 1,292 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Judicial Admin. | 264 | 258 | _ | _ | 264 | 258 | _ | _ |
| Public Safety | 2,569 | 2,586 | _ | _ | 2,569 | 2,586 | _ | _ |
| Public Works | 3,046 | 2,971 | _ | _ | 3,046 | 2,971 | _ | _ |
| Health & Welfare | 751 | 652 | _ | _ | 751 | 652 | _ | _ |
| Education | 3,008 | 1,874 | _ | _ | 3,008 | 1,874 | 7,338 | 5,916 |
| Parks, Rec. & Cultural | 530 | 600 | _ | _ | 530 | 600 | _ | _ |
| Community Development | 1,196 | 716 | _ | _ | 1,196 | 716 | _ | _ |
| Nondepartmental | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Interest on Debt | 602 | 562 | _ | _ | 602 | 562 | _ | _ |

| Water & Sewer Utility | | | 4,724 | 4,510 | 4,724 | 4,510 | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Total Expenses | <u>\$ 13,188</u> | <u>\$ 11,511</u> | <u>\$ 4,724</u> | <u>\$ 4,510</u> | <u>\$17,912</u> | <u>\$ 16,021</u> | <u>\$7,338</u> | <u>\$ 5,916</u> |
| Changes in net assets Net assets | -514 | 3,633 | 485 | 263 | -29 | 3,896 | -194 | -312 |
| beginning of year | 18,669 | 15,037 | 2,755 | 2,492 | 21,424 | 17,529 | 3,017 | 3,329 |
| Net assets end of year | <u>\$ 18,155</u> | <u>\$ 18,670</u> | <u>\$ 3,240</u> | <u>\$ 2,755</u> | <u>\$21,395</u> | <u>\$ 21,425</u> | <u>\$ 2,823</u> | <u>\$ 3,017</u> |

Governmental Revenues:

- Property tax collections are down 1% or \$48,334. City Council raised the tax rate of \$0.65/\$100 of assessed value to \$0.70/\$100 of assessed value to support the FY 11 budgetary needs. A four-year reassessment of real property taxes completed in FY 10 became effective in FY 11 lowering overall assessed values by 4.5%.
- Other local taxes are up \$23,483 or 1% for the current fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. The local sales and use taxes are up \$13,025 or 2%. The business license tax collections are down \$20,724 or 4%. Also, the motor vehicle license tax is down \$27,786 or 100% due to the elimination of this tax on January 1, 2010. The City overall local taxes did well considering the deep recession that continues to negatively impact the state, national, and international economy.
- The meals tax increased \$24,309 or 4%. The bank stock tax increased \$23,767 or 21%.
- The market interest earnings rate of return for investments remained drastically low allowing only a modest increase of \$9,936 or 11% from use of money and property.
- Permits and license's revenue decreased \$44,183 or 44% due to the slow economy affecting construction projects for the City.
- Landfill charges for services decreased \$47,677 or 26% due to less tonnage disposal from construction contractors, as well as the reduced tonnage resulting from the City's recycling efforts.
- The City's major governmental sources of revenue are as follows:

| | <u>Amount</u> | Percent of Total Revenue |
|------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| General property taxes | \$ 4,400,432 | 34% |
| Other local taxes | 2,688,313 | 21% |
| Charges for services | 893,686 | 7% |
| Miscellaneous | 2,119,644 | 16% |
| Recovered costs | 155,042 | 1% |
| Intergovernmental | 2,319,708 | 18% |
| | | |

Governmental Expenses:

- Increases in operational expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for basic services. The governmental expenses totaled \$14,426,819 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. The governmental expenses include \$22,142 in equipment replacement expenses from the restricted equipment replacement fund balance.
- General government administration expenses decreased \$26,706 or 2%. All of this
 decrease is attributable to the contract cost for the City's four year reassessment of real
 estate properties in FY 10.
- The primary government's education expenses decreased \$5,999,776 or 61% from \$9,868,342 in FY 10 to \$3,868,566 in FY 11. Last fiscal year, the City provided \$7,508,310 in bond proceeds versus only \$1,500,000 worth of bond proceeds to pay for capital construction costs of a fully renovated middle school and administration annex plus an addition needed to meet future facility requirements for the local school system. The City and local schools did not give any pay raises in FY 11 for a second consecutive year to alleviate decreasing local and state revenue trends.
- Public safety expenses are down \$66,828 or 3% from \$2,585,157 in FY 10 to \$2,518,329 in FY 11. The City purchased one police vehicle for \$22,142. The fire department and first aid operations consolidated on March 1, 2011 under the fire department to generate operational savings from operating at one location as opposed to two locations previously.
- Public works expenses are down \$64,692 or 10% from \$2,648,552 in FY 10 to \$2,583,860 in FY 11. This decrease is mostly attributable to less solid waste disposal costs due to less tonnage being received from contractors in the construction business. Also, the City's increased recycling efforts continue to reduce the tonnage disposed of at the regional landfill. Last, the City generated a savings of about \$42,461in the change of staffing to support the solid waste refuse and recycling collection services beginning in January of 2010. This expense reduction totals \$94,461 for labor and fringe benefit cost savings from FY 09 to FY 11 for the City's refuse collection and recycling programs.
- Health and welfare costs increased \$98,539 or 15% due to increased cases covered under the state mandated client services for public assistance to children needing institutional education and special needs care.
- Parks, recreation, and cultural operating expenditures are down \$142,212 or 24%. The
 City purchased land next to a recreational property in FY 10 for a total cost of \$127,052 and
 no property was acquired in FY 11 providing a significant decrease in expenditures for this
 function of local government services for FY 11.
- Capital costs are down \$35,370 or 14%. The City completed some underground utility services in its downtown area to support commercial properties for a cost of \$130,879 and began the planning for a residential housing project using a \$24,403 Community Development Block planning grant from the state.
- Community development expenditures are up \$458,158 or 64%. The City entered an
 agreement with a local business to refurbish an old historic hotel in the main downtown
 central business district for a local contribution of \$498,920 in FY 10. The City plans to
 offer additional support in FY 11 for an additional \$183,500 to meet the financial terms of
 the hotel renovation agreement.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities contribute to the City of Lexington's net assets by \$3,240,355 accounting for 15% of the total primary government net assets. In FY 10, the City increased water and sewer rates by 20% to support cash flow needs for both operating and capital expenses of the water and sewer enterprise fund. No water and sewer rates were increased in FY 11. Total revenues of \$5,208,727 exceeded total expenses of \$4,723,721 by \$485,006 or 10% resulting in an increase in net assets.

Other significant items to note include:

- Electrical costs for the Maury Service Authority (MSA) water and wastewater plants increased \$58,166 or 22% from \$262,508 in FY 10 to \$320,735 in FY 11. The majority of this increase is due to increased electrical service to support the upgraded MSA wastewater treatment plant that went online in FY 11. Also, chemical supply costs for both the upgraded wastewater facility and water plant increased \$37,056 or 56%. Equipment rental costs totaling \$17,019 were necessary to rent a sludge press to process sludge during a very wet Spring season, in order to meet environmental standards at the MSA wastewater treatment plant. The City purchased more water from the MSA water plant to serve consumers for an increased cost of \$32,403 or 5%. Last, the City contracted an emergency repair for a major waterline leak for a cost of \$17,095.
- Three sewer slipline projects cost for the City \$117,083 extending the life of these sewer lines by twenty years.
- A major waterline improvement construction in progress in the central business district servicing the West Nelson Street area cost \$73,602. Also, the City began a residential waterline improvement project on Taylor Street for a construction in progress cost of \$24,005.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds. As noted earlier, the City uses a fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,409,636, an increase of \$8,161 in comparison with the prior year. A total of \$844,658 is committed for the City's future General Fund equipment replacement purchases. The City committed fire department funds totaling \$47,178 and first aid funds totaling \$313,308 to be used exclusively for the specific needs of the volunteer fire department or first aid members subject to City Council's appropriation. A total of \$247,525 is assigned for the carryover of committed projects not completed as of June 30, 2011 in the General Fund. A total of \$267,019 is committed for other capital project needs. A total of \$7,206,302 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been approved for cemetery maintenance or other miscellaneous ongoing projects not completed as of June 30, 2011.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Lexington. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$7,206,302, a decrease of \$673,409 in comparison with the prior year. Most of this decrease is attributable to the City's \$498,920 contribution to the previously mentioned agreement to support the renovation of a historic hotel in the City's central business district.

The remainder of the decrease is due to the City absorbing continued reductions in state and federal revenue since FY 09. In FY 11, state and federal revenue sources decreased \$95,620 or 5%. These reductions hinder the City's ability to support basic City services such as law enforcement, constitutional offices for the commissioner of revenue and treasurer, the electoral board and registrar, the state juvenile criminal crime control act, and public assistance programs. As a measure of the adequacy of this fund balance, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance, to total fund expenditures and other uses of financing sources. Unassigned fund balance represents 52% or more than six months worth of total general fund expenditures and other uses of financing sources.

The City annually updates a five-year capital improvement plan and appropriates the funds necessary to support the ensuing fiscal year's capital projects. Capital projects for the water and sewer enterprise fund and the separate component units of the school, central dispatch, regional tourism, and recreation organization funds are appropriated within each respective fund. However, the City capital projects dependent upon general fund financial resources are appropriated in a separate capital projects governmental fund.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the committed fund balance of the capital projects fund, excluding carryover commitments for June 30, 2011 was \$4,270, a decrease of \$2,380. The City expenses for capital projects are minimal for the past year to allow affordability to deal with the City's financial constraints presented by reduced state revenue sources. Also, the City is waiting for improved economic conditions to bring positive revenue trends to support overall operating and capital budgeting needs.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the utility fund (water and sewer services) at the end of the year amounted to \$1,204,415, an increase of \$370,308 or 44% in comparison with the prior year. Other factors concerning the finances of the proprietary fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Governmental Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget of \$13,222,556 and the final amended budget of \$16,201,387 reflects an increase in appropriation for \$2,978,831. Items of significance that are worthy to note are as follows:

•City Council carried over from FY 10 to FY 11 \$616,505 for ongoing projects or activities that could not be completed by June 30, 2010. Most of the carryover totaling \$530,405 is for capital projects related to parks and recreation improvements and public works infrastructure improvements.

- •Under general administration, \$11,989 was transferred from the contingency account to purchase a check processing software module.
- •The City reallocated a budgetary savings of \$36,477 under judicial administration to meet excess mandated public assistance expenditures under the health and welfare division of expenditures.
- •The public works division of expenses carried over \$25,428 of state street maintenance funds for operating maintenance needs in FY 11. Also, the City received an additional \$21,048 in state street maintenance funds that needed to be appropriated.
- •Under the community development budget, the City carried over \$16,693 to support professional services. Also, a \$27,000 anonymous contribution was appropriated to hire a part-time employee to support a future housing project planned for the City housing program. A total of \$10,334 of contingency funds was transferred to support cost overruns for two residential houses under the housing program.
- •The City allocated from the unassigned fund balance \$682,420 to provide a contribution for a hotel renovation project in its central business district in accordance to an agreement with a local business. Last, a community development block planning grant for \$21,043 is appropriated to provide support for the planning phase of a future housing project application for a community development block grant.
- •Under nondepartmental, the City appropriated \$90,000 for a debt service principal payment on the 2010 general obligation bond issue. Also, the City transferred to the school fund \$1,500,000 of bond proceeds received from the 2010 bond issuance to support a middle school construction project.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Governmental fund capital asset additions for \$9,064,351 included one equipment replacement item for \$22,142. Also, the City accepted a parcel of land (.162 acres) from the new owners of the former Rockbridge Regional Courthouse valued at \$13,700. Other improvements in FY 11 include \$8,805 for a new computer server for the City's administrative computer services, \$8,210 for a new traffic controller to serve the intersection of N. Main and Diamond Streets, and \$9,005,294 for the completed middle school renovation and addition capital project. Last fiscal year, the City reported the middle school as construction in progress for a cost of \$7,994,734.

For business activities, the City completed three separate sewer slip line projects for a total cost of \$117,083. Under the separate component units, only central dispatch purchased capital additions. The Glasgow tower site costing \$47,417 and a \$27,667 radio repeater are added for a total increase of \$75,084 to the central dispatch fund general fixed assets for capital additions.

City of Lexington's Capital Assets (net of depreciation in thousands)

| | | <u>Pı</u> | rimary Go | ver | <u>nment</u> | | Co | mponen | t Units |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------|------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| | | nmental <u>vities</u> | | ines: ctivi | s-type <u>ties</u> | Total <u>Primar</u> | y Gov't <u>C</u> | | ol Board <u>t Unit</u> |
| | <u>2011</u> | <u>2010</u> | <u>201</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | 2010 |
| Land | \$ 2,707 | \$ 2,693 | \$ — | \$ | _ | \$ 2,707 | \$ 2,693 | \$ 5 | \$ 5 |
| Buildings | 17,989 | 9,367 | _ | | _ | 17,989 | 9,367 | 1,938 | 2,076 |
| Improvements | | | | | | | | | |
| other than building | s 922 | 990 | 129 | | 136 | 1,051 | 1,126 | _ | _ |
| Infrastructure | 2,934 | 3,038 | 1,557 | | 1,501 | 4,491 | 4,539 | _ | _ |
| Machinery & Equip. | 1,792 | 2,032 | 252 | | 284 | 2,044 | 2,316 | 71 | 89 |
| Construction in | | | | | | | | | |
| Progress | 287 | 192 | 98 | | | 385 | 192 | | 7,995 |
| Totals | \$ 26,631 | \$18,312 | \$ 2,036 | \$ | 1,921 | \$ 28,667 | \$ 20,233 | \$ 2,014 | \$10,165 |

Additional information on the City of Lexington's capital assets can be found in Note 11 to the financial statements.

Long-term debt. The City issued \$1,530,000 in general obligation bonds on July 8, 2010 to fund the construction of a renovated and expanded middle school. The bonds were issued by the Virginia Public School Authority as qualified school construction bonds netting \$30,000 from the bond proceeds for bond issuance costs. As of June 30, 2011, the City reports a total of \$125,210 remaining in unexpended bond proceeds inclusive of interest earnings. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Lexington had total bonded debt outstanding of \$20,410,294. All of the City's debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

City of Lexington's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds

| | <u>2011</u> | <u>2010</u> |
|--------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Governmental activities | \$20,410,294 | \$ 19,715,000 |
| Business-type activities | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | \$20,410,294 | \$ 19,715,000 |

The City's total general obligation debt increased by \$695,294 or 4% during the current fiscal year. The City maintains an "A1" rating from Moody's for general obligation debt. State statutes' limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Lexington is \$58,213,325 which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City of Lexington's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 and 8 to the financial statements. Also, additional information can be found in the statistical section under Tables 12 through 15.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

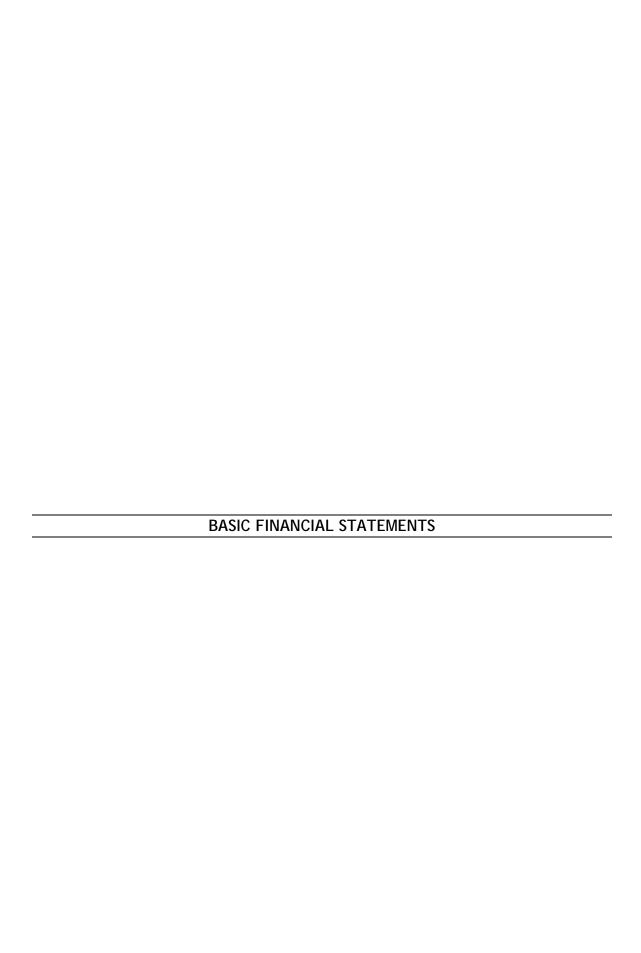
As of June 2011, the unemployment rate for the City of Lexington is 11.8%. This exceeds the United States average unemployment rate of 9.3%, and the state's average rate of 6.3%.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the general fund increased to \$7,206,302. The City of Lexington has appropriated \$2,066,500 of this amount for spending in the 2012 fiscal year budget. The General Fund is loaning \$1,200,000 to the water and sewer utility fund to support the purchase of a new electronic meter reading system for all of the City's water and sewer customers. Also, the City is restricting \$500,000 for future funding of a new elementary school planned for in the City's capital improvements for local schools. It is intended that this use of available fund balance will minimize the need to raise taxes or charges for services during the 2012 fiscal year.

The water and sewer utility fund rates were not increased for the 2011 budget year. The City issued a second ten percent (10%) increase in late FY 10 to offset decreasing consumption by the City's large consumers that continue to conserve on consumption.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Lexington's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, P. O. Box 922, City of Lexington, Virginia 24450.



City of Lexington, Virginia Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

| | | Pri | Drimary Coyornmont | tud | | | | | DCharles | | |
|---|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|------------|--------------|---------|------------------------------------|--|---------|------------------|
| | ı | | ilai y Governii | 1 | | | | , | Kockbridge | | |
| | S & | Governmental <u>Activities</u> | Business-type Activities | | Total | School Board | Central | A _I Central Dispatch | Area Recreation <u>Organization</u> | Regiona | Regional Tourism |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | s | | \$ 673,430 | \$ | | \$ 1,190,408 | s | ٠. | • | s | 415,860 |
| Cash in custody of others | | 223,987 | | | 223,987 | • | | | • | | • |
| Investments | | 8,377,360 | | | 8,377,360 | 48,707 | | | • | | • |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes receivable | | 670,014 | | | 670,014 | • | | | • | | • |
| Accounts receivable | | 363,965 | 1,130,582 | 7 | 1,494,547 | • | | 118,947 | 51,416 | | 820 |
| Due from component unit | | 95,646 | | | 95,646 | • | | | • | | • |
| Due from other governmental units | | 697,225 | | | 697,225 | 253,531 | | 20,222 | • | | • |
| Prepaid expenses | | 104,062 | | | 104,062 | | | | • | | • |
| Deferred charges | | 316,238 | | | 316,238 | • | | | • | | ٠ |
| Restricted assets: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Permanently restricted: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 318,047 | | | 318,047 | • | | | • | | • |
| Investments | | 1,057,267 | | | 1,057,267 | • | | | • | | ٠ |
| Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Land | | 2,707,159 | | | 2,707,159 | 4,550 | | | • | | • |
| Buildings | | 17,989,019 | | | 17,989,019 | 1,937,712 | | | • | | • |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 922,142 | 128,775 | 2 | 1,050,917 | • | | | • | | • |
| Machinery and equipment | | 1,791,910 | 252,536 | 9 | 2,044,446 | 71,094 | | 585,283 | 23,637 | | • |
| Infrastructure | | 2,934,038 | 1,557,022 | 7 | 4,491,060 | • | | | • | | • |
| Construction in progress | | 287,015 | 97,607 | 7 | 384,622 | • | | | • | | • |
| Total assets | s | 39,017,833 | 3,839,952 | \$ 2 | 42,857,785 | \$ 3,506,002 | \$ | 724,452 \$ | 75,053 | s | 416,680 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | s | 415.789 | 500,353 | s S | | 5 114,169 | s | 33.701 \$ | 1.230 | s | 8,199 |
| Payroll liabilities | | 328,538 | | | 328,538 | | | | | | |
| Contracts payable | | • | | | • | 340,974 | | | • | | • |
| Accrued interest payable | | 39,224 | | | 39,224 | • | | | • | | ٠ |
| Due to primary government | | • | | | • | • | | 70,046 | 25,600 | | • |
| Due to other governmental units | | | | | • | • | | | 3,155 | | • |
| Unearned revenue | | 54,020 | | | 54,020 | 42,325 | | | • | | • |
| Deposits held in escrow | | • | 34,368 | ω. | 34,368 | • | | | • | | • |
| Unearned grant revenue | | 91,898 | | | 91,898 | • | | • | • | | • |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Due within one year | | 861,792 | 6,488 | ~ | 868,280 | 10,060 | | 2,564 | 2,396 | | 2,284 |
| Due in more than one year | | 19,071,141 | 58,388 | 00 | 19,129,529 | 139,248 | | 23,079 | 21,566 | | 20,553 |
| Total liabilities | s | 20,862,402 | \$ 599,597 | \$ 2 | 21,461,999 | \$ 682,745 | \$ | 129,390 \$ | 53,947 | s | 31,036 |
| NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | s | 6,955,451 | \$ 2,035,940 | \$ | 8,991,391 | \$ 2,013,356 | s | 585,283 \$ | 23,637 | s | |
| Restricted | | 1,479,376 | | | 1,479,376 | • | | | 13,287 | | • |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | | 9,720,604 | 1,204,415 | 2 | 10,925,019 | 809,901 | | 6,779 | (15,818) | _ | 385,644 |
| Total net assets | \$ | 18,155,431 | \$ 3,240,355 | \$ \$ | 21,395,786 | \$ 2,823,257 | \$. | 595,062 \$ | 21,106 | \$ | 385,644 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Lexington, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| | | | | | | | | Ne | t (Expense) | Net (Expense) Revenue and | pu | | | ĺ |
|--|---|-------------------|--|--------------------|------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------|------------------|---|----------|-----------|
| | | _ | Program Revenues | Se | | Prim | Primary Government | | cilanges in | cianges in rect Assets | Component Units | t Units | | |
| Functions/Programs | Fxnenses | Charges for | Operating Grants and | Capital Grants and | 09 | Governmental B | Business-type | Total | School | School Roard | Central Dispatch | Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization | Regional | inal |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | 2 |
| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: General government administration | \$ 1,221,760 | \$ 57,615 | \$ 154,878 | · • | s | (1,009,267) | · · | (1,009,267) | s | , | s | s | s | |
| Judicial administration | 264,262 | - | | | | (103,203) | | (103,203) | | | | | | |
| Public safety | 2,569,041 | 414,852 | 2 | • | | (1,943,395) | | (1,943,395) | | • | | • | | |
| Public works | 3,046,104 | 369,631 | 2 | • | | (2,133,071) | | (2,133,071) | | | | • | | |
| Health and welfare | 751,343 | 4,295 | | • | | (496,097) | | (496,097) | | | | • | | |
| Education | 3,008,094 | | | • | | (3,008,094) | | (3,008,094) | | ٠ | • | • | | |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | 529,560 | 98,612 | 5,000 | • | | (425,948) | | (425,948) | | ٠ | • | • | | |
| Community development | 1,195,704 | | | 125,978 | | (1,035,483) | | (1,035,483) | | | • | • | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | | • | | | | (602,085) | | (602,085) | | ٠ | • | • | | |
| Total governmental activities | \$ 13,187,953 | \$ 1,049,425 | \$ 1,255,907 | \$ 125,978 | s | (10,756,643) \$ | \$ - | (10,756,643) | s | | - \$ | - \$ | \$ | |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Utility Fund | \$ 4,723,721 | \$ 5,208,727 | \$ | \$ | s | \$ | 485,006 \$ | 485,006 | s | , | • | · • | \$ | |
| Total primary government | \$ 17,911,674 | \$ 6,258,152 | | \$ 125,978 | ! ! ! ! | (10,756,643) \$ | 485,006 \$ | (10,271,637) | \$ | - | ٠- \$ | - \$ | \$ | |
| COMPONENT UNITS: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| School Board | \$ 7,337,936 | \$ 231,915 | \$ 3,040,606 | s | s | \$ | \$ | • | \$ | (4,065,415) \$ | , | • | \$ | |
| Central Dispatch | 350,815 | | | • | | | | • | | | (236,796) | • | | |
| Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization | 213,854 | 99,415 | • | • | | • | | • | | • | • | (114,439) | | |
| Regional Tourism | | 8,898 | | | | | | | | | | | (12 | (123,634) |
| Total component units | \$ 8,035,137 | \$ 340,228 | \$ 3,154,625 | - \$ | s | \$ - | \$ - | • | \$ | (4,065,415) \$ | (236,796) | \$ (114,439) | \$ (12 | (123,634) |
| | General revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | General property taxes | y taxes | | | s | 4,308,701 \$ | \$ | 4,308,701 | s | , | • | • | \$ | |
| | Other local taxes: | S: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Local sales and use taxes | d use taxes | | | | 785,995 | | 785,995 | | | | • | | |
| | Consumers' utility taxes | ility taxes | | | | 312,810 | | 312,810 | | | | • | | |
| | Business license taxes | se taxes | | | | 513,546 | | 513,546 | | | • | • | | |
| | Restaurant food taxes | od taxes | | | | 644,721 | | 644,721 | | | | | | |
| | Hotel and motel room taxes | el room taxes | | | | 217,279 | | 217,279 | | | • | • | | |
| | Other local taxes | xex | | | | 213,962 | | 213,962 | | | • | • | | |
| | Unrestricted revenues from use of money | enues from use | of money and pr | and property | | 188,344 | | 188,344 | | 1,909 | 889 | 69 | | |
| | Miscellaneous | | | | | 391,054 | | 391,054 | | 1,058 | 2,000 | 26,339 | _ | 14,134 |
| | Revenue sharing payments | payments | | | | 1,728,590 | | 1,728,590 | | | | • | | |
| | Payments from the City of Lexington | the City of Lexin | ngton | | | | | • | , | 3,868,566 | 172,028 | 84,822 | 18 | 180,904 |
| | Grants and conti | ributions not re | Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs | ic programs | | 937,823 | | 937,823 | | | | • | | |
| | Total general revenues | venues | | | s | | | 10,242,825 | | | | _ | | 195,038 |
| | Change in net assets | ets | | | s | (513,818) \$ | 485,006 \$ | (28,812) | s | _ | \$ (62,080) | \$ (3,209) | \$ | 71,404 |
| | Net assets - beginning | ning | | | , | | | 21,424,598 | | | | 24,315 | | 314,240 |
| | Net assets - ending | ര | | | s | 18,155,431 \$ | 3,240,355 \$ | 21,395,786 | ^ | 2,823,257 \$ | 595,062 | \$ 21,106 | \$ 38 | 385,644 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Lexington, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

| | | <u>General</u> | | Capital <u>Projects</u> | | <u>Permanent</u> | | <u>Total</u> |
|---|-------------------|----------------|----|----------------------------|----|------------------|----|--------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 162,739 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 162,739 |
| Cash in custody of others | | - | | 223,987 | | - | | 223,987 |
| Investments | | 8,341,119 | | - | | - | | 8,341,119 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | : | | | | | | | |
| Taxes receivable | | 670,014 | | - | | - | | 670,014 |
| Accounts receivable | | 363,965 | | - | | - | | 363,965 |
| Due from component unit | | 95,646 | | - | | - | | 95,646 |
| Due from other governmental units | | 637,488 | | 59,737 | | - | | 697,225 |
| Prepaid items | | 104,062 | | - | | - | | 104,062 |
| Restricted assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Permanently restricted: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | - | | - | | 318,047 | | 318,047 |
| Investments | | - | | - | | 1,057,267 | | 1,057,267 |
| Total assets | \$ | 10,375,033 | \$ | 283,724 | \$ | 1,375,314 | \$ | 12,034,071 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | 403,354 | \$ | 12,435 | \$ | - | \$ | 415,789 |
| Payroll liabilities | • | 328,538 | • | - | • | - | • | 328,538 |
| Deferred revenue | | 788,210 | | - | | - | | 788,210 |
| Deferred grant revenue | | 91,898 | | - | | - | | 91,898 |
| | \$ | 1,612,000 | \$ | 12,435 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,624,435 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | 104,062 | \$ | _ | \$ | 180,562 | \$ | 284,624 |
| Restricted | Ļ | 104,002 | ڔ | _ | ۲ | 1,194,752 | ڔ | 1,194,752 |
| Committed | | 1,205,144 | | 271,289 | | 1,174,732 | | 1,476,433 |
| Assigned | | 247,525 | | 271,207 | | _ | | 247,525 |
| Unassigned | | 7,206,302 | | _ | | _ | | 7,206,302 |
| Total fund balances | ς . | 8,763,033 | \$ | 271,289 | \$ | 1,375,314 | \$ | 10,409,636 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | , ς | 10,375,033 | \$ | 283,724 | \$ | 1,375,314 | \$ | 12,034,071 |
| | , | 10,373,033 | ڔ | 203,724 | ڔ | 1,373,314 | ٧ | 12,034,071 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Lexington, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are

| different because: | |
|---|---------------|
| Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds | \$ 10,409,636 |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | 26,631,283 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. | 734,190 |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as employee benefits, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of | |
| net assets. | 36,241 |
| Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | (19,655,919) |
| Net assets of governmental activities | \$ 18,155,431 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Lexington, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| | | | | Capital | | | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|----|-----------------|----------|------------------|----|--------------|
| | | <u>General</u> | | <u>Projects</u> | <u> </u> | <u>Permanent</u> | | <u>Total</u> |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | \$ | 4,400,432 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 4,400,432 |
| Other local taxes | | 2,688,313 | | - | | - | | 2,688,313 |
| Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses | | 55,990 | | - | | - | | 55,990 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 99,749 | | - | | - | | 99,749 |
| Revenue from the use of money and property | | 103,997 | | - | | 84,347 | | 188,344 |
| Charges for services | | 893,686 | | - | | - | | 893,686 |
| Miscellaneous | | 2,119,644 | | - | | - | | 2,119,644 |
| Recovered costs | | 155,042 | | - | | - | | 155,042 |
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Commonwealth | | 2,129,144 | | 24,403 | | - | | 2,153,547 |
| Federal | | 40,183 | | 125,978 | | - | | 166,161 |
| Total revenues | \$ | 12,686,180 | \$ | 150,381 | \$ | 84,347 | \$ | 12,920,908 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current: General government administration | \$ | 1,177,305 | \$ | | \$ | | Ś | 1,177,305 |
| Judicial administration | ڔ | 266,021 | ڔ | - | ڔ | _ | ڔ | 266,021 |
| Public safety | | 2,518,329 | | - | | _ | | 2,518,329 |
| Public works | | 2,518,329 | | 142,791 | | _ | | 2,726,651 |
| Health and welfare | | 750,685 | | 142,791 | | - | | 750,685 |
| Education | | 3,868,566 | | - | | - | | 3,868,566 |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | | 458,663 | | 51,624 | | 45,932 | | 556,219 |
| Community development | | 1,169,589 | | 24,403 | | 43,732 | | 1,193,992 |
| Debt service: | | 1,109,309 | | 24,403 | | _ | | 1,173,772 |
| Principal retirement | | 834,706 | | _ | | _ | | 834,706 |
| Interest and other fiscal charges | | 534,345 | | _ | | _ | | 534,345 |
| Total expenditures | Ś | 14,162,069 | \$ | 218,818 | \$ | 45,932 | ς | 14,426,819 |
| rotat experiatares | - | 14,102,007 | ٠, | 210,010 | ڔ | 73,732 | ڔ | 14,420,017 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ | (1,475,889) | \$ | (68,437) | \$ | 38,415 | \$ | (1,505,911) |
| | | | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$ | - | \$ | 154,500 | \$ | 22,750 | \$ | 177,250 |
| Transfers out | | (193,178) | | - | | - | | (193,178) |
| Issuance of general obligation bonds | | 1,530,000 | | - | | - | | 1,530,000 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$ | 1,336,822 | \$ | 154,500 | \$ | 22,750 | \$ | 1,514,072 |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ | (139,067) | ċ | 86,063 | \$ | 61,165 | \$ | 8,161 |
| Fund balances - beginning | Ą | 8,902,100 | Ç | 185,226 | ڔ | 1,314,149 | Ş | 10,401,475 |
| Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending | \$ | 8,763,033 | \$ | 271,289 | \$ | 1,375,314 | ς. | 10,401,473 |
| ו מוום שמנמווככם בוומוווצ | ڔ | 0,703,033 | ڔ | 211,207 | ڔ | 1,3/3,314 | ڔ | 10,707,030 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(513,818)

City of Lexington, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Ś Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 8,161 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. 324,971 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are (91,731)not reported as revenues in the funds. The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. (695, 294)Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current (59,925)financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net assets of governmental activities

City of Lexington, Virginia Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund June 30, 2011

| June 30, 2011 | | Enterprise | | | |
|--|----|-------------|----|--------------|--|
| | | • | | ntornol | |
| | | Fund | | Internal | |
| | | Utility | | Service | |
| | | <u>Fund</u> | | <u>Funds</u> | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 673,430 | \$ | - | |
| Investments | | - | | 84,948 | |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles | | 1,130,582 | | - | |
| Total current assets | \$ | 1,804,012 | \$ | 84,948 | |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | | |
| Capital assets: | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ | 113,405 | \$ | - | |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (113,405) | | - | |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 442,708 | | - | |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (313,933) | | - | |
| Machinery and equipment | | 432,698 | | - | |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (180,162) | | - | |
| Infrastructure | | 3,410,403 | | - | |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (1,853,381) | | - | |
| Construction in progress | | 97,607 | | - | |
| Total capital assets | \$ | 2,035,940 | \$ | - | |
| Total noncurrent assets | \$ | 2,035,940 | \$ | - | |
| Total assets | \$ | 3,839,952 | \$ | 84,948 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 500,353 | \$ | - | |
| Compensated absences-current portion | | 6,488 | | - | |
| Deposits held in escrow | | 34,368 | | - | |
| Total current liabilities | \$ | 541,209 | \$ | - | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | |
| OPEB Liability | \$ | - | \$ | 84,948 | |
| Compensated absences - net of current portion | • | 58,388 | • | - | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | \$ | 58,388 | \$ | 84,948 | |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 599,597 | \$ | 84,948 | |
| NET ASSETS | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | \$ | 2,035,940 | \$ | - | |
| Unrestricted | • | 1,204,415 | | - | |
| Total net assets | _ | 3,240,355 | \$ | | |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Lexington, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| | E | Enterprise | | | |
|---|----|-------------|----------|--------------|--|
| | | Fund | Internal | | |
| | | Utility | Service | | |
| | | <u>Fund</u> | | <u>Funds</u> | |
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | |
| Water and sewer revenues | \$ | 5,208,727 | \$ | - | |
| Total operating revenues | \$ | 5,208,727 | \$ | - | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | |
| Administration | \$ | 118,858 | \$ | - | |
| Water treatment plant | | 621,374 | | - | |
| Water treatment | | 4,593 | | - | |
| Water distribution | | 949,436 | | - | |
| Wastewater collection | | 1,699,110 | | - | |
| MSA - Wastewater plant | | 1,040,085 | | - | |
| Inflow and infiltration | | 59,424 | | - | |
| Public Works Personnel | | 59,952 | | - | |
| Internal services | | 70,897 | | - | |
| Other post employment benefits | | - | | 18,658 | |
| Depreciation | | 99,992 | | - | |
| Total operating expenses | \$ | 4,723,721 | \$ | 18,658 | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 485,006 | \$ | (18,658) | |
| Capital contributions and construction grants | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| Transfers in | | - | | 18,658 | |
| Change in net assets | \$ | 485,006 | \$ | - | |
| Total net assets - beginning | | 2,755,349 | | - | |
| Total net assets - ending | \$ | 3,240,355 | \$ | - | |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Lexington, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| | Е | nterprise | | |
|--|----|-------------|----|--------------|
| | | Fund | ı | Internal |
| | | Utility | | Service |
| | | <u>Fund</u> | | <u>Funds</u> |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Receipts from customers and users | \$ | 5,212,262 | \$ | - |
| Payments to suppliers | | (3,042,184) | | - |
| Payments to and for employees | | (1,488,702) | | - |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ | 681,376 | \$ | - |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Transfers from other funds | \$ | - | \$ | 18,658 |
| Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing | | | | <u> </u> |
| activities | \$ | - | \$ | 18,658 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Additions to capital assets | \$ | (214,690) | \$ | - |
| Net cash provided (used) by capital and related | | | | |
| financing activities | \$ | (214,690) | \$ | - |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 466,686 | \$ | 18,658 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - beginning | | 206,744 | | 66,290 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - ending | \$ | 673,430 | \$ | 84,948 |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 485,006 | \$ | (18,658) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash | | <u> </u> | | |
| provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation expense | \$ | 99,992 | \$ | - |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable | | 2,185 | | - |
| Increase (decrease) in compensated absences | | 1,607 | | - |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable | | 91,236 | | - |
| Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability | | - | | 18,658 |
| Increase (decrease) customer deposits | | 1,350 | | - |
| Total adjustments | \$ | 196,370 | \$ | 18,658 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ | 681,376 | \$ | - |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the City of Lexington, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Lexington, Virginia (government) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the City's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

School Board - The Lexington City School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the City. School Board members are appointed by City Council. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the City because the City approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue its own financial report; therefore all of the School Board's financial information is presented within this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Central Dispatch - The Central Dispatch provides emergency response dispatch for the City of Lexington, the City of Buena Vista, and the County of Rockbridge Fire and Rescue departments and the Cities of Lexington, Buena Vista, and Virginia Military Institute Police departments. The City has determined this to be a component unit based on the opinion that its exclusion would render the basic financial statements misleading. The City does not exercise direct control over Central Dispatch's board or its annual budget, but does serve as fiscal agent. An annual budget is adopted for the Central Dispatch fund which accounts for the general operations of the emergency response dispatch activities. Financing is provided by funds from the Virginia Wireless Board Grant, as well as appropriations from the City of Lexington, the City of Buena Vista, the County of Rockbridge, and Virginia Military Institute. Central Dispatch consists of a governmental fund type and has been presented as a nonmajor component unit in this financial report. Central Dispatch does not issue separate financial statements. All of Central Dispatch's financial information is presented within this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization - The Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization (RARO) was formed by the City of Lexington and the County of Rockbridge to provide recreational activities for area youth. The Lexington City Council does not appoint any RARO Board Members. The City has significant influence over RARO's budget matters but does not exercise direct control over its board or annual budget. The City also serves as RARO's fiscal agent. The City has determined this to be a component unit because its exclusion would render the basic financial statements misleading. Financing is provided by appropriation from the City's General Fund by City Council. The City then bills the County of Rockbridge for the County's share of RARO's operations; this revenue is shown as a recovered cost in the General Fund of the City. RARO consists of a governmental fund type and has been presented as a nonmajor component unit in this financial report. RARO does not issue separate financial statements. All of RARO's financial information is presented within this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Regional Tourism - Regional Tourism serves to promote tourism in the Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista and the County of Rockbridge. The City of Lexington appoints two of the seven members to the governing board of Regional Tourism. The City does not exercise direct control over the Regional Tourism's board or its annual budget, but does serve as fiscal agent. The City has determined this to be a component unit because its exclusion would render the basic financial statements misleading. Regional Tourism is presented as a governmental fund type. Financing is provided by specific allocations from the state government, as well as appropriations from the Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista and the County of Rockbridge. Regional Tourism has been presented as a nonmajor component unit within this financial report. Regional Tourism does not issue separate financial statements. All of Regional Tourism's financial information is presented within this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Related Organizations - The City's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

The City Council appoints the Lexington Industrial Development Authority (IDA) Board which approves applications for IDA loans. However, IDA loans do not represent obligations of the City, are not for the purpose of financing City projects, nor does Council exercise control over daily operations.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Jointly Governed Organizations -

The Rockbridge Regional Library, Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission, Rockbridge Area Community Services Board, Rockbridge Social Services Board, Rockbridge Area Network Authority, Regional Transit System, Shenandoah Valley Juvenile Detention Home Commission, Rockbridge Area Regional IDA, and the Maury Service Authority are considered intergovernmental (joint) ventures and therefore their operations are not included in the City's financial report. The Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista and the County of Rockbridge provide financial support and appoint their governing Boards, in which is vested the administration and control over operations.

The Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista and the County of Rockbridge participate in the Solid Waste Authority of Rockbridge County which operates a regional landfill. The Authority is governed by a committee comprised of five members appointed by the participating jurisdictions. City Council appoints one member and has control over the budget and financing of the Authority only to the extent of representation by the committee member appointed; therefore the Authority's operations are not included in this financial report.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary fund. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the City.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for and reported in other funds.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

The government reports the following major governmental funds: (Continued)

The *Cemetery Trust Fund* (Permanent Fund) accounts for and reports investments and related earnings which are used to offset the cost of City cemeteries.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The City operates a sewage collection and treatment system and a water treatment plant and distribution system. The activities of the system are accounted for in the Utility Fund.

The *Internal Service Fund* accounts for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City government. The contributions for other postemployment benefits are accounted for in this fund.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by non-spendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on June 5^{th} and December 5^{th} . Personal property taxes are pro-rated. The City bills and collects its own property taxes.

4. Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market using the specific identification method. The only significant governmental fund-type inventory is the inventory of rehabilitated properties in the General Fund. The costs of these properties are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Changes in inventory amounts are offset directly to fund balance.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (Continued)

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$64,183 at June 30, 2011 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental, business-type activities and discretely presented component unit columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Infrastructure, buildings, improvements and construction projects in excess of \$20,000 per project are added to the City's capital assets. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the current or previous year.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Assets | Years |
|------------------------------------|---------|
| Buildings | 20 - 50 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 10 - 15 |
| Structures, lines, and accessories | 20 - 40 |
| Machinery and equipment | 2 - 20 |
| Infrastructure | 50 |

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (Continued)

8. Compensated Absences

Employees accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use. In the governmental funds, compensated absences for vacation leave are reported only if matured (unused, reimbursable leave, still outstanding following an employee's termination, resignation, death, or retirement). In the primary government and the discretely presented nonmajor component units - Central Dispatch, RARO, and Regional Tourism, an employee can accumulate from 24 to 42 days of vacation, based on years of service, and unlimited sick leave. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in governmental and proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. In the discretely presented component unit - school board, an employee can accumulate up to 28 days of vacation and 200 days of sick leave. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation or retirement. Compensated absences that are expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources are reported as expenditures and fund liabilities of the governmental fund that will pay it.

9. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Fund equity

Fund balances, presented in the governmental fund financial statements, represent the difference between assets and liabilities reported in a governmental fund. GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental funds. This new standard (implemented in 2011) has not affected the total amount of reported fund balances but has substantially changed the categories and terminology used to describe their components. GASB Statement No. 54 requires that fund balances be classified into categories based upon the type of restrictions imposed on the use

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (Continued)

10. Fund equity (Continued)

of funds. The City of Lexington, Virginia evaluated its funds at June 30, 2011 and classified fund balance into the following five categories:

<u>Non-spendable</u> -items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory.

<u>Restricted</u> -items that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation.

<u>Committed</u> -items that have been committed by formal action by the entity's "highest level of decision-making authority"; which the City of Lexington, Virginia considers to be the City Council.

<u>Assigned</u> -items that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The City of Lexington, Virginia considers this level of authority to be the City Council or any Committee granted such authority by the City Council.

Unassigned -this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them.

11. Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

12. Component Unit - School Board Capital Asset and Debt Presentation

By law, the School Board does not have taxing authority and, therefore, it cannot incur debt through general obligation bonds to fund the acquisition, construction or improvement to its capital assets. That responsibility lies with the local governing body who issues the debt on behalf of the School Board. However, the *Code of Virginia* requires the School Board to hold title to the capital assets (buildings and equipment) due to their responsibility for maintaining the asset.

In the Statement of Net Assets, this scenario presents a dilemma for the primary government. Debt issued on behalf of the School Board is reported as a liability of the primary government, thereby reducing the net assets of the primary government. The corresponding capital assets are reported as assets of the Component Unit - School Board (title holder), thereby increasing its net assets.

- D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (Continued)
 - 12. Component Unit School Board Capital Asset and Debt Presentation (Continued)

During the 2002 Virginia General Assembly session, the legislature amended the *Code of Virginia* to allow a tenancy in common with the School Board whenever the locality incurs a financial obligation which is payable over more than one fiscal year for any school property. The tenancy in common terminates when the associated debt has been paid in full. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of the school property related to any outstanding financial obligation, thus eliminating a potential deficit from financing capital assets with debt. The legislation also allows local governments to elect not to acquire a tenancy in common by adopting a resolution to that effect.

The City concluded that, while joint tenancy would resolve a deficit in the primary government's net assets, the continual computation process that would be required to allocate principal, interest, asset amount, and depreciation between the City and the School Board would be cumbersome and not provide any added benefit to the financial statements. Therefore, City Council adopted a resolution declining tenancy in common for current and future obligations.

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance-total* governmental funds and net assets-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of these (\$19,655,919), (\$149,308), and (\$72,442) differences for the primary government, discretely presented component unit - school board, and nonmajor component units, respectively, are as follows:

| | Primary Government | | Component Unit School Board | | Nonmajor Component Unit | |
|--|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|----------|
| Bonds payable | \$ | (20,410,294) | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Less: Discount on bond issuance | | 734,462 | | - | | - |
| Less: Bond issuance costs | | 316,238 | | - | | - |
| Accrued interest payable | | (39,224) | | - | | - |
| Compensated absences | | (220,860) | | (100,601) | | (72,442) |
| OPEB obligation | | (36,241) | | (48,707) | | - |
| Net adjustment to reduce <i>fund balance-total governmental funds</i> to arrive at | | | | | | |
| net assets-governmental activities | \$ | (19,655,919) | \$ | (149,308) | \$ | (72,442) |

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of these \$324,971, (\$156,600), and (\$26,409) differences for the primary government, discretely presented component unit - school board, and discretely presented nonmajor component units, respectively, are as follows:

| | • | | Component Unit School Board | | - | |
|--|----|------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|----|---------------------|
| Capital outlays Depreciation expenses | \$ | 1,164,615 (839,644) | \$ | (156,600) | \$ | 75,083 (101,492) |
| Net adjustment to increase (decrease) <i>net</i> changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities | \$ | 324,971 | \$ | (156,600) | \$ | (26,409) |

Another element of that reconciliation states "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this (\$695,294) difference in the primary government are as follows:

| Debt Issued or incurred: | |
|---|-------------------|
| General obligation debt | \$ (1,530,000) |
| Principal repayments: | |
| General obligation debt | \$ 834,706 |
| | |
| Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances-total | |
| governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental | |
| activities | \$ (695,294) |

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of these (\$59,925), \$1,798, and (\$10,293) differences for the primary government, discretely presented component unit - school board, and discretely presented nonmajor component units, respectively, are as follows:

| | Primary vernment | Component Unit School Board | | • | | onmajor onent Units |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----|--------------------|------------------------|
| (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in accrued interest Amortization of issuance costs | \$ 7,815 738 (68,478) | \$ | 1,798 - - | \$ | (10,293) - - | |
| Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities | \$ (59,925) | \$ | 1,798 | \$ | (10,293) | |

Note 3-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2011, the City did not have any expenditures in excess of appropriations. Appropriations are not required for the permanent fund; therefore none have been reported in the schedules.

B. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2011, there were no funds with deficit fund equity.

Note 4-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has an investment policy which limits the City's exposure to credit risk of investments. The City did not purchase any investments in 2011 that are outside the cemetery trust fund established to invest perpetual care funds for two cemeteries owned by the City. The City's investments at June 30, 2011 were held in the City's name by the City's custodial bank; except \$35,063 of U.S. Treasuries, \$495,042 of Mutual Fund Bonds, and \$647,031 of Common Stocks where the underlying securities were uninsured and held by the investment's counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the name of the City. The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is not exposed to custodial credit risk because its existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The City's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2011 were rated by Moody's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

| City's Rated Debt | nvest | ments' Value: | S |
|------------------------|-------|---------------|-----------|
| Rated Debt Investments | | Fair Quality | y Ratings |
| | | Aaa | Unrated |
| LGIP | \$ | 8,377,360 | \$ - |
| Bond Mutual Fund | | _ | 495,042 |

Note 4-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2011, the City did not have any investments meeting the GASB 40 definition requiring concentration of credit risk disclosures that exceeded 5% of total investments.

Interest Rate Risk

| | | | Maturity | Call |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|---------|
| Investment Type | Fair Value | | Date | Options |
| Mutual Fund Bonds: | | | | |
| Ridgeworth Fd-Seix Fltg Rt High Inc | \$ | 80,783 | Upon demand | None |
| Ridgeworth Fd-Intermediate BD | | 154,459 | Upon demand | None |
| Templeton Income TR Global BD FD | | 95,453 | Upon demand | None |
| PIMCO FDS Low Duration FD | | 94,268 | Upon demand | None |
| PIMCO Fds PAC Invt Mgmt Ser Invt | | 70,079 | Upon demand | None |
| LGIP | | 8,377,360 | Upon demand | None |

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury.

The City's investment policy encourages City officials to invest in funds that limit the City's credit risk, custodial credit risk, and interest rate risk.

Note 5-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

| | Primary Government | | Component Unit- School Board | | onmajor onent Units |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| Rockbridge County: | | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ | 155,042 | \$ | - | \$ - |
| Commonwealth of Virginia: | | | | | |
| Local sales tax | | 134,091 | | - | - |
| Communications sales and use tax | | 51,004 | | - | - |
| State sales tax | | - | | 73,237 | - |
| Categorical aid-shared expenses | | 12,510 | | - | - |
| Other categorical aid | | 2,262 | | 128,000 | 20,222 |
| Non-categorical aid | | 225,540 | | - | - |
| CDBG planning grant | | 24,403 | | - | - |
| Virginia public assistance funds | | 49,346 | | - | - |
| Federal Government: | | | | | |
| Categorical aid | | 43,027 | | - | - |
| School grants | | - | | 52,294 | - |
| Totals | \$ | 697,225 | \$ | 253,531 | \$ 20,222 |

Note 6-Interfund/Component Unit Obligations and Transfers:

Interfund/Component Unit Obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 consisted of the following:

| | | Due to Primary Government/ | | rom Primary ernment/ |
|--|------|-------------------------------|----|-------------------------|
| Fund | Comp | Component Unit | | onent Unit |
| Primary Government: General Fund | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ | 95,646 |
| Nonmajor Component Unit: Central Dispatch Rockbridge Area Recreation | \$ | 70,046 25,600 | \$ | - - |
| Total Nonmajor Component Unit | \$ | 95,646 | \$ | |

Note 6-Interfund/Component Unit Obligations and Transfers: (Continued)

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 consisted of the following:

| Fund | Transfers In | Transfers Out |
|--|------------------|---------------|
| Primary Government: General Fund | \$ - | \$ 193,178 |
| Capital Projects Fund | 154,500 | - |
| Cemetary Fund Internal Service Fund | 22,750 18,658 | - |
| Component Unit: | , | |
| School Board | | 2,730 |
| Total | \$ 195,908 | \$ 195,908 |

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them or (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 7-Long-Term Debt:

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness:

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

| Year Ending | General Obligation Bonds | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| June 30, | Principal | Interest | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | \$ 839,706 | \$ 495,033 | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | 849,706 | 484,951 | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 859,706 | 474,151 | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | 874,706 | 462,851 | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 884,706 | 451,051 | | | | | | | |
| 2017-2021 | 4,618,530 | 2,055,077 | | | | | | | |
| 2022-2026 | 5,018,530 | 1,646,261 | | | | | | | |
| 2027-2031 | 3,184,704 | 1,122,850 | | | | | | | |
| 2032-2036 | 3,280,000 | 425,500 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Totals | \$ 20,410,294 | \$ 7,617,725 | | | | | | | |

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2011.

| | Balance July 1, 2010 | Issuances | Retirements | Balance June 30, 2011 |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| General Obligation | | | | |
| Bonds | \$ 19,715,000 | \$ 1,530,000 | \$ (834,706) | \$ 20,410,294 |
| Less: Discount on Issuance | (786,924) | - | 52,462 | (734,462) |
| OPEB Obligation | 20,313 | 21,900 | (5,972) | 36,241 |
| Compensated Absences | 228,675 | 198,472 | (206,287) | 220,860 |
| | | | | |
| Total | \$ 19,177,064 | \$ 1,750,372 | \$ (994,503) | \$ 19,932,933 |

Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

| | Interest Rates | Issue Date | Final Maturity Date | Amount of Original Issue | Balance Governmental Activities | Dι | Amount ue Within One Year |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|
| General Obligation Bonds: | · | | | | | | |
| GO Bond | 3.5%-5% | 1/5/2006 | 2035 | \$ 12,000,000 | \$ 11,055,000 | \$ | 255,000 |
| GO Bond | 0.00% | 11/13/2009 | 2026 | 8,410,000 | 7,915,294 | | 494,706 |
| VPSA Bond | 0.00% | 7/8/2010 | 2027 | 1,530,000 | 1,440,000 | | 90,000 |
| Subtotal GO Bonds | | | | | 20,410,294 | | 839,706 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Less: Discount on Issuance | e | | | | (734,462) | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total GO Bonds | | | | | \$ 19,675,832 | \$ | 839,706 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Other Obligations: | | | | | | | |
| Compensated Absences | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | \$ 220,860 | \$ | 22,086 |
| OPEB Obligation | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | 36,241 | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total Other Obligations | | | | | \$ 257,101 | \$ | 22,086 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total Long-term debt | | | | | \$ 19,932,933 | \$ | 861,792 |

Compensated absences are liquidated by the City's general fund.

Primary Government-Enterprise Activity Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2011.

| | | alance | la. | | Da | | | Balance | |
|----------------------|------|-----------|-----------|--------|----|-----------|---------------|---------|--|
| | July | y 1, 2010 | Issuances | | Re | tirements | June 30, 2011 | | |
| Compensated Absences | \$ | 63,269 | \$ | 44,265 | \$ | (42,658) | \$ | 64,876 | |
| Total | \$ | 63,269 | \$ | 44,265 | \$ | (42,658) | \$ | 64,876 | |

Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (Continued)

Primary Government-Enterprise Activity Indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

| | Interest Rates | Issue Date | Final Maturity Date | Amount of Original Issue | Busi | Balance iness-type ctivities | Due | mount Within e Year |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|-----|---------------------------|
| Other Obligations: Compensated Absences | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | \$ | 64,876 | \$ | 6,488 |

Compensated absences are liquidated by the Utilities Fund.

Note 8-Long-Term Debt-Component Units:

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Indebtedness:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2011.

| | | Balance July 1, 2010 Issuances | | | Re | tirements | Balance June 30, 2011 | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|----|--------|----|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Compensated Absences OPEB Obligation | \$ | 102,399 45,977 | \$ | 60,600 | \$ | (1,798) (57,870) | \$ | 100,601 48,707 | |
| Total | \$ | 148,376 | \$ | 60,600 | \$ | (59,668) | \$ | 149,308 | |

Details of long-term indebtedness:

| | Interest Rates | Issue Date | Final Maturity Date | Amount of Original Issue | Gov | Balance vernmental activities | Du | Amount e Within ne Year |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|
| Other Obligations: | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated Absences | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | \$ | 100,601 | \$ | 10,060 |
| OPEB Obligation | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | | 48,707 | | |
| Total Other Obligations | | | | | \$ | 149,308 | \$ | 10,060 |

Compensated absences are liquidated by the School Fund.

Note 8-Long-Term Debt-Component Units: (Continued)

Discretely Presented Nonmajor Component Units:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Nonmajor Component Units for the year ended June 30, 2011.

| | В | alance | | | | | В | Balance |
|----------------------|-----|--------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|---------------|---------|
| | Jul | July 1, 2010 | | Issuances | | tirements | June 30, 2011 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated Absences | \$ | 62,149 | \$ | 50,733 | \$ | (40,440) | \$ | 72,442 |

Details of long-term indebtedness:

| | | | Final | Amount of | В | alance | Aı | mount |
|----------------------|----------|-------|-----------|-----------|------|-----------|-----|--------|
| | Interest | Issue | Maturity | Original | Gove | ernmental | Due | Within |
| | Rates | Date | Date | Issue | Ac | ctivities | On | e Year |
| Other Obligations: | | | · <u></u> | | | | | |
| Compensated Absences | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | \$ | 72,442 | \$ | 7,244 |

Compensated absences are liquidated by the nonmajor component unit which reports the liability.

Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees - Plan 1 and Plan 2:

Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least 10 years of service credit or at age 50 with at least five years of service credit.

Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.

Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by employer. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2010-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (Continued)

B. Funding Policy

Primary Government:

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the City of Lexington, Virginia is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The City of Lexington, Virginia's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2011 was 9.47% of annual covered payroll.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2011 was 0% of annual covered payroll.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2011, the City of Lexington, Virginia's annual pension cost of \$422,340 and \$0 was equal to the City of Lexington, Virginia's required and actual contributions for the City and the School Board Non-Professionals, respectively.

Three-Year Trend Information

| | Fiscal Year Ending | ear Pen | | Percentage of APC Contributed | Pen | et Ision gation |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|
| Primary Government: | | | | | ' | |
| City | 6/30/2011 | \$ | 422,340 | 100.00% | \$ | - |
| | 6/30/2010 | | 397,229 | 100.00% | | - |
| | 6/30/2009 | | 363,213 | 100.00% | | - |
| Discretely Presented-Component Unit: | | | | | | |
| School Board Non-Professional | 6/30/2011 | \$ | - | 100.00% | \$ | - |
| | 6/30/2010 | | - | 100.00% | | - |
| | 6/30/2009 | | 175 | 100.00% | | - |
| 1 | | | | | | |

¹ Employer portion only

Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (Continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost (Continued)

The FY 2011 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.5%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.5 % to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50%. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the City of Lexington, Virginia's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The City of Lexington, Virginia's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 20 years.

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Primary Government:

As of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 76.31% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$20,486,431, and the actuarial value of assets was \$15,632,479, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,853,952. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,374,190, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 110.97%.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

As of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 130.45% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$373,106, and the actuarial value of assets was \$486,719, resulting in an overfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of (\$113,613). The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$80,172, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was (141.71%).

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (Continued)

E. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees:</u>

Plan Description

The Lexington City School Board contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System. VRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State legislature. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/2010-annual-report.pdf or obtained by writing to the System at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the Code of Virginia and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution to the statewide cost sharing pool for professional employees was \$89,914, \$152,470, and \$216,971, for the fiscal years ended 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively. Employer contributions represented 3.93%, 6.25%, and 8.81%, of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

Note 10-Unearned Revenue:

Deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Deferred revenue totaling \$880,108 is comprised of the following:

<u>Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes totaling \$54,020 not due until December 5, 2011, but paid prior to June 30, 2011.

<u>Property Taxes Receivable</u> - Taxes billed and not due until after June 30, 2011, less amounts received 60 days after the period end totaled \$734,190.

<u>Grants</u> - Grant revenue collected by the City for various purposes that hasn't met the revenue criteria totaled \$91,898.

Note 11-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

Primary Government:

| | Beginning Balance Increases | | | | Decreases | | Ending Balance |
|---|--------------------------------|----|-----------|----|-------------|----|-------------------|
| Governmental Activities: | Datanee | | mereuses | | Decreases | | Datance |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 2,693,435 | \$ | 13,724 | \$ | - | Ś | 2,707,159 |
| Construction in progress | 8,186,775 | * | 158,629 | * | (8,058,389) | _ | 287,015 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | \$ 10,880,210 | \$ | 172,353 | \$ | | \$ | 2,994,174 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 11,020,609 | \$ | 9,005,294 | \$ | (24,000) | Ś | 20,001,903 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 1,383,335 | | - | · | - | • | 1,383,335 |
| Infrastructure | 5,089,552 | | - | | - | | 5,089,552 |
| Machinery and equipment | 5,606,212 | | 45,357 | | (92,139) | | 5,559,430 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | \$ 23,099,708 | \$ | 9,050,651 | \$ | (116,139) | \$ | 32,034,220 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ (1,653,561) | \$ | (383,323) | \$ | 24,000 | \$ | (2,012,884) |
| Improvements other than buildings | (393,793) | | (67,400) | | - | | (461,193) |
| Infrastructure | (2,052,038) | | (103,476) | | - | | (2,155,514) |
| Machinery and equipment | (3,574,214) | | (285,445) | | 92,139 | | (3,767,520) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ (7,673,606) | \$ | (839,644) | \$ | 116,139 | \$ | (8,397,111) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | \$ 15,426,102 | \$ | 8,211,007 | \$ | | \$ | 23,637,109 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 26,306,312 | \$ | 8,383,360 | \$ | (8,058,389) | \$ | 26,631,283 |

Note 11-Capital Assets: (Continued)

| <u>Primary Government</u> : (Continued) | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|----------------|----|----------|-------------------|
| | Beginning | | | | Ending |
| | Balance | ncreases | D | ecreases | Balance |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated | | | | | |
| Construction in progress | \$ | \$ 97,607 | \$ | | \$ 97,607 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 113,405 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 113,405 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 442,708 | - | | - | 442,708 |
| Infrastructure | 3,348,266 | 117,083 | | (54,946) | 3,410,403 |
| Machinery and equipment | 440,777 | - | | (8,079) | 432,698 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | \$ 4,345,156 | \$ 117,083 | \$ | (63,025) | \$ 4,399,214 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ (113,405) | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ (113,405) |
| Improvements other than buildings | (306,373) | (7,560) | | - | (313,933) |
| Infrastructure | (1,847,040) | (61,287) | | 54,946 | (1,853,381) |
| Machinery and equipment | (157,096) | (31,145) | | 8,079 | (180,162) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ (2,423,914) | \$ (99,992) | \$ | 63,025 | \$ (2,460,881) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | \$ 1,921,242 | \$ 17,091 | \$ | | \$ 1,938,333 |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | \$ 1,921,242 | \$ 114,698 | \$ | - | \$ 2,035,940 |

Note 11-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| Governmental activities: | |
|--|---------------|
| General government administration | \$ 38,698 |
| Public safety | 224,224 |
| Public works | 339,899 |
| Education | 150,088 |
| Parks, recreation, and culture | 81,855 |
| Community development | 4,880 |
| Total depreciation expense-governmental activities | \$ 839,644 |
| | |
| Business-type activities: | |
| Water and Sewer Fund | \$ 99,992 |
| | |

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

| | Beginning | | | | Ending |
|---|-------------------|----|-----------|-----------------|-------------------|
| | Balance | I | ncreases | ecreases | Balance |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | _ |
| Land | \$ 4,550 | \$ | | \$ | \$ 4,550 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | \$ 4,550 | \$ | | \$ - | \$ 4,550 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ 4,770,085 | \$ | - | \$ (412,475) | \$ 4,357,610 |
| Machinery and equipment | 308,258 | | - | (28,628) | 279,630 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | \$ 5,078,343 | \$ | | \$ (441,103) | \$ 4,637,240 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ (2,693,717) | \$ | (138,656) | \$ 412,475 | \$ (2,419,898) |
| Machinery and equipment | (219,220) | | (17,944) | 28,628 | (208,536) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ (2,912,937) | \$ | (156,600) | \$ 441,103 | \$ (2,628,434) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | \$ 2,165,406 | \$ | (156,600) | \$ | \$ 2,008,806 |
| School board capital assets, net | \$ 2,169,956 | \$ | (156,600) | \$ | \$ 2,013,356 |

Note 11-Capital Assets: (Continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board</u>: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board as follows:

Education \$156,600

Discretely Presented Component Units - Nonmajor:

Capital asset activity for the Nonmajor Component Units for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

| | | eginning Balance | ncreases | Docr | eases | Ending Balance |
|---|----------|---------------------|-----------------|----------|-------|-------------------|
| Canital assets being demonstrated. | | batarice | licieases | Deci | eases | Datance |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | , | 007 004 | 75.000 | <u> </u> | | 000 077 |
| Machinery and equipment - Central Dispatch | \$ | 807,294 | \$ 75,083 | \$ | - | \$ 882,377 |
| Machinery and equipment - RARO | | 30,533 | - | | - | 30,533 |
| Machinery and equipment - Regional Tourism | | 11,664 | - | | - | 11,664 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | \$ | 849,491 | \$ 75,083 | \$ | - | \$ 924,574 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | |
| Machinery and equipment - Central Dispatch | \$ | (200,439) | \$ (96,655) | \$ | - | \$ (297,094) |
| Machinery and equipment - RARO | | (2,925) | (3,971) | | - | (6,896) |
| Machinery and equipment - Regional Tourism | | (10,798) | (866) | | - | (11,664) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ | (214,162) | \$ (101,492) | \$ | - | \$ (315,654) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | \$ | 635,329 | \$ (26,409) | \$ | | \$ 608,920 |
| Nonmajor component unit capital assets, net | \$ | 635,329 | \$ (26,409) | \$ | | \$ 608,920 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Nonmajor Component Units as follows:

| Public safety | \$ 96,655 |
|---|---------------|
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | 3,971 |
| Community development | 866 |
| | |
| Total depreciation expense-nonmajor component units | \$ 101,492 |

Note 12-Risk Management:

The City and its component unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City and its component unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The City and its component unit - School Board pay the Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The City and its component unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13-Contingent Liabilities:

The City has guaranteed debt issued by the Maury Service Authority (MSA) for the construction and recent upgrades of its current wastewater treatment plant. The MSA's debt totaled \$13,475,120 as of June 30, 2011, and is scheduled to be completely retired by June of 2031. The City annually is assessed \$729,217 per year by the MSA for half of the debt service; the County of Rockbridge pays an equal assessment. The current annual assessment of \$565,619 per year is scheduled to increase to \$729,217 per year for fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 thru fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The annual assessment will be reduced to \$163,599 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 thru June 30, 2031. The payment amount for fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 will be assessed for \$446,408.

Note 14-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

| Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety: | |
|--|---------------|
| Alfred Thomas, Chief of Police | \$ 30,000 |
| Pat DeLaney, Treasurer | 500,000 |
| Karen T. Roundy, Commissioner of Revenue | 3,000 |
| Virginia Municipal Liability Pool - Surety: | |
| Pat DeLaney, Treasurer | \$ 100,000 |
| Wanda Floyd, Deputy Treasurer | 3,000 |

Note 15-Service Contracts:

<u>Maury Service Authority</u>: The Maury Service Authority (MSA) provides water filtration and potable water to the City and to Rockbridge County, which in turn sell these same services to their respective residents. The City manages and operates the two plants under separate contractual agreements with the MSA, and charges the MSA for administrative costs plus an agreed upon fee for services. The City bills the MSA quarterly for actual operating costs plus 5.0% for water treatment plant administrative costs and 5.0% for wastewater treatment plant administrative costs.

In fiscal year 2011, the City paid the MSA \$1,604,485 for bulk purchases of water and sewer services, as well as a \$565,619 assessment for debt service. The City also received \$1,744,532 from the MSA under the operating agreements described above.

<u>Solid Waste Authority of Rockbridge County</u>: The City of Lexington, along with other localities, participates in the Solid Waste Authority of Rockbridge County, which operates a regional landfill. Each participating jurisdiction is responsible through tipping fees for its proportionate share of operating costs. Each jurisdiction, after consultation with the committee, will determine tipping fees to be charged to waste generators within their jurisdiction. The tipping fee charged in 2011 was \$29/ton for refuse disposal at the landfill.

<u>Rockbridge County High School</u>: Rockbridge County owns and operates the Rockbridge County High School. Students residing in both the City and County attend the consolidated school. The City paid the County a portion of construction costs of the school and pays an annual per student tuition cost equal to the percentage of City students attending the school multiplied by operating costs. The City paid the County of Rockbridge \$1,085,000 for high school student tuition in 2011.

Note 16-Annexation/Revenue Sharing:

In 1983, the City filed a petition with the Virginia Commission on Local Government to annex 6.8 square miles of land in the County of Rockbridge adjoining the City. The proposed annexation would have increased the City's size by approximately 842 residents and would have increased its tax base. Negotiations between the City and the County, in an effort to resolve the annexation issues, resulted in a revenue sharing agreement between the two jurisdictions. The voters of the County of Rockbridge in a special referendum approved the agreement on March 6, 1986, and both governing bodies have passed an ordinance adopting the agreement. During fiscal year 2011, the City received \$1,728,590 from the County representing the revenue sharing payment under this agreement.

Note 17-Litigation:

The City is party to an ongoing lawsuit. The suit outstanding involves the claimant Charles Volpe which states a claim of \$9,000,000 with an additional demand of punitive damages for \$350,000. The jury trial held in July 2009 ended with a hung jury and the judge ruled in favor of the City. The case is being appealed by the claimant to be heard at the Federal court level. It is not clear whether or not the claimant will be successful in their case and no liability has been recorded in the financial statements.

Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits:

A. Plan Description

The Lexington Post-Retirement Medical Plan (LPRMP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. LPRMP provides health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for immediate retirement benefits under VRS, which requires that the employee be age 50 with 10 years of service or permanently, totally disabled and injured in the line of duty. Additionally, the employee must be of full-time status in VRS and must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement or disability. The benefit provisions, including employer and employee contributions, are governed by City Council and can be amended through City Council action. The LPRMP does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The Lexington City Government establishes employer medical contribution rates for all medical plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The City also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will be partially funded or fully funded in the upcoming fiscal year. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the City. For fiscal year 2011, the City contributed \$61,091 in total for current premiums and prefunding amounts.

For retirees of the City, 100 percent of premiums for both the employee and spouse are the responsibility of the retiree. Coverage under the plan ceases when the employee reaches age 65. For retirees of the School Board, the retiree pays the VRS Healthcare Credit plus the additional difference between the current Employee Premium and the Employer Subsidy at retirement, if any, for the retiree and 100 percent of premiums for a spouse. Coverage ceases at age 65 of the participant.

Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

| | School | | | | | |
|--|--------|---------|-----------------|----------|----|----------|
| | | City | | Board | | Total |
| Annual required contribution | \$ | 21,900 | \$ | 60,700 | \$ | 82,600 |
| Interest on net OPEB obligation | | 1,200 | | 1,600 | | 2,800 |
| Adjustment to annual required contribution | | (1,200) | (1,200) (1,700) | | | (2,900) |
| Annual OPEB cost (expense) | | 21,900 | | 60,600 | | 82,500 |
| Actual contributions | | (5,972) | | (57,870) | | (63,842) |
| Increase in net OPEB obligation | | 15,928 | | 2,730 | | 18,658 |
| Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year | | 20,313 | | 45,977 | | 66,290 |
| Net OPEB obligation - end of year | \$ | 36,241 | \$ | 48,707 | \$ | 84,948 |

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2011 and the two preceding years were as follows:

| | Fiscal Annual | | | Annual OPEB Cost | Net OPEB | | |
|---|---------------|------------------|--------|------------------|------------|--------|--|
| | Year Ended | OPEB Cost | | Contributed | Obligation | | |
| , | 6/30/2011 | \$ | 82,500 | 77% | \$ | 84,948 | |
| | 6/30/2010 | | 94,300 | 65% | | 66,290 | |
| | 6/30/2009 | | 91,700 | 64% | | 33,081 | |

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liabilities (AAL) were \$976,200, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,454,362, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 21.92%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2010, actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.25 percent investment rate of return per annum. An annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10 percent initially, reduced by decrements of 0.5 percent until an ultimate rate of 5 percent is reached. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over the remaining amortization period, which at June 30, 2011, was 30 years. Amortizations are open ended in that they begin anew at each valuation date.

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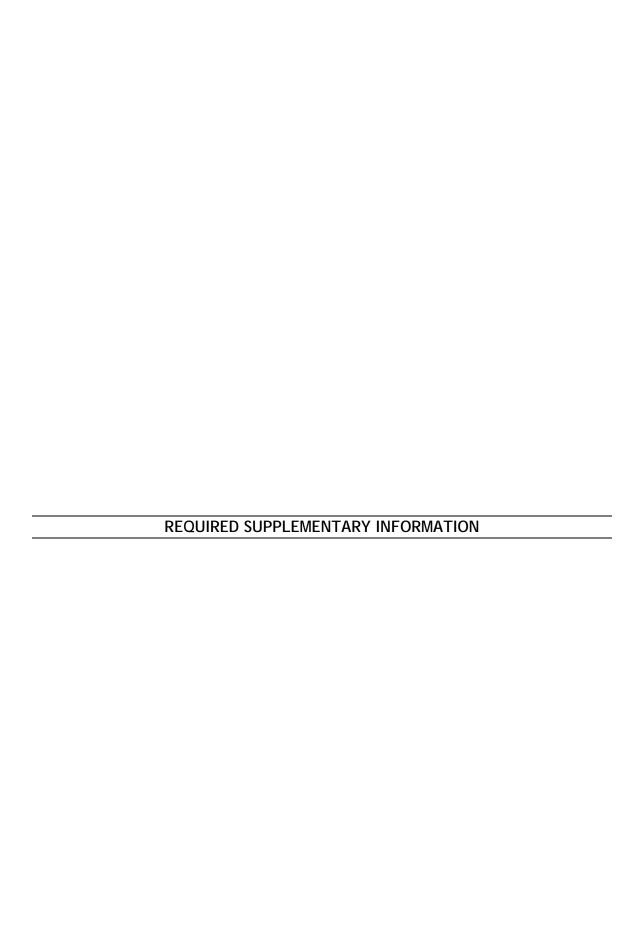
Note 19-Fund Balance Classifications:

Fund balance classifications for the primary government are as follows:

| | General Fund | Сар | oital Projects Fund | F | Permanent Fund |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----|------------------------|----|-------------------|
| Nonspendable | | | | | |
| Prepaids | \$ 104,062 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Corpus | - | | - | | 180,562 |
| Total Nonspendable | \$ 104,062 | \$ | - | \$ | 180,562 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| Perpetual cemetary care | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,194,752 |
| Committed for: | | | | | |
| First aid | \$ 313,308 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Fire | 47,178 | | - | | - |
| Equipment replacement | 844,658 | | - | | - |
| Capital projects | - | | 271,289 | | |
| Total Committed | \$ 1,205,144 | \$ | 271,289 | \$ | - |
| Assigned for: | | | | | |
| Carryovers | \$ 247,525 | \$ | - | \$ | - |

Fund balance classifications for the component units are as follows:

| | | | | | Ro | ckbridge | | |
|-----------------------|-----|------------|----|----------------|-----|-----------|------|---------|
| | | | | | | Area | | |
| | | | | | Re | creation | R | egional |
| Restricted for: | Sch | nool Board | Ce | ntral Dispatch | Org | anization | Т | ourism |
| Pickeral memorial | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 13,287 | \$ | - |
| Committed for: | | | | | | | | |
| Equipment replacement | \$ | - | \$ | 24,326 | \$ | 7,710 | \$ | - |
| Special revenue funds | | 910,502 | | 11,096 | | 434 | 4 | 408,481 |
| Total Committed | \$ | 910,502 | \$ | 35,422 | \$ | 8,144 | \$ 4 | 108,481 |



City of Lexington, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | Ashaal | Variance with Final Budget - Positive | | |
|--|------------------|------------------------|----|-------------|----|-------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| | 0 | riginal | | Final | | Actual Amounts | (| Positive <u>Negative)</u> | |
| REVENUES | _ | <u></u> | | <u>a.</u> | | <u></u> | د | <u>ogaoy</u> | |
| General property taxes | \$ 4 | 4,526,900 | \$ | 4,526,900 | \$ | 4,400,432 | \$ | (126,468) | |
| Other local taxes | | 2,609,100 | | 2,609,100 | | 2,688,313 | | 79,213 | |
| Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses | | 30,400 | | 30,400 | | 55,990 | | 25,590 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 107,500 | | 107,500 | | 99,749 | | (7,751) | |
| Revenue from the use of money and property | | 87,700 | | 87,700 | | 103,997 | | 16,297 | |
| Charges for services | | 857,271 | | 857,271 | | 893,686 | | 36,415 | |
| Miscellaneous | 2 | 2,022,400 | | 2,053,400 | | 2,119,644 | | 66,244 | |
| Recovered costs | | 203,248 | | 203,248 | | 155,042 | | (48,206) | |
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| Commonwealth | 2 | 2,168,168 | | 2,218,941 | | 2,129,144 | | (89,797) | |
| Federal | | 33,500 | | 49,730 | | 40,183 | | (9,547) | |
| Total revenues | \$ 12 | 2,646,187 | \$ | 12,744,190 | \$ | 12,686,180 | \$ | (58,010) | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration | \$ 1 | 1,214,174 | ¢ | 1,227,223 | \$ | 1,177,305 | \$ | 49,918 | |
| Judicial administration | ا ب | 308,800 | , | 272,198 | , | 266,021 | ٠ | 6,177 | |
| Public safety | - | 2,726,477 | | 2,777,759 | | 2,518,329 | | 259,430 | |
| Public works | | 2,720,477 2,866,602 | | 2,942,133 | | 2,583,860 | | 358,273 | |
| Health and welfare | 4 | 714,908 | | 753,862 | | 750,685 | | 3,177 | |
| Education | - | 2,368,566 | | 3,868,566 | | 3,868,566 | | 3,177 | |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | 2 | 442,176 | | 458,665 | | 458,663 | | 2 | |
| Community development | | 627,202 | | 1,384,872 | | 1,169,589 | | 215,283 | |
| Nondepartmental | | 75,800 | | 4,842 | | 1,107,307 | | 4,842 | |
| Debt service: | | 73,000 | | 1,012 | | | | .,0 .2 | |
| Principal retirement | | 744,706 | | 834,706 | | 834,706 | | _ | |
| Interest and other fiscal charges | | 504,345 | | 534,345 | | 534,345 | | _ | |
| Total expenditures | \$ 12 | 2,593,756 | \$ | 15,059,171 | \$ | 14,162,069 | \$ | 897,102 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) | | | | | | | | | |
| expenditures | \$ | 52,431 | \$ | (2,314,981) | \$ | (1,475,889) | \$ | 839,092 | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers out | \$ | (213,500) | Ś | (193,950) | Ś | (193,178) | Ś | 772 | |
| Issuance of general obligation bonds | • | - | • | 1,530,000 | • | 1,530,000 | • | - | |
| Total other financing sources and uses | \$ | (213,500) | \$ | 1,336,050 | \$ | 1,336,822 | \$ | 772 | |
| | | | | | _ | | _ | | |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ | (161,069) | \$ | (978,931) | \$ | (139,067) | \$ | 839,864 | |
| Fund balances - beginning | | - | | - | _ | 8,902,100 | | 8,902,100 | |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ | (161,069) | \$ | (978,931) | \$ | 8,763,033 | \$ | 9,741,964 | |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES June 30, 2011

Note 1-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The following funds have legally adopted budgets: the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Water and Sewer Utility Fund, and the School Operating Fund.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the City Council can revise the appropriation for each function level or division of expenditures. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments of a function level of expenditures. The School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the departments at the function level of a school system category of expense.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the General Capital Projects Fund. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. The City commits fund balances for certain designated ongoing projects at fiscal year end. Appropriations are then made in the first quarter budget amendments of the following year for the commitment. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all City units. The City's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the revised budget as of June 30.
 - 9. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the City's accounting system.

City of Lexington, Virginia Schedules of Pension and OPEB Funding Progress June 30, 2011

Primary Government:

City Retirement Plan

| Actuarial | Actuarial | | Actuarial | Un | funded AAL | Funded | Ratio | Annual | UA | AL as a |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----|--|----|-------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------|---|-------|-----------------------------|
| Valuation | Value of | | Accrued | | (UAAL) | Assets | as % | Covered | % of | Covered |
| Date | Assets | Lia | ability (AAL) | | (3) - (2) | of AAL (| 2) / (3) | Payroll | Payro | oll (4) / (6) |
| (1) | (2) | | (3) | | (4) | (5 |) | (6) | | (7) |
| 6/30/2010 6/30/2009 6/30/2008 | \$ 15,632,479 15,535,346 15,194,816 | \$ | 20,486,431 18,804,586 17,313,196 | \$ | 4,853,952 3,269,240 2,118,380 | | 76.31% 82.61% 87.76% | \$ 4,374,190 4,330,712 4,049,209 | | 110.97% 75.49% 52.32% |

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

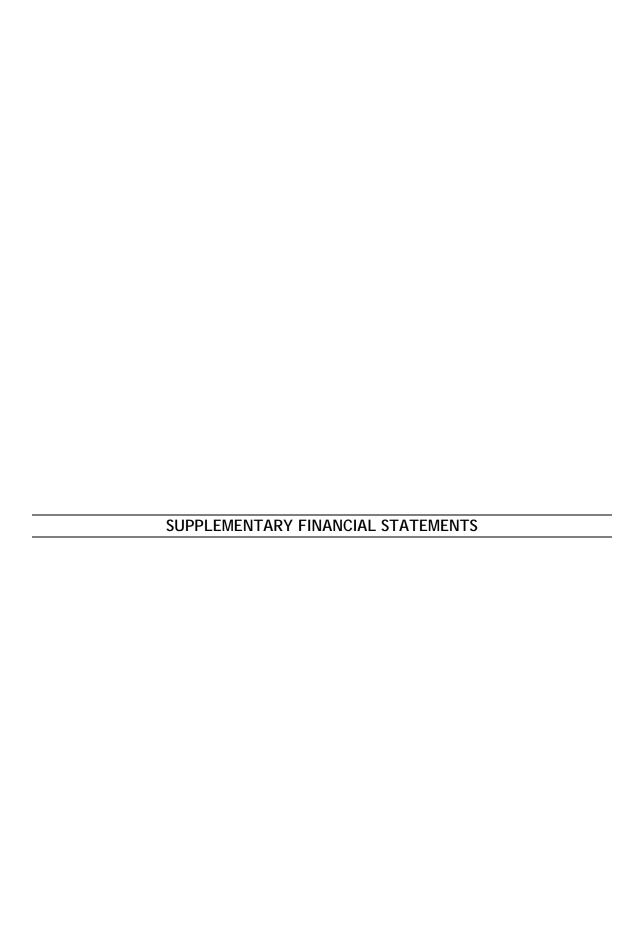
Non-professional Employees Retirement Plan:

| Actuarial | Actuarial | | Actuarial | Un | funded AAL | Funded Ratio | | An | nual | UAAL as a |
|-----------|---------------|-----|--------------|----|------------|-----------------|---|-----|--------|-------------------|
| Valuation | Value of | | Accrued | | (UAAL) | Assets as % | | Cov | ered/ | % of Covered |
| Date | Assets | Lia | bility (AAL) | | (3) - (2) | of AAL (2) / (3 |) | Pa | yroll | Payroll (4) / (6) |
| (1) | (2) | | (3) | | (4) | (5) | | (| (6) | (7) |
| 6/30/2010 | \$ 486,719 | \$ | 373,106 | \$ | (113,613) | 130.45 | % | \$ | 80,172 | -141.71% |
| 6/30/2009 | 503,301 | | 390,294 | | (113,007) | 128.95 | % | | 80,172 | -140.96% |
| 6/30/2008 | 519,738 | | 371,936 | | (147,802) | 139.74 | % | | 74,409 | -198.63% |

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

Post-Retirement Medical Plan:

| Actuarial | Actua | arial | | Actuarial | Un | funded AAL | Funded I | Ratio | Annual | UAA | AL as a |
|-----------|-------|-------|-----|---------------|----|------------|------------|-------|-----------------|--------|-------------|
| Valuation | Value | e of | | Accrued | | (UAAL) | Assets a | as % | Covered | % of (| Covered |
| Date | Asse | ets | Lia | ability (AAL) | | (3) - (2) | of AAL (2) | / (3) | Payroll | Payrol | l (4) / (6) |
| (1) | (2 |) | | (3) | | (4) | (5) | | (6) | | (7) |
| 7/1/2010 | \$ | - | \$ | 976,200 | \$ | 976,200 | | 0.00% | \$ 4,454,362 | | 21.92% |
| 7/1/2008 | | - | | 1,009,500 | | 1,009,500 | | 0.00% | 4,226,708 | | 23.88% |
| 7/1/2008 | | - | | 976,200 | | 976,200 | | 0.00% | 4,123,618 | | 23.67% |



CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for and report the acquisition, construction, and renovation of major capital facilities and other capital assets. These expenditures are financed from grants, the proceeds of certain City general obligation bonds, and from City general resources.

City of Lexington, Virginia Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| REVENUES | | Budgeted Original | d An | nounts <u>Final</u> | • | Actual <u>Amounts</u> | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) | |
|--|----|----------------------|------|------------------------|----|--------------------------|---|-----------|
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Commonwealth | \$ | - | \$ | 24,403 | \$ | 24,403 | \$ | _ |
| Federal | • | 234,800 | • | 586,629 | • | 125,978 | • | (460,651) |
| Total revenues | \$ | 234,800 | \$ | 611,032 | \$ | 150,381 | \$ | (460,651) |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Public safety | \$ | 98,500 | \$ | 98,500 | \$ | - | \$ | 98,500 |
| Public works | | 305,800 | | 553,208 | | 142,791 | | 410,417 |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | | 11,000 | | 272,155 | | 51,624 | | 220,531 |
| Community development | | - | | 24,403 | | 24,403 | | - |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 415,300 | \$ | 948,266 | \$ | 218,818 | \$ | 729,448 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) | | | | | | | | |
| expenditures | \$ | (180,500) | \$ | (337,234) | \$ | (68,437) | \$ | 268,797 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$ | 180,500 | \$ | 154,500 | \$ | 154,500 | \$ | - |
| Total other financing sources and uses | \$ | 180,500 | \$ | 154,500 | \$ | 154,500 | \$ | - |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ | - | \$ | (182,734) | \$ | 86,063 | \$ | 268,797 |
| Fund balances - beginning | | - | | - | | 185,226 | | 185,226 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ | - | \$ | (182,734) | \$ | 271,289 | \$ | 454,023 |

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for and reports the operations of the City's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

City of Lexington, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

June 30, 2011

| | (| School Operating <u>Fund</u> |
|---|-------|------------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 1,190,408 |
| Due from other governmental units | | 253,531 |
| Total assets | \$ | 1,443,939 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | | |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 114,169 |
| Payroll liabilities | | 35,969 |
| Contracts payable | | 340,974 |
| Deferred revenue | | 42,325 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 533,437 |
| | | |
| Fund balances: | | |
| Committed | \$ | 910,502 |
| Total fund balances | \$ | 910,502 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ | 1,443,939 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are diffe | erent | because: |
| Total fund balances per above | \$ | 910,502 |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | 2,013,356 |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the | | 40.707 |
| statement of net assets. | | 48,707 |
| Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | (149,308) |
| Net assets of governmental activities | \$ | 2,823,257 |

City of Lexington, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| DEVENUES | | School Operating Fund |
|---|----------|-----------------------------|
| REVENUES Povenue from the use of money and property | \$ | 1,909 |
| Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services | Ş | 231,915 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,058 |
| Recovered costs | | 11,803 |
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | 11,603 |
| Local government | | 3,868,566 |
| Commonwealth | | |
| | | 2,619,572 |
| Federal Tatal revenues | <u>,</u> | 421,034 |
| Total revenues | \$ | 7,155,857 |
| EVDENDITUDES | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | |
| Current: | ċ | F 442 24F |
| Education | \$ | 5,413,345 |
| Capital projects | | 1,778,862 |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 7,192,207 |
| Eugage (deficiency) of revenues ever (under) | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) | ٠ | (27, 250) |
| expenditures | \$ | (36,350) |
| OTHER FINANCING COHROES (HISTS) | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out | ċ | (2.720) |
| Transfers out | \$ | (2,730) |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ | (39,080) |
| | ڔ | |
| Fund balances - beginning | \$ | 949,582 910,502 |
| Fund balances - ending | <u>ې</u> | 910,502 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different | ent b | oecause: |
| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above | \$ | (39,080) |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. | | (156,600) |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | 1,798 |
| Change in not accept of governmental activities | Ċ | (102 002) |
| Change in net assets of governmental activities | \$ | (193,882) |

City of Lexington, Virginia

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| | | | | School Ope | rat | ing Fund | | |
|--|----|-----------|----|--------------------------|----------|---------------|-----|-------------|
| | | | | | | | Va | riance with |
| | | | | | | | Fi | nal Budget |
| | | Budgeted | An | nounts | | | | Positive |
| | | Original | | <u>Final</u> | | <u>Actual</u> | (| Negative) |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from the use of money and property | \$ | 600 | \$ | 600 | \$ | 1,909 | \$ | 1,309 |
| Charges for services | | 238,801 | | 238,801 | | 231,915 | | (6,886) |
| Miscellaneous | | 600 | | 600 | | 1,058 | | 458 |
| Recovered costs | | - | | 11,803 | | 11,803 | | - |
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Local government | | 2,368,566 | | 3,868,566 | | 3,868,566 | | - |
| Commonwealth | | 2,683,746 | | 2,683,746 | | 2,619,572 | | (64,174) |
| Federal | | 276,315 | | 346,317 | | 421,034 | | 74,717 |
| Total revenues | \$ | 5,568,628 | \$ | 7,150,433 | \$ | 7,155,857 | \$ | 5,424 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Education | \$ | 5,545,809 | \$ | 5,984,173 | \$ | 5,413,345 | \$ | 570,828 |
| Capital projects | | - | | 1,860,685 | | 1,778,862 | | 81,823 |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 5,545,809 | \$ | 7,844,858 | \$ | 7,192,207 | \$ | 652,651 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) | | | | | | | | |
| expenditures | \$ | 22,819 | \$ | (694,425) | \$ | (36,350) | \$ | 658,075 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers out | \$ | (22,819) | \$ | (22,819) | \$ | (2,730) | \$ | 20,089 |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ | _ | \$ | (717,244) | ς | (39,080) | ς . | 678,164 |
| Fund balances - beginning | Y | _ | 7 | (/ 1/, 2 11) | Y | 949,582 | 7 | 949,582 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ | - | \$ | (717,244) | Ś | 910,502 | \$ | 1,627,746 |
| | _ | | Τ | (* * *)= * * *) | T | , , | Τ | ., |

DISCRETELY PRESENTED NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The following discretely presented component units have been determined by the management of the City of Lexington to be nonmajor.

<u>Central Dispatch</u> - This component unit consists of a single General Fund which accounts for the general operations of the Central Dispatch emergency response services. Financing is provided by specific allocations from the state as well as appropriations from the primary government, the City of Buena Vista, the County of Rockbridge, and Virginia Military Institute.

Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization (RARO) - This component unit consists of a single General Fund which accounts for recreational activities provided to area youth and adults. Financing is provided by appropriations from the primary government and the County of Rockbridge.

Regional Tourism - This component unit consists of a single General Fund which accounts for the promotion of tourism in the area. Financing is provided by specific allocations from the state as well as appropriations from the primary government, the City of Buena Vista, and the County of Rockbridge.

City of Lexington, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Nonmajor Component Units June 30, 2011

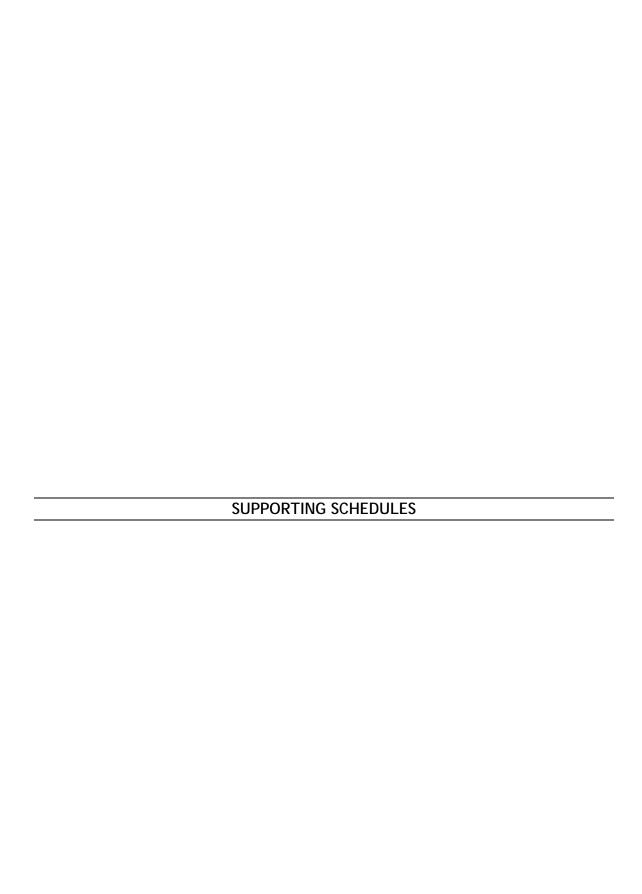
| | Cer | itral Dispatch <u>Fund</u> | | ockbridge Area Recreation Organization <u>Fund</u> | Reg | gional Tourism <u>Fund</u> | | <u>Total</u> |
|---|-------|-------------------------------|------|---|-------|-------------------------------|------|--------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 415,860 | \$ | 415,860 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles Accounts receivable | 5): | 118,947 | | 51,416 | | 820 | | 171,183 |
| Due from other governmental units | | 20,222 | | 51,410 | | - | | 20,222 |
| Total assets | \$ | 139,169 | \$ | 51,416 | \$ | 416,680 | \$ | 607,265 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 33,701 | \$ | 1,230 | \$ | 8,199 | \$ | 43,130 |
| Due to primary government | | 70,046 | | 25,600 | | - | | 95,646 |
| Due to other governmental units | | - | | 3,155 | | - | | 3,155 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 103,747 | \$ | 29,985 | \$ | 8,199 | \$ | 141,931 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted | \$ | - | \$ | 13,287 | \$ | - | \$ | 13,287 |
| Committed | | 35,422 | | 8,144 | | 408,481 | | 452,047 |
| Total fund balances | \$ | 35,422 | \$ | 21,431 | \$ | 408,481 | \$ | 465,334 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ | 139,169 | \$ | 51,416 | \$ | 416,680 | \$ | 607,265 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in | n the | statement of | net | assets (Exhibit | 1) aı | re different bed | ause | |
| Total fund balances per above | | | | | | | \$ | 465,334 |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities a are not reported in the funds. | re no | t financial res | our | ces and, therefo | ore, | | | 608,920 |
| Long-term liabilities, including compensated ab period and, therefore, are not reported in the second contract of | | | e ar | nd payable in th | e cu | rrent | | (72,442) |
| Net assets of governmental activities | | | | | | | \$ | 1,001,812 |

City of Lexington, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Discretely Presented Nonmajor Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| REVENUES | Cen | tral Dispatch <u>Fund</u> | | ckbridge Area Recreation Organization <u>Fund</u> | Reg | ional Tourism <u>Fund</u> | | <u>Total</u> |
|--|----------|------------------------------|-------|--|-------|------------------------------|----------|----------------------|
| Revenue from the use of money and property | \$ | 688 | \$ | 69 | \$ | - | \$ | 757 |
| Charges for services | | - | | 99,415 | | 8,898 | | 108,313 |
| Miscellaneous | | 2,000 | | 26,339 | | 14,134 | | 42,473 |
| Recovered costs | | 723,483 | | 199,250 | | 396,954 | | 1,319,687 |
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | 472.020 | | 0.4.033 | | 400.004 | | 427.754 |
| Local government | | 172,028 | | 84,822 | | 180,904 | | 437,754 |
| Commonwealth Total revenues | \$ | 114,019 1,012,218 | \$ | 409,895 | \$ | 600,890 | \$ | 114,019 2,023,003 |
| Total revenues | <u> </u> | 1,012,210 | Ş | 409,693 | Ş | 000,690 | ٠ | 2,023,003 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Public safety | \$ | 1,047,904 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,047,904 |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | | - | | 409,827 | | - | | 409,827 |
| Community development | | - | | - | | 522,455 | | 522,455 |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 1,047,904 | \$ | 409,827 | \$ | 522,455 | \$ | 1,980,186 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) | | | | | | | | |
| expenditures | \$ | (35,686) | \$ | 68 | \$ | 78,435 | \$ | 42,817 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ | (35,686) | \$ | 68 | \$ | 78,435 | \$ | 42,817 |
| Fund balances - beginning | | 71,108 | | 21,363 | | 330,046 | | 422,517 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ | 35,422 | \$ | 21,431 | \$ | 408,481 | \$ | 465,334 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in | the st | atement of ac | tivit | cies (Exhibit 2) | are c | lifferent becau | ise: | |
| Net change in fund balances - total governmenta | al fund | s - per above | | | | | \$ | 42,817 |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as ex activities the cost of those assets is allocated as depreciation expense. This is the amount | d over t | their estimate | d us | eful lives and i | | ted | | (27, 400) |
| depreciation in the current period. | | | | | | | | (26,409) |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of act financial resources and, therefore are not re | | - | | | | ds. | | (10,293) |
| Change in net assets of governmental activities | | | | | | | \$ | 6,115 |
| J | | | | | | | <u> </u> | -, |

City of Lexington, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Discretely Presented Nonmajor Component Units
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| | | | Central Dispatch | tch Fund | | | Rockbridge Ar | Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization (RARO) | Organizatior | (RARO) | | | Regional Tourism | rism | |
|--|----|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------|----|------------------|--|--------------|---------------|----------|--------------------|------------------|------------|------------------------|
| | | | | | Variance with | | | | 1 | Variance with | | | | Vai | Variance with |
| | | stanoa A potopolia | o tailo | | Final Budget | | Pudeotod Amounts | 2 | | Final Budget | | Production Amounts | şaiio | Ē | Final Budget |
| | Ö | Original | Final | Actual | (Negative) | | Original | ĺ | Actual | (Negative) | | Original | | Actual (| rositive (Negative) |
| REVENUES | 5 | | | | (2) |) | | | | (2) | , 1 | | | • | 0 |
| Revenue from the use of money and property | s | 2,000 \$ | 2,000 \$ | 889 | \$ (1,312) | \$ | S | \$ | 69 | 69 5 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | • |
| Charges for services | | | | • | • | | 125,532 | 125,532 | 99,415 | (26,117) | | 7,000 | 7,000 | 8,898 | 1,898 |
| Miscellaneous | | | | 2,000 | 2,000 | | 15,000 | 15,000 | 26,339 | 11,339 | | 2,100 | 2,100 | 14,134 | 12,034 |
| Recovered costs | | 724,040 | 724,040 | 723,483 | (557) | | 219,180 | 219,180 | 199,250 | (19,930) | | 396,954 | 396,954 | 396,954 | • |
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Local government | · | 172,160 | 172,160 | 172,028 | (132) | | 80,820 | 80,820 | 84,822 | 4,002 | | 180,904 | 180,904 | 180,904 | 1 |
| Commonwealth | | 100,000 | 102,922 | 114,019 | 11,097 | | | | • | • | | | | | |
| Total revenues | s | 998,200 \$ 1,001,122 | 1,001,122 \$ | 1,012,218 | \$ 11,096 | s | 440,532 \$ | 440,532 \$ | 409,895 | \$ (30,637) | s | \$ 856,985 | \$ 86,958 \$ | \$ 068,009 | 13,932 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public safety | s | 998,200 \$ | 998,200 \$ 1,059,904 \$ | 1,047,904 \$ | \$ 12,000 | s | \$ ' | \$ | • | , | ş | \$ | \$ | \$ | i |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | | | i | • | • | | 437,235 | 437,235 | 409,827 | 27,408 | | | , | | i |
| Community development | | 1 | • | i | • | | , | | • | , | | 586,958 | 586,958 | 522,455 | 64,503 |
| Total expenditures | ν | 998,200 \$ 1,059,904 | 1,059,904 \$ | 1,047,904 | \$ 12,000 | δ | 437,235 \$ | 437,235 \$ | 409,827 | \$ 27,408 | ş | \$ 856,986 | \$ 856,985 | 522,455 \$ | 64,503 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expenditures | \$ | \$ - | (58,782) \$ | (35,686) \$ | \$ 23,096 | s | 3,297 \$ | 3,297 \$ | 89 | \$ (3,229) | \$ | \$. | \$ | 78,435 \$ | 78,435 |
| Net change in fund balances | s | , | \$ (58,782) \$ | (35,686) \$ | \$ 23,096 | s | 3,297 \$ | 3,297 \$ | 89 | \$ (3,229) | ب | s | <u>۰</u> | 78,435 \$ | 78,435 |
| Fund balances - beginning | | | | | | | | | 21,363 | 21,363 | | • | | 330,046 | 330,046 |
| Fund balances - ending | ş | \$ - | (58,782) \$ | 35,422 | \$ 94,204 | \$ | 3,297 \$ | 3,297 \$ | 21,431 | 3 18,134 | \$ | \$ - | \$ - | 408,481 \$ | 408,481 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source | Original <u>Budget</u> | Final <u>Budget</u> | <u>Actual</u> | Fin | riance with al Budget - Positive Negative) |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----|---|
| Primary Government: | | | | | |
| General Fund: | | | | | |
| Revenue from local sources: | | | | | |
| General property taxes: | | | | | |
| Real property taxes | \$ 3,903,900 | \$ 3,903,900 | \$ 3,730,744 | \$ | (173,156) |
| Real and personal public service corporation taxes | 84,600 | 84,600 | 102,053 | | 17,453 |
| Personal property taxes | 507,000 | 507,000 | 519,576 | | 12,576 |
| Penalties | 22,800 | 22,800 | 32,386 | | 9,586 |
| Interest | 8,600 | 8,600 | 15,673 | | 7,073 |
| Total general property taxes | \$ 4,526,900 | \$ 4,526,900 | \$ 4,400,432 | \$ | (126,468) |
| Other local taxes: | | | | | |
| Local sales and use taxes | \$ 775,000 | \$ 775,000 | \$ 785,995 | \$ | 10,995 |
| Consumers' utility taxes | 308,700 | 308,700 | 312,810 | | 4,110 |
| Consumption taxes | 27,200 | 27,200 | 27,617 | | 417 |
| Business license taxes | 540,000 | 540,000 | 513,546 | | (26,454) |
| Bank stock taxes | 70,000 | 70,000 | 136,218 | | 66,218 |
| Taxes on recordation and wills | 52,200 | 52,200 | 50,127 | | (2,073) |
| Hotel and motel room taxes | 205,500 | 205,500 | 217,279 | | 11,779 |
| Restaurant food taxes | 630,500 | 630,500 | 644,721 | | 14,221 |
| Total other local taxes | \$ 2,609,100 | \$ 2,609,100 | \$ 2,688,313 | \$ | 79,213 |
| Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: | | | | | |
| Animal licenses | \$ 4,500 | \$ 4,500 | \$ 4,552 | \$ | 52 |
| Building permits | 25,000 | 25,000 | 50,324 | | 25,324 |
| Excavation permits | 700 | 700 | 1,000 | | 300 |
| Hunting and fishing permits | 200 | 200 | 114 | | (86) |
| Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses | \$ 30,400 | \$ 30,400 | \$ 55,990 | \$ | 25,590 |
| Fines and forfeitures: | | | | | |
| Court fines and forfeitures | \$ 70,000 | \$ 70,000 | \$ 45,461 | \$ | (24,539) |
| Parking fines | 31,700 | 31,700 | 43,485 | | 11,785 |
| Courthouse fees | 5,800 | 5,800 | 8,894 | | 3,094 |
| Asset Forfeiture | - | - | 1,909 | | 1,909 |
| Total fines and forfeitures | \$ 107,500 | \$ 107,500 | \$ 99,749 | \$ | (7,751) |
| Revenue from use of money and property: | | | | | |
| Revenue from use of money | \$ 65,500 | \$ 65,500 | \$ 75,986 | \$ | 10,486 |
| Revenue from use of property | 22,200 | 22,200 | 28,011 | | 5,811 |
| Total revenue from use of money and property | \$ 87,700 | \$ 87,700 | \$ 103,997 | \$ | 16,297 |
| Charges for services: | | | | | |
| Charges for finance | \$ 53,600 | \$ 53,600 | \$ 57,505 | \$ | 3,905 |
| Charges for public safety | 16,371 | 16,371 | 12,014 | | (4,357) |
| Charges for youth services | 5,300 | 5,300 | 4,295 | | (1,005) |

| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source | | Original <u>Budget</u> | | Final Budget | | <u>Actual</u> | Fin | riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Vegative)</u> |
|--|-----|---------------------------|----|-----------------|----|---------------|-----|--|
| Primary Government: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from local sources: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for rescue services | \$ | 330,000 | \$ | 330,000 | \$ | 351,519 | \$ | 21,519 |
| Charges for public works | | 11,300 | | 11,300 | | 40,303 | | 29,003 |
| Charges for grave openings | | 20,500 | | 20,500 | | 31,400 | | 10,900 |
| Charges for burial spaces | | 26,100 | | 26,100 | | 29,250 | | 3,150 |
| Charges for recreation | | 89,400 | | 89,400 | | 88,567 | | (833) |
| Charges for sanitation and waste removal | | 138,400 | | 138,400 | | 133,989 | | (4,411) |
| Charges for landfill fees | | 158,100 | | 158,100 | | 134,689 | | (23,411) |
| Charges for community activity support | | 5,100 | | 5,100 | | 6,878 | | 1,778 |
| Charges for farmer's market | | 2,500 | | 2,500 | | 3,167 | | 667 |
| Charges for other services | | 600 | | 600 | | 110 | | (490) |
| Total charges for services | \$ | 857,271 | \$ | 857,271 | \$ | 893,686 | \$ | 36,415 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous revenue: | | | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous | \$ | 319,400 | \$ | 350,400 | \$ | 391,054 | \$ | 40,654 |
| County revenue sharing | | 1,703,000 | | 1,703,000 | | 1,728,590 | | 25,590 |
| Total miscellaneous revenue | _\$ | 2,022,400 | \$ | 2,053,400 | \$ | 2,119,644 | \$ | 66,244 |
| Recovered costs: | | | | | | | | |
| Joint services fire and rescue | \$ | 201,548 | \$ | 201,548 | \$ | 153,283 | \$ | (48,265) |
| Parking Garage | | 1,700 | | 1,700 | | 1,759 | | 59 |
| Total recovered costs | \$ | 203,248 | \$ | 203,248 | \$ | 155,042 | \$ | (48,206) |
| Total revenue from local sources | \$ | 10,444,519 | \$ | 10,475,519 | \$ | 10,516,853 | \$ | 41,334 |
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: | | | | | | | | |
| Noncategorical aid: | | | | | | | | |
| Motor vehicle carriers' tax | \$ | 300 | \$ | 300 | \$ | 289 | \$ | (11) |
| Mobile home titling tax | | 200 | | 200 | | 330 | | 130 |
| Motor vehicle rental tax | | 1,000 | | 1,000 | | 2,501 | | 1,501 |
| State recordation tax | | 12,100 | | 12,100 | | 15,900 | | 3,800 |
| Communications tax | | 337,500 | | 337,500 | | 334,931 | | (2,569) |
| Personal property tax relief funds | | 581,200 | | 581,200 | | 581,200 | | - |
| Other noncategorical aid | | 1,000 | | 1,000 | | 2,672 | | 1,672 |
| Total noncategorical aid | \$ | 933,300 | \$ | 933,300 | \$ | 937,823 | \$ | 4,523 |
| Categorical aid: | | | | | | | | |
| Shared expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Law enforcement | \$ | 198,200 | ς | 198,200 | ς | 187,403 | ς | (10,797) |
| Commissioner of revenue | Ţ | 69,790 | 7 | 69,790 | 7 | 70,772 | 7 | 982 |
| Treasurer | | 52,829 | | 52,829 | | 55,887 | | 3,058 |
| Registrar/electoral board | | 33,400 | | 33,400 | | 27,650 | | (5,750) |
| Total shared expenses | \$ | 354,219 | \$ | 354,219 | \$ | 341,712 | \$ | (12,507) |
| rotat shared expenses | | 331,217 | ~ | 331,217 | ~ | 311,712 | 7 | (12,307) |

| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source | | Original <u>Budget</u> | | Final <u>Budget</u> | | <u>Actual</u> | Fin | riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Vegative)</u> |
|--|----------|---------------------------|----|------------------------|----|---------------|-----|--|
| Primary Government: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| Other categorical aid: | | | | | | | | |
| Street maintenance | \$ | 575,700 | \$ | 622,176 | \$ | 543,402 | \$ | (78,774) |
| Welfare payments | | 220,000 | | 220,000 | | 229,341 | | 9,341 |
| Comprehensive services | | 58,549 | | 58,549 | | 55,760 | | (2,789) |
| Fire program grant | | 18,900 | | 22,459 | | 11,596 | | (10,863) |
| Four for life | | 2,500 | | 2,500 | | 3,941 | | 1,441 |
| Arts grant | | 5,000 | | 5,000 | | 5,000 | | - |
| Other categorical aid | | 3,000 | | 738 | | 569 | | (160) |
| _ | Ś | 880,649 | \$ | 931,422 | ċ | 849,609 | \$ | (169) |
| Total other categorical aid | <u> </u> | 000,049 | Ą | 931,422 | \$ | 049,009 | Ş | (81,813) |
| Total categorical aid | \$ | 1,234,868 | \$ | 1,285,641 | \$ | 1,191,321 | \$ | (94,320) |
| Total revenue from the Commonwealth | \$ | 2,168,168 | \$ | 2,218,941 | \$ | 2,129,144 | \$ | (89,797) |
| Revenue from the federal government: | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: | ċ | 25 000 | ċ | 25 000 | ċ | 21 410 | ċ | (2.200) |
| Federal Public Assistance | \$ | 25,000 | Ş | 25,000 | Ş | 21,610 | þ | (3,390) |
| Department of motor vehicles grant | | 5,000 | | 10,744 | | 7,854 | | (2,890) |
| Criminal justice services grant | | 3,500 | | 3,500 | | 879 | | (2,621) |
| Department of forestry grant | _ | | | 10,486 | _ | 9,840 | | (646) |
| Total categorical aid | \$ | 33,500 | \$ | 49,730 | \$ | 40,183 | \$ | (9,547) |
| Total revenue from the federal government | \$ | 33,500 | \$ | 49,730 | \$ | 40,183 | \$ | (9,547) |
| Total General Fund | \$ | 12,646,187 | \$ | 12,744,190 | \$ | 12,686,180 | \$ | (58,010) |
| Capital Projects Fund: | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: | | | | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: | | | | | | | | |
| | ċ | | ٠ | 24 402 | , | 24 402 | ċ | |
| CDBG | \$ | - | \$ | 24,403 | Ş | 24,403 | þ | |
| Total revenue from the Commonwealth | \$ | - | \$ | 24,403 | \$ | 24,403 | \$ | - |
| Devenue from the federal government: | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from the federal government: | | | | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: | • | 22 4 222 | ^ | E0/ /00 | _ | 405.070 | , | (4(0.454) |
| TEA - 21 grant | \$ | 234,800 | \$ | 586,629 | \$ | 125,978 | \$ | (460,651) |
| Total revenue from the federal government | \$ | 234,800 | \$ | 586,629 | \$ | 125,978 | \$ | (460,651) |
| Total Capital Projects Fund | \$ | 234,800 | \$ | 611,032 | \$ | 150,381 | \$ | (460,651) |

| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source | | Original <u>Budget</u> | | Final <u>Budget</u> | | <u>Actual</u> | Fin | riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Vegative)</u> |
|--|----|---------------------------|----|------------------------|----|----------------------|-----|--|
| Primary Government: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| Permanent Fund | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from local sources: | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from use of money and property: | | | , | | , | 04 247 | , | 04.247 |
| Revenue from the use of money | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 84,347 | \$ | 84,347 |
| Total Permanent Fund | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 84,347 | \$ | 84,347 |
| Total Primary Government | \$ | 12,880,987 | \$ | 13,355,222 | \$ | 12,920,908 | \$ | (434,314) |
| Discretely Presented Component Units: | | | | | | | | |
| Major Fund: | | | | | | | | |
| School Operating Fund: | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from local sources: | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from use of money and property: | , | 300 | ċ | 300 | ċ | 1 460 | ċ | 1 160 |
| Revenue from the use of money | \$ | 300 | Ş | 300 | \$ | 1,469 440 | \$ | 1,169 |
| Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property | \$ | 600 | \$ | 600 | \$ | 1,909 | \$ | 1,309 |
| Total revenue from use of money and property | ٠. | 000 | ڔ | 000 | ڔ | 1,707 | ٠ | 1,307 |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | | | |
| Cafeteria sales | \$ | 80,000 | \$ | 80,000 | \$ | 64,271 | \$ | (15,729) |
| Tuition and payments from other divisions | | 158,801 | | 158,801 | | 167,644 | | 8,843 |
| Total charges for services | \$ | 238,801 | \$ | 238,801 | \$ | 231,915 | \$ | (6,886) |
| Miscellaneous revenue: | | | | | | | | |
| Other miscellaneous | \$ | 600 | \$ | 600 | \$ | 1,058 | \$ | 458 |
| Recovered costs: | | | | | | | | |
| Other recovered costs | \$ | - | \$ | 11,803 | \$ | 11,803 | \$ | - |
| Total revenue from local sources | \$ | 240,001 | \$ | 251,804 | \$ | 246,685 | \$ | (5,119) |
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues from local governments: | | | | | | | | |
| Contribution from City of Lexington, Virginia | \$ | 2,368,566 | \$ | 3,868,566 | \$ | 3,868,566 | \$ | - |
| Total revenues from local governments | \$ | 2,368,566 | \$ | 3,868,566 | \$ | 3,868,566 | \$ | - |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: | | | | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: | ¢ | 411,959 | ċ | 420 0 7 4 | ċ | 420 000 | ċ | (76) |
| Share of state sales tax Basic school aid | \$ | 1,439,584 | Ş | 428,876 1,458,550 | þ | 428,800 1,391,760 | þ | (76) (66,790) |
| Remedial summer education | | 13,353 | | 15,578 | | 15,578 | | (00,770) |
| Gifted and talented | | 14,473 | | 14,259 | | 14,259 | | - |
| Remedial education | | 19,185 | | 18,902 | | 18,902 | | - |
| Special education | | 197,569 | | 192,667 | | 192,667 | | - |
| Textbook payment | | 25,428 | | 17,423 | | 17,423 | | - |
| | | | | | | | | |

| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source | Original <u>Budget</u> | Final <u>Budget</u> | <u>Actual</u> | Fin | riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u> |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----|--|
| Discretely Presented Component Units: (Continued) | | | | | |
| Major Fund: (Continued) | | | | | |
| School Operating Fund: (Continued) | | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued) | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: (Continued) | 00.055 | 04.057 | 04.057 | | |
| Social security fringe benefits | \$ 88,855 | \$ 91,857 | \$ 91,857 | \$ | - |
| Retirement fringe benefits | 133,620 | 54,384 | 54,384 | | - |
| Group life insurance instructional | 3,702 | 3,316 | 3,316 | | - |
| State lottery payments | 67,719 | | | | - |
| Early reading intervention | - | 6,562 | 6,562 | | - |
| At risk payments | | 5,598 | 5,598 | | - |
| School food | 1,925 | 1,925 | 1,761 | | (164) |
| Technology | - | 128,000 | 128,000 | | - |
| Vocational education | 33,994 | 33,493 | 33,493 | | - |
| Mentor teacher program | - | - | 356 | | 356 |
| English as a second language | 5,861 | 7,577 | 7,577 | | - |
| C. I. H. Harm | - | 201,417 | 201,417 | | - |
| NBC | - | - | 2,500 | | 2,500 |
| Other state funds | 50,626 | 3,362 | 3,362 | | |
| Total categorical aid | \$ 2,683,746 | \$ 2,683,746 | \$ 2,619,572 | \$ | (64,174) |
| Total revenue from the Commonwealth | \$ 2,683,746 | \$ 2,683,746 | \$ 2,619,572 | \$ | (64,174) |
| Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: | | | | | |
| Title I | \$ 50,436 | \$ 83,670 | \$ 76,712 | \$ | (6,958) |
| Title VI-B - Special education, grants to states | 178,379 | 178,907 | 175,794 | | (3,113) |
| Title II, part A | - | 35,783 | 28,700 | | (7,083) |
| Literacy challenge grant | - | 457 | 713 | | 256 |
| State Fiscal Stabilization Funds | - | - | 69,901 | | 69,901 |
| Headstart | 12,500 | 12,500 | 15,888 | | 3,388 |
| School lunch program | 35,000 | 35,000 | 53,326 | | 18,326 |
| Total categorical aid | \$ 276,315 | \$ 346,317 | \$ 421,034 | \$ | 74,717 |
| Total revenue from the federal government | \$ 276,315 | \$ 346,317 | \$ 421,034 | \$ | 74,717 |
| Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board | \$ 5,568,628 | \$ 7,150,433 | \$ 7,155,857 | \$ | 5,424 |

| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source | Original Budget | Final <u>Budget</u> | <u>Actual</u> | Fin | riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u> |
|---|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----|--|
| Discretely Presented Component Units: (Continued) | | | | | |
| Nonmajor Funds: | | | | | |
| Central Dispatch Fund: | | | | | |
| Revenue from local sources: | | | | | |
| Revenue from use of money and property: | | | | | |
| Revenue from the use of property | \$ 2,000 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 688 | \$ | (1,312) |
| Miscellaneous revenue: | | | | | |
| Other miscellaneous | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 2,000 | \$ | 2,000 |
| Recovered costs: | | | | | |
| City of Buena Vista | \$ 155,849 | \$ 155,849 | \$ 155,729 | \$ | (120) |
| County of Rockbridge | 542,918 | 542,918 | 542,501 | | (417) |
| VMI | 25,273 | 25,273 | 25,253 | | (20) |
| Total recovered costs | \$ 724,040 | \$ 724,040 | \$ 723,483 | \$ | (557) |
| Total revenue from local sources | \$ 726,040 | \$ 726,040 | \$ 726,171 | \$ | 131 |
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | |
| Revenues from local governments: | | | | | |
| Contribution from City of Lexington, Virginia | \$ 172,160 | \$ 172,160 | \$ 172,028 | \$ | (132) |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: | | | | | |
| Virginia wireless | \$ 100,000 | \$ 102,922 | \$ 114,019 | \$ | 11,097 |
| Total Central Dispatch Fund | \$ 998,200 | \$ 1,001,122 | \$ 1,012,218 | \$ | 11,096 |
| Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization (RARO): | | | | | |
| Revenue from local sources: | | | | | |
| Revenue from use of money and property: | | | | | |
| Revenue from the use of money | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 69 | \$ | 69 |
| Charges for services: | | | | | |
| Charges for programs | \$ 125,532 | \$ 125,532 | \$ 99,415 | \$ | (26,117) |
| Miscellaneous revenue: | | | | | |
| Other miscellaneous | \$ 15,000 | \$ 15,000 | \$ 26,339 | \$ | 11,339 |
| Recovered costs: | | | | | |
| County of Rockbridge | \$ 219,180 | \$ 219,180 | \$ 199,250 | \$ | (19,930) |
| Total revenue from local sources | \$ 359,712 | \$ 359,712 | \$ 325,073 | \$ | (34,639) |

| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source | Original <u>Budget</u> | Final <u>Budget</u> | <u>Actual</u> | Fina | iance with al Budget - Positive legative) |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|------|--|
| Discretely Presented Component Units: (Continued) | | | | | |
| Nonmajor Funds: (Continued) | | | | | |
| Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization (RARO): (Continued) Intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | |
| Revenues from local governments: | | | | | |
| Contribution from City of Lexington, Virginia | \$ 80,820 | \$ 80,820 | \$ 84,822 | \$ | 4,002 |
| Total Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization (RARO) | \$ 440,532 | \$ 440,532 | \$ 409,895 | \$ | (30,637) |
| Regional Tourism: | | | | | |
| Revenue from local sources: | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | |
| Charges for tours | \$ 3,000 | \$ 3,000 | \$ 2,791 | \$ | (209) |
| Other charges for services | 4,000 | 4,000 | 6,107 | | 2,107 |
| Total charges for services | \$ 7,000 | \$ 7,000 | \$ 8,898 | \$ | 1,898 |
| Miscellaneous revenue: | | | | | |
| Other miscellaneous | \$ 2,100 | \$ 2,100 | \$ 14,134 | \$ | 12,034 |
| Recovered costs: | | | | | |
| City of Buena Vista | \$ 39,001 | \$ 39,001 | \$ 39,001 | \$ | - |
| County of Rockbridge | 357,953 | 357,953 | 357,953 | | - |
| Total recovered costs | \$ 396,954 | \$ 396,954 | \$ 396,954 | \$ | - |
| Total revenue from local sources | \$ 406,054 | \$ 406,054 | \$ 419,986 | \$ | 13,932 |
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | |
| Revenues from local governments: | | | | | |
| Contribution from City of Lexington, Virginia | \$ 180,904 | \$ 180,904 | \$ 180,904 | \$ | - |
| Total Regional Tourism | \$ 586,958 | \$ 586,958 | \$ 600,890 | \$ | 13,932 |
| Total Nonmajor Component Units | \$ 2,025,690 | \$ 2,028,612 | \$ 2,023,003 | \$ | (5,609) |

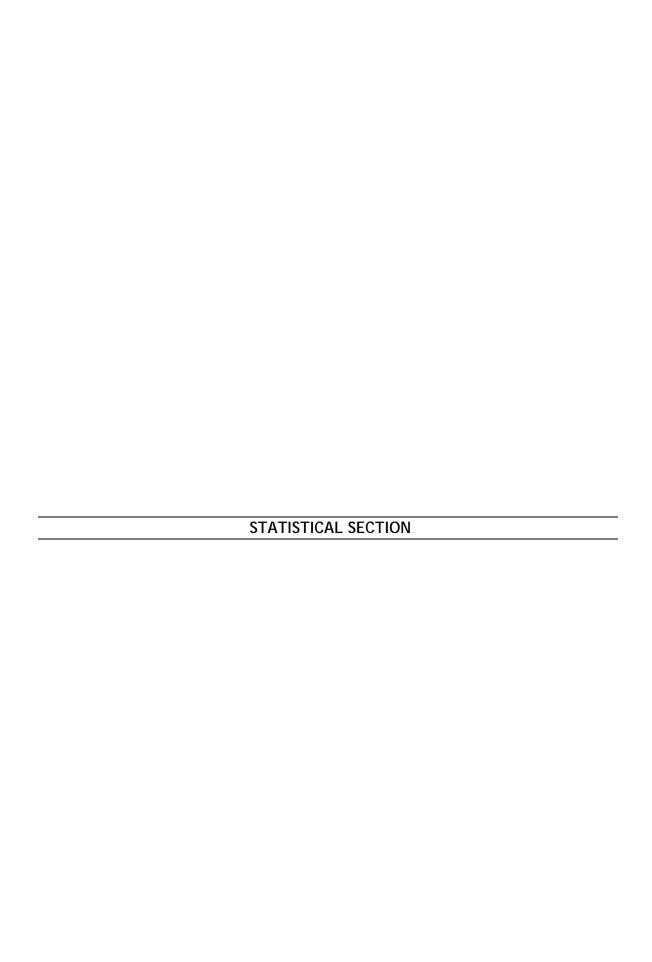
| Fund, Function, Activity and Element | | Original <u>Budget</u> | | Final <u>Budget</u> | | <u>Actual</u> | Fina | iance with al Budget - Positive <u>legative)</u> |
|--|----|---------------------------|----------|------------------------|----------|---|------|---|
| Primary Government: | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund: | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration: | | | | | | | | |
| Legislative: | | | | | | | | |
| City council | \$ | 49,197 | \$ | 50,257 | \$ | 52,065 | \$ | (1,808) |
| General and financial administration: | | | | | | | | |
| City manager | S | 177,539 | ς | 177,539 | ς | 175,362 | ς | 2,177 |
| Director of finance | * | 285,078 | ~ | 285,078 | 7 | 275,416 | 7 | 9,662 |
| City attorney | | 45,629 | | 45,629 | | 44,295 | | 1,334 |
| Commissioner of revenue | | 219,715 | | 219,715 | | 216,252 | | 3,463 |
| Assessment board | | 5,448 | | 5,448 | | 2,647 | | 2,801 |
| Treasurer | | 171,220 | | 183,209 | | 165,682 | | 17,527 |
| Human Resources | | 62,852 | | 62,852 | | 57,113 | | 5,739 |
| Information technology | | 144,187 | | 144,187 | | 137,486 | | 6,701 |
| Total general and financial administration | Ś | 1,111,668 | Ś | 1,123,657 | Ś | 1,074,253 | Ś | 49,404 |
| | | .,, | <u> </u> | .,,. | <u> </u> | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | |
| Board of elections: | | | | | | | | |
| Electoral board and officials | \$ | 53,309 | \$ | 53,309 | \$ | 50,987 | \$ | 2,322 |
| Total general government administration | \$ | 1,214,174 | \$ | 1,227,223 | \$ | 1,177,305 | \$ | 49,918 |
| Judicial administration: | | | | | | | | |
| Courts: | | | | | | | | |
| Judicial services | \$ | 245,580 | \$ | 208,978 | \$ | 204,592 | \$ | 4,386 |
| VJCCCA services | | 63,220 | | 63,220 | | 61,429 | | 1,791 |
| Total courts | \$ | 308,800 | \$ | 272,198 | \$ | 266,021 | \$ | 6,177 |
| Public safety: | | | | | | | | |
| Law enforcement and traffic control: | | | | | | | | |
| Police department | Ś | 1,483,619 | \$ | 1,524,459 | \$ | 1,471,319 | Ś | 53,140 |
| Contributions to Central dispatch - component unit | * | 172,160 | 7 | 172,160 | * | 172,028 | ~ | 132 |
| Total law enforcement and traffic control | Ś | 1,655,779 | \$ | 1,696,619 | \$ | 1,643,347 | \$ | 53,272 |
| | | .,, | | .,, | | .,, | | |
| Fire and rescue services: | | | | | | | | |
| Fire department | \$ | 348,617 | \$ | 356,079 | \$ | 226,600 | \$ | 129,479 |
| Rescue services | | 551,184 | | 551,184 | | 519,933 | | 31,251 |
| Fire department - reserve activity | | 12,500 | | 13,500 | | 10,853 | | 2,647 |
| Rescue services - reserve activity | | 5,000 | | 5,000 | | 3,948 | | 1,052 |
| Total fire and rescue services | \$ | 917,301 | \$ | 925,763 | \$ | 761,334 | \$ | 164,429 |
| Correction and detention: | | | | | | | | |
| Juvenile probation and detention | \$ | 75,660 | \$ | 77,640 | \$ | 53,999 | Ś | 23,641 |
| Special services | 7 | 77,737 | 7 | 77,737 | 7 | 59,649 | ~ | 18,088 |
| Total correction and detention | \$ | 153,397 | \$ | 155,377 | \$ | 113,648 | \$ | 41,729 |
| Total public safety | \$ | 2,726,477 | \$ | 2,777,759 | \$ | 2,518,329 | \$ | 259,430 |

| Fund, Function, Activity and Element | | Original <u>Budget</u> | | Final <u>Budget</u> | | <u>Actual</u> | Fin | iance with al Budget - Positive <u>Vegative)</u> |
|---|----|---------------------------|----|------------------------|----|---------------|-----|---|
| Primary Government: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| Public works: | | | | | | | | |
| Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: | | | | | | | | |
| Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks | \$ | 341,238 | \$ | 341,238 | \$ | 322,640 | \$ | 18,598 |
| Public works labor pool | | 232,797 | | 232,797 | | 95,750 | | 137,047 |
| Equipment operations | | 198,055 | | 198,055 | | 231,919 | | (33,864) |
| Pavement Maintenance | | 75,732 | | 122,208 | | 157,344 | | (35,136) |
| Drain Maintenance | | 57,909 | | 57,909 | | 50,639 | | 7,270 |
| Snow Removal | | 73,918 | | 73,918 | | 59,198 | | 14,720 |
| Traffic | | 261,275 | | 287,275 | | 237,751 | | 49,524 |
| Parking Garage | | 17,907 | | 17,907 | | 17,770 | | 137 |
| Emergency Need | | 2,573 | | 2,573 | | - | | 2,573 |
| Community activity support | | 49,879 | | 52,934 | | 45,787 | | 7,147 |
| Public works administration | | 158,349 | | 158,349 | | 141,644 | | 16,705 |
| Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges & sidewalks | \$ | 1,469,632 | \$ | 1,545,163 | \$ | 1,360,442 | \$ | 184,721 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Sanitation and waste removal: | | | | | | | | |
| Solid waste management | \$ | 932,855 | \$ | 932,855 | \$ | 818,536 | \$ | 114,319 |
| Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: | | | | | | | | |
| General properties | \$ | 105,250 | \$ | 105,250 | \$ | 89,198 | \$ | 16,052 |
| Park maintenance | | 205,222 | | 205,222 | | 200,236 | | 4,986 |
| Cemeteries maintenance | | 153,643 | | 153,643 | | 115,448 | | 38,195 |
| Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds | \$ | 464,115 | \$ | 464,115 | \$ | 404,882 | \$ | 59,233 |
| Total public works | \$ | 2,866,602 | \$ | 2,942,133 | \$ | 2,583,860 | \$ | 358,273 |
| Health and welfare: | | | | | | | | |
| Health: | | | | | | | | |
| Health and welfare | Ś | 647,982 | \$ | 686,936 | \$ | 684,089 | \$ | 2,847 |
| Youth services administration | 7 | 66,926 | 7 | 66,926 | ~ | 66,596 | 7 | 330 |
| Total health | \$ | 714,908 | \$ | 753,862 | \$ | 750,685 | \$ | 3,177 |
| | | , | | , | | , | | |
| Education: | | | | | | | | |
| Other instructional costs: | | | | | | | | |
| Contribution to City School Board - component unit | \$ | 2,368,566 | \$ | 3,868,566 | \$ | 3,868,566 | \$ | - |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural: | | | | | | | | |
| Parks and recreation: | | | | | | | | |
| Leisure services contributions | \$ | 247,592 | ¢ | 250,097 | ¢ | 250,097 | ¢ | _ |
| Municipal swimming pool | ڔ | 113,764 | ڔ | 123,745 | ڔ | 123,744 | ڔ | 1 |
| Contribution to RARO - component unit | | 80,820 | | 84,823 | | 84,822 | | 1 |
| Total parks and recreation | Ċ | 442,176 | Ś | | Ċ | | \$ | 2 |
| TOTAL PAIKS AND TECTEATION | Ş | 442,170 | Ş | 458,665 | \$ | 458,663 | ş | |

| Fund, Function, Activity and Element | | Original <u>Budget</u> | | Final <u>Budget</u> | | <u>Actual</u> | Fin | iance with al Budget - Positive <u>legative)</u> |
|--|----|---------------------------|----|------------------------|----|---------------|-----|---|
| Primary Government: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund: (Continued) | | | | | | | | |
| Community development: | | | | | | | | |
| Planning and community development: | | | | | | | _ | |
| Planning and development | \$ | 306,210 | \$ | 350,153 | \$ | 329,255 | \$ | 20,898 |
| Housing program | | 3,900 | | 14,234 | | 13,495 | | 739 |
| Tree board | | 30,722 | | 41,208 | | 39,982 | | 1,226 |
| Community development contributions | | 105,466 | | 790,717 | | 605,953 | | 184,764 |
| Water quality management | | - | | 7,656 | | - | | 7,656 |
| Contribution to regional tourism - component unit | _ | 180,904 | _ | 180,904 | | 180,904 | | - |
| Total planning and community development | \$ | 627,202 | \$ | 1,384,872 | \$ | 1,169,589 | \$ | 215,283 |
| Nondepartmental: | | | | | | | | |
| Nondepartmental | \$ | 75,800 | \$ | 4,842 | \$ | - | \$ | 4,842 |
| · | - | | | <u> </u> | | | | <u> </u> |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | \$ | 744,706 | \$ | 834,706 | \$ | 834,706 | \$ | - |
| Interest and other fiscal charges | | 504,345 | | 534,345 | | 534,345 | | - |
| Total debt service | \$ | 1,249,051 | \$ | 1,369,051 | \$ | 1,369,051 | \$ | - |
| Total General Fund | \$ | 12,593,756 | \$ | 15,059,171 | \$ | 14,162,069 | \$ | 897,102 |
| Capital Projects Fund: | | | | | | | | |
| Public safety: | | | | | | | | |
| Fire and rescue services: | | | | | | | | |
| Fire station exhaust ventilation system | \$ | 98,500 | \$ | 98,500 | \$ | - | \$ | 98,500 |
| Public works: | | | | | | | | |
| Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: | | | | | | | | |
| Courthouse square lot improvement | \$ | _ | \$ | 13,000 | ς | _ | \$ | 13,000 |
| Randolph street utility line | Y | 234,800 | ų | 462,963 | ٠ | 130,879 | 7 | 332,084 |
| Main and diamond traffic signal | | 26,000 | | -102,703 | | 130,077 | | - |
| Miscellaneous access improvements | | 5,000 | | 10,000 | | 8,536 | | 1,464 |
| Downtown improvements | | 3,000 | | 212 | | 0,330 | | 212 |
| New sidewalks | | 40,000 | | 24,250 | | _ | | 24,250 |
| Nelson street bridge | | -10,000 | | 42,783 | | 3,376 | | 39,407 |
| Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges | | | | 12,703 | | 3,370 | | 37, 107 |
| and sidewalks | \$ | 305,800 | \$ | 553,208 | \$ | 142,791 | \$ | 410,417 |
| Total public works | \$ | 305,800 | \$ | 553,208 | \$ | 142,791 | \$ | 410,417 |
| p | | , | | , | - | -, | • | -, |

| Fund, Function, Activity and Element | Original <u>Budget</u> | Final <u>Budget</u> | <u>Actual</u> | Fir | riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative) |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----|--|
| Primary Government: (Continued) Capital Projects Fund: (Continued) | | | | | |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural: | | | | | |
| Parks and recreation: | | | | | |
| Brewbaker athletic complex | \$ 11,000 | \$ 11,086 | \$ 11,072 | \$ | 14 |
| Jordan's point park | - | 118,753 | 16,704 | | 102,049 |
| Jordan's point park trail connection | - | 137,316 | 19,120 | | 118,196 |
| Brushy hill parking | - | 5,000 | 4,728 | | 272 |
| Total parks and recreation | \$ 11,000 | \$ 272,155 | \$ 51,624 | \$ | 220,531 |
| Total parks, recreation, and cultural | \$ 11,000 | \$ 272,155 | \$ 51,624 | \$ | 220,531 |
| Community development | | | | | |
| Planning and community development | | | | | |
| Thompson's knoll housing project | \$ - | \$ 24,403 | \$ 24,403 | | - |
| Total community development | \$ - | \$ 24,403 | \$ 24,403 | \$ | - |
| Total Capital Projects Fund | \$ 415,300 | \$ 948,266 | \$ 218,818 | \$ | 729,448 |
| Permanent Fund: | | | | | |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural: | | | | | |
| Parks and recreation: | | | | | |
| Cemetery | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 45,932 | \$ | (45,932) |
| Total Permanent Fund | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 45,932 | \$ | (45,932) |
| Total Primary Government | \$ 13,009,056 | \$ 16,007,437 | \$ 14,426,819 | \$ | 1,580,618 |
| Discretely Presented Component Units: Major Fund: | | | | | |
| School Operating Fund: Education: | | | | | |
| Administration of schools: | | | | | |
| Administration, attendance, & health | \$ 377,315 | \$ 380,089 | \$ 368,084 | \$ | 12,005 |
| Instruction costs: | | | | | |
| Classroom instruction | \$ 4,540,385 | \$ 4,965,975 | \$ 4,470,981 | \$ | 494,994 |
| | | | | - | <u> </u> |
| School food services: | | | | | |
| Administration of school food program | \$ 166,549 | \$ 166,549 | \$ 168,371 | \$ | (1,822) |
| Operating costs: | | | | | |
| Operation and maintenance of school plant | \$ 461,560 | \$ 471,560 | \$ 405,909 | \$ | 65,651 |
| Total education | \$ 5,545,809 | \$ 5,984,173 | \$ 5,413,345 | \$ | 570,828 |

| Fund, Function, Activity and Element | Original <u>Budget</u> | Final <u>Budget</u> | <u>Actual</u> | Fina | iance with al Budget - Positive <u>legative)</u> |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|------|---|
| Discretely Presented Component Units: (Continued) | | | | | |
| Major Fund: (Continued) | | | | | |
| School Operating Fund: (Continued) | | | | | |
| Education: (Continued) | | | | | |
| Capital projects: | | | | | |
| Middle school | \$ - | \$ 1,860,685 | \$ 1,778,862 | \$ | 81,823 |
| Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board | \$ 5,545,809 | \$ 7,844,858 | \$ 7,192,207 | \$ | 652,651 |
| Nonmajor Funds: | | | | | |
| Central Dispatch Fund: | | | | | |
| Public safety: | | | | | |
| Law enforcement and traffic control: | | | | | |
| Central dispatch | \$ 998,200 | \$ 1,059,904 | \$ 1,047,904 | \$ | 12,000 |
| Total Central Dispatch Fund | \$ 998,200 | \$ 1,059,904 | \$ 1,047,904 | \$ | 12,000 |
| Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization (RARO): | | | | | |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural: | | | | | |
| Parks and recreation: | | | | | |
| Administration | \$ 282,812 | \$ 282,812 | \$ 276,979 | \$ | 5,833 |
| Programs | 154,423 | 154,423 | 132,848 | | 21,575 |
| Total parks and recreation | \$ 437,235 | \$ 437,235 | \$ 409,827 | \$ | 27,408 |
| Total Rockbridge Area Recreation Organization (RARO) | \$ 437,235 | \$ 437,235 | \$ 409,827 | \$ | 27,408 |
| Regional Tourism: | | | | | |
| Community development: | | | | | |
| Planning and community development: | | | | | |
| Tourism | \$ 586,958 | \$ 586,958 | \$ 522,455 | \$ | 64,503 |
| Total Regional Tourism | \$ 586,958 | \$ 586,958 | \$ 522,455 | \$ | 64,503 |
| Total Nonmajor Component Units | \$ 2,022,393 | \$ 2,084,097 | \$ 1,980,186 | \$ | 103,911 |



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Lexington, Virginia's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

| Contents | Page |
|---|------|
| Financial Trends | 90 |
| These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. | |
| Revenue Capacity | 99 |
| These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. | |
| Debt Capacity | 103 |
| These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future. | |
| Demographic and Economic Information | 107 |
| These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place. | |
| Operating Information | 109 |
| These shedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader | |

These shedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB 34 in the fiscal year 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

City of Lexington, Virginia Net Assets by Component Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) (accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

| | 2003 | 2 | 2004 | 2002 | | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | | 5000 | 2010 | 2011 |
|---|---------------------|------|-------|-----------|----|---------|-----------|----------|----------|--------|--|-----------|
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | \$ 3,696 | Ş | 2,164 | \$ 6,443 | ٠, | (4,091) | \$ 9,40 | 11,61 | ∠ | 6,086 | \$ 3,696 \$ 2,164 \$ 6,443 \$ (4,091) \$ 9,404 \$ 11,611 \$ 6,086 \$ 7,378 \$ 6,955 | \$ 6,95 |
| Restricted | 1,272 | | 1,322 | 1,404 | | 1,394 | 1,522 | 1,434 | 4 | 1,269 | 1,314 | 1,479 |
| Unrestricted | 7,629 | | 6,930 | 7,101 | | 18,925 | 7,113 | 4,219 | 6 | 7,682 | 9,977 | 9,721 |
| Total governmental activities net assets | \$ 12,597 | \$ 1 | 0,416 | \$ 14,948 | \$ | 16,228 | \$ 18,039 | \$ 17,26 | 4 \$ | 15,037 | \$ 12,597 \$ 10,416 \$ 14,948 \$ 16,228 \$ 18,039 \$ 17,264 \$ 15,037 \$ 18,669 | \$ 18,155 |
| • | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | \$ 694 | Ş | 963 | \$ 1,247 | ٠ | 1,332 | \$ 1,635 | 1,81 | 2 \$ | 1,864 | 694 \$ 963 \$ 1,247 \$ 1,332 \$ 1,635 \$ 1,812 \$ 1,864 \$ 1,921 \$ 2,036 | \$ 2,03 |
| Unrestricted | 2,054 | | 1,542 | 1,188 | | 954 | 546 | 561 | _ | 627 | 834 | 1,204 |
| Total business-type activities | \$ 2,748 | ş | 2,505 | \$ 2,435 | \$ | 2,286 | \$ 2,181 | \$ 2,37 | 3 \$ | 2,491 | 2,748 \$ 2,505 \$ 2,435 \$ 2,286 \$ 2,181 \$ 2,373 \$ 2,491 \$ 2,755 \$ 3,240 | \$ 3,24 |
| • | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary Government | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | \$ 4,390 | Ş | 3,127 | \$ 7,690 | \$ | (2,759) | \$ 11,039 | \$ 13,42 | 3 | 7,950 | \$ 4,390 \$ 3,127 \$ 7,690 \$ (2,759) \$ 11,039 \$ 13,423 \$ 7,950 \$ 9,299 \$ 8,991 | \$ 8,99 |
| Restricted for perpetual care | 1,272 | | 1,322 | 1,404 | | 1,394 | 1,522 | 1,434 | 4 | 1,269 | 1,314 | 1,479 |
| Unrestricted | 9,683 | | 8,472 | 8,289 | _ | 19,879 | 7,659 | 4,780 | 0 | 8,309 | 10,811 | 10,925 |
| Total primary government net assets | \$ 15,345 \$ 12,921 | \$ 1 | 2,921 | \$ 17,383 | \$ | 18,514 | \$ 20,220 | \$ 19,63 | \$ 2 | 17,528 | \$ 17,383 \$ 18,514 \$ 20,220 \$ 19,637 \$ 17,528 \$ 21,424 \$ 21,395 | \$ 21,39 |

(1) Accrual basis financial information is available back to fiscal year 2003 when the city implemented GASB 34.

City of Lexington, Virginia Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | | | | | Fisca | Fiscal Year | | | | |
|--|----|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|-------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|
| | | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | . 7 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration | s | 863 \$ | | \$ 929 | \$ 1,036 | 36 \$ | 1,121 \$ | | | 1,292 \$ | 1,222 |
| Judicial administration | | 105 | 433 | 474 | 551 | 51 | 1,281 | 3,252 | 2,813 | 258 | 264 |
| Public Safety | | 1,677 | 1,863 | 2,082 | 2,151 | 51 | 2,178 | 2,425 | 2,684 | 2,586 | 2,569 |
| Public Works | | 2,256 | 2,036 | 2,468 | 2,793 | 93 | 2,362 | 3,005 | 3,063 | 2,971 | 3,046 |
| Health and welfare | | 495 | 749 | 746 | 654 | 54 | 269 | 628 | 292 | 652 | 751 |
| Education | | 1,844 | 2,066 | 1,758 | 1,806 | 90 | 1,893 | 2,187 | 2,553 | 1,874 | 3,008 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 463 | 401 | 468 | 27, | 529 | 518 | 672 | 871 | 009 | 530 |
| Community development | | 492 | 518 | 54 | 55 | 558 | 811 | 759 | 706 | 716 | 1,196 |
| Non-departmental | | 218 | 188 | 156 | , | 38 | | | 10 | | • |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 2 | 9 | 3 | 33 | 383 | 725 | 615 | 584 | 295 | 602 |
| Total governmental activities expenses | ¢, | 8,418 \$ | 9,374 | \$ 9,625 | \$ 10,499 | \$ 66 | 11,458 \$ | 14,842 \$ | ; 15,101 \$ | 11,511 \$ | 13,188 |
| Business-type activities: Water & Sewer | v | 3,623 \$ | 3,730 | \$ 4,119 | \$ 4,348 | 48 \$ | 4,311 \$ | 4,478 \$ | 4,497 \$ | 4,510 \$ | 4,724 |
| Total business-type activities | s | 3,623 \$ | 3,730 | \$ 4,119 | \$ 4,348 | 48 \$ | 4,311 \$ | 4,478 \$ | \$ 4,497 \$ | 4,510 \$ | 4,724 |
| Total primary government expenses | \$ | 12,041 \$ | 13,104 | \$ 13,744 | \$ 14,847 | 47 \$ | 15,769 \$ | 19,320 \$ | ; 19,598 \$ | 16,021 \$ | 17,912 |

City of Lexington, Virginia Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | Fisc 2006 | Fiscal Year 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
|---|----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| Program Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration | S | ٠ | 312 \$ | 47 \$ | 51 \$ | \$ 09 | 52 \$ | 57 \$ | \$ 89 | 28 |
| Judicial administration | | 46 | | 61 | 09 | | 106 | 124 | 95 | 104 |
| Public Safety | | 182 | 164 | 388 | 318 | 274 | 386 | 410 | 465 | 415 |
| Public Works | | 376 | 272 | 322 | 375 | 407 | 349 | 365 | 384 | 370 |
| Health and welfare | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | ٣ | ٣ | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 219 | 123 | 29 | 73 | 84 | 93 | 88 | 26 | 86 |
| Community development | | | 3 | | | - | 2 | 2 | | |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 1,020 | 1,264 | 1,327 | 1,269 | 1,332 | 1,327 | 1,188 | 1,327 | 1,256 |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 177 | | 15 | 4 | 136 | 100 | 61 | 120 | 126 |
| Total governmental activities program revenues | s | 2,022 \$ | 2,140 \$ | 2,229 \$ | 2,192 \$ | 2,297 \$ | 2,418 \$ | 2,300 \$ | 2,560 \$ | 2,431 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: Water & Gawar | v | 3 415 \$ | 2 473 5 | 7 040 | 4 212 \$ | 4 206 | \$ 649 7 | 4 615 \$ | 4 733 \$ | 200 |
| water a sewer Capital grants and contributions | n | | | | | | | | | |
| Total business-type activities program revenues | s | 3,415 \$ | 3,473 \$ | 4,049 \$ | 4,212 \$ | 4,206 \$ | 4,669 \$ | 4,615 \$ | 4,773 \$ | 5,209 |
| Total primary government program revenues | ν | 5,437 \$ | 5,613 \$ | 6,278 \$ | 6,404 \$ | 6,503 \$ | 7,087 \$ | 6,915 \$ | 7,333 \$ | 7,640 |
| Net (expense)/revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | s | \$ (968,9) | (7,234) \$ | (7,396) \$ | (8,307) \$ | (9,161) \$ | (12,424) \$ | (12,801) \$ | (8,951) \$ | (10,757) |
| Business-type activities | | (208) | (257) | (20) | (136) | (105) | 191 | 118 | 263 | 485 |
| Total primary government net expense | Ş | (6,604) \$ | (7,491) \$ | (7,466) \$ | (8,443) \$ | \$ (9,266) | (12,233) \$ | (12,683) \$ | (8,688) \$ | (10,272) |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Droporty to con | v | | | | | | | | | 4 300 |
| Property taxes | ^ | 5,079 \$ | 5,048 \$ | 3,085 \$ | 5,922 5 | 5,990 \$ | 4,141 > | 4,337 \$ | 4,60/ > | 4,309 |
| Local sales and use taxes | | 041 | 199 | 040 | 70 | /49 | 795 | 1,41 | //3 | /86 |
| l axes on recordation and wills | | 39 | 46 | /9 | 0 | ۲) | 19 | 4/ | 44 | 20 |
| Motor vehicle licenses taxes | | 92 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 64 | 92 | 63 | 28 | |

City of Lexington, Virginia Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | | | | Fisc | Fiscal Year | | | | |
|---|--------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------|
| | | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets (Continued) | 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: (Continued) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: (Continued) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Consumer utility taxes | s | \$ 805 | 515 \$ | 520 \$ | 504 \$ | 366 | | 312 \$ | 312 \$ | 313 |
| Business licenses taxes | | 425 | 473 | 488 | 528 | 552 | 809 | 603 | 534 | 513 |
| Restaurant food taxes | | 496 | 542 | 553 | 551 | 280 | 265 | 634 | 620 | 645 |
| Hotel and motel room taxes | | 103 | 109 | 175 | 188 | 203 | 207 | 204 | 205 | 217 |
| Communications taxes | | | | | | 158 | 369 | 335 | 337 | |
| Other local taxes | | 195 | 180 | 180 | 195 | 135 | 99 | 72 | 141 | 164 |
| Unrestricted grants and contributions | | 579 | 604 | 554 | 260 | 613 | 638 | 573 | 603 | 938 |
| Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property | | 290 | 130 | 416 | 684 | 1,204 | 767 | 222 | 169 | 188 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,362 | 1,683 | 1,451 | 1,568 | 1,999 | 2,995 | 2,382 | 2,279 | 2,120 |
| Transfers | | | | | 12 | • | • | | | • |
| Gain on sale of assets | | | | | | | | | 1,926 | |
| Total governmental activities | s | 7,782 \$ | \$,056 \$ | 8,200 \$ | 9,587 \$ | 10,721 \$ | 11,649 \$ | 10,575 \$ | 12,583 \$ | 10,243 |
| Business-type activities: Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property | s | <u>ه</u> | ب | ب | ب | , | <u>۰</u> | <u>۰</u> | - - | |
| Miscellaneous | | 15 | 13 | | • | | | | • | |
| Transfers | | • | • | , | (12) | • | • | | | |
| Total business-type activities | s | 15 \$ | 13 \$ | . | (12) \$ | \$ - | , | · · | 1 \$ | |
| Total primary government | σ | \$ 7,797 | \$ 690'8 | 8,200 \$ | 9,575 \$ | 10,721 \$ | 11,649 \$ | 10,575 \$ | 12,584 \$ | 10,243 |
| Change in Net Assets Governmental activities | ۰ | 1,387 \$ | 822 \$ | 804 \$ | 1,280 \$ | 1,560 \$ | \$ (272) | (2,226) \$ | 3,632 \$ | (514) |
| Business-type activities | | (193) | (244) | (20) | (148) | (105) | 191 | 118 | 264 | 485 |
| Total primary government | \$ | 1,194 \$ | 578 \$ | 734 \$ | 1,132 \$ | 1,455 \$ | (584) \$ | (2,108) \$ | 3,896 \$ | (29) |

(1) Accrual basis financial information is available back to fiscal year 2003 when the city implemented GASB 34.

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) (modified accrual basis of accounting) City of Lexington, Virginia

| Total | 7,088,745 | 7,448,527 | 7,499,153 | 7,222,594 | 6,828,547 | 6,147,196 | 5,819,658 | 5,704,033 | 5,379,467 |
|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | \$ | | | | | | | | |
| Other Local Tax (2) | 27,617 | 28,255 | 27,963 | 27,416 | 84,681 | 117,427 | 123,657 | 130,481 | 138,315 |
| | s | | | | | | | | |
| Restaurant Food Tax | 644,721 | 620,422 | 633,501 | 596,602 | 580,080 | 551,363 | 552,946 | 541,988 | 496,443 |
| | ٠ | | | | _ | | | | _ |
| Hotel & Motel Room Tax | S | | | | | | | 109,141 | |
| Recordation and Wills Tax | 50,127 | 49,360 | 46,559 | 61,427 | 74,877 | 70,330 | 67,102 | 45,628 | 39,058 |
| 8 " | s | | | | | | | | |
| Bank Stock Tax | 136,218 | 112,451 | 44,386 | 39,413 | 50,363 | 76,839 | 55,932 | 49,275 | 56,395 |
| | \$ | 9 | 7 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 7 |
| Motor Vehicle License Tax | 40 | 27,78 | 62,65 | 65,47 | 63,59 | 64,86 | 65,32 | 64,983 | 64,68 |
| ommunications Sales and Use Tax (2) | , | 336,598 | 335,199 | 368,921 | 158,198 | • | • | • | |
| ō is | s | | | | | | | | |
| Business License Tax | 513,546 | 534,270 | 602,665 | 607,520 | 552,145 | 527,575 | 488,447 | 472,684 | 424,693 |
| | s | | | | | | | | |
| Consumer Utility Tax (2) | 312,810 | 312,122 | 312,078 | 310,248 | 398,743 | 503,772 | 519,509 | 515,744 | 508,035 |
| Local Sales and Use Tax | 785,995 \$ | 772,970 | 791,395 | 794,444 | 749,153 | 710,095 | 646,198 | 661,378 | 641,128 |
| _ | s | | | | | | | | |
| Property Tax | 4,400,432 | 4,448,766 | 4,438,289 | 4,144,128 | 3,914,166 | 3,337,123 | 3,125,624 | 3,112,731 | 2,907,527 |
| | s | | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal Year | 2010-11 | 2009-10 | 2008-09 | 2007-08 | 2006-07 | 2005-06 | 2004-05 | 2003-04 | 2002-03 |

(1) Financial information is available back to fiscal year 2003 when the city implemented GASB 34.
(2) The state began a 5% communications sales and use tax on January 1, 2007. This tax was recorded as a local tax beginning in that fiscal year. Beginning in the 2010-11 fiscal year the City has been informed that the tax should be recorded as revenues from the Commonwealth. The state collects the Telephone utility taxes, local E-911 taxes, and cable television system franchise fees and redistributes .076958% of the total collections based on a pre-certified calculation of each jurisdiction's allocation percentage as reported to the State Auditor of Public Accounts for revenue collections for each fiscal year.

City of Lexington, Virginia Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | | 2002 | | 2003 | , , | 2004 | 2005 | | Fisca 2006 | Fiscal Year | r 2007 | 2008 | | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 (1) |
|---|----------|----------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|------|--------------|------------------------|-----------|---|-------------|--------------|--------------|------------|--|--------------|---|
| General Fund Reserved Unreserved Nonspendable Committed Assigned Unassigned | w | 38,104 \$ 5,638,868 - - | | 30,339 5,893,300 5,893,300 | \$ 2 | 5,805,400 | 6,902,072 6,902,072 | \$ 000 \$ | 35,900 7,488,971 - | \$ | 8,573,394 | 8,690,276 | \$ - \$ \$ | 6,842,571 | 8,902,100 | \$ - 104,062 1,205,144 247,525 7,206,302 |
| Total general fund | \$ | 5,676,972 \$ 5,923,639 | \$ | | \$ 2 | 5,805,400 \$ | \$ 6,937,972 | \$ 22 | 7,524,871 | \$ | 8,573,394 \$ | \$ 8,690,276 | \$ 927, | 6,842,571 \$ | \$ 8,902,100 | \$ 8,763,033 |
| All other governmental funds Reserved, reported in: Permanent Fund | √ | 1.242.095 \$ 1.272.000 | \$ | | \$ | .321.765 | 5. 1.404.4 | 36 \$ | \$ 1.321.765 \$ 1.404.436 \$ 1.394.353 \$ | Ş | 1.521.393 | 5 1.434 | .253 \$ | 1.521.393 \$ 1.434.253 \$ 1.268.677 \$ 1.314.149 | | , • |
| Capital Projects Special revenues | | 511,000 | + | | | 183,400 | | • | ' ' | | | • | · ' ' | | | |
| Unreserved, reported in: Capital Projects | | 1,512,301 | | 306,616 | | 269,430 | 254,488 | 88 | 10,890,018 | | 8,912,026 | 3,033,371 | ,371 | 224,876 | 185,226 | |
| Special revenues Nonspendable | | (628) | | 2,387 | | 1,897 | | | • | | | | | | | |
| Permanent Fund Restricted | | | | • | | 1 | | 1 | • | | | | | • | | 180,562 |
| Permanent Fund Committed | | • | | • | | • | | | • | | • | | | • | ı | 1,194,752 |
| Capital Projects | | | | ı | | • | | | • | | | | | • | ı | 271,289 |

(1) The City implemented GASB 54 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011.

Total all other governmental funds \$ 3,268,202 \$ 1,923,935 \$ 1,776,492 \$ 1,658,924 \$ 12,284,371 \$ 10,433,419 \$ 4,467,624 \$ 1,493,553 \$ 1,499,375 \$ 1,646,603

City of Lexington, Virginia Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Nine Fiscal Years (1)

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | | | | | | | -, | | | | | | | | | _ | |
|---|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|----------|-----|----------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|
| | | | | | | | | | Fis | cal Year | | | | | | | | |
| | | 2003 | | 2004 | | 2005 | | 2006 | | 2007 | | 2008 | | 2009 | _ | 2010 | | 2011 |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | \$ | 2,908 | \$ | 3,113 | \$ | 3,126 | \$ | 3,337 | \$ | 3,914 | \$ | 4,144 | \$ | 4,438 | \$ | 4,449 | \$ | 4,400 |
| Other local taxes | | 2,472 | | 2,591 | | 2,694 | | 2,810 | | 2,914 | | 3,078 | | 3,061 | | 3,000 | | 2,688 |
| Licenses and permits | | 30 | | 50 | | 145 | | 56 | | 180 | | 108 | | 79 | | 100 | | 56 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 97 | | 82 | | 105 | | 94 | | 104 | | 106 | | 124 | | 95 | | 100 |
| Use of money & property | | 291 | | 130 | | 415 | | 684 | | 1,204 | | 797 | | 222 | | 169 | | 188 |
| Charges for services | | 415 | | 548 | | 637 | | 729 | | 829 | | 777 | | 848 | | 918 | | 894 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,363 | | 1,529 | | 1,451 | | 1,568 | | 1,999 | | 2,995 | | 2,382 | | 2,279 | | 2,120 |
| Recovered costs | | 281 | | 121 | | 158 | | 207 | | 208 | | 255 | | 180 | | 179 | | 155 |
| Intergovernmental | | 1,776 | | 1,867 | | 1,896 | | 1,903 | | 2,082 | | 2,065 | | 1,821 | | 2,050 | | 2,320 |
| Total revenues | \$ | 9,633 | \$ | 10,031 | \$ | 10,627 | \$ | 11,388 | \$ | 13,434 | \$ | 14,325 | \$ | 13,155 | \$ | 13,239 | \$ | 12,921 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration | \$ | 857 | \$ | 865 | \$ | 901 | \$ | 1,000 | \$ | 1,025 | \$ | 1,141 | Ś | 1.175 | \$ | 1,204 | \$ | 1,168 |
| Judicial administration | • | 56 | • | 433 | • | 474 | • | 551 | • | 1,385 | • | 3,252 | • | 4,389 | • | 259 | • | 266 |
| Public safety | | 1,662 | | 1,905 | | 2,100 | | 3,049 | | 2,340 | | 2,377 | | 2,689 | | 2,540 | | 2,490 |
| Public works | | 2,132 | | 2,271 | | 2,583 | | 2,738 | | 2,140 | | 2,630 | | 3,002 | | 2,624 | | 2,719 |
| Health and Welfare | | 497 | | 749 | | 745 | | 653 | | 569 | | 628 | | 565 | | 652 | | 751 |
| Education | | 1,844 | | 2,066 | | 1,758 | | 1,806 | | 1,893 | | 1,484 | | 2,553 | | 1,873 | | 2,858 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 420 | | 372 | | 474 | | 516 | | 487 | | 1,310 | | 1,539 | | 533 | | 448 |
| Community development | | 491 | | 515 | | 537 | | 575 | | 768 | | 757 | | 697 | | 711 | | 1,194 |
| Nondepartmental | | 5 | | 4 | | 3 | | 38 | | 36 | | 193 | | 95 | | / 1 1 | | 1,174 |
| Capital outlay(2) | | 1,544 | | 63 | | - | | 313 | | 2,164 | | 4,794 | | - | | 8,437 | | 1,164 |
| Debt service: | | 1,344 | | 03 | | - | | 313 | | 2,104 | | 4,774 | | - | | 0,437 | | 1,104 |
| | | 669 | | 716 | | 668 | | 697 | | 748 | | 1,000 | | 689 | | 1 220 | | 835 |
| Principal | | | | 195 | | | | 390 | | | | 608 | | | | 1,328 | | |
| Interest | | 218 | | | | 167 | | | | 681 | | 608 | | 574 | | 560 | | 534 |
| Bond Issuance Costs | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 115 | | - |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 10,395 | \$ | 10,154 | \$ | 10,410 | \$ | 12,326 | \$ | 14,236 | \$ | 20,174 | \$ | 17,967 | \$ | 20,836 | \$ | 14,427 |
| Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures | \$ | (762) | \$ | (123) | \$ | 217 | \$ | (938) | \$ | (802) | \$ | (5,849) | \$ | (4,812) | \$ | (7,597) | \$ | (1,506) |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$ | 397 | \$ | 742 | \$ | 758 | \$ | 11,457 | \$ | 399 | \$ | 970 | \$ | 1,640 | \$ | 85 | \$ | 177 |
| Transfers out | | (397) | | (742) | | (758) | | (11,445) | | (399) | | (970) | | (1,650) | | (95) | | (193 |
| Bonds issued | | 385 | | - | | - | | 12,000 | | - | | - | | - | | 8,410 | | 1,530 |
| Discount on bonds issued | | - | | - | | - | | | | | | | | | | (787) | | - |
| Payments to refunded bond escrow agent | | (385) | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Sale of capital assets | | - | | 72 | | - | | 138 | | - | | - | | - | | 2,049 | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$ | - | \$ | 72 | \$ | - | \$ | 12,150 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | (10) | \$ | 9,662 | \$ | 1,514 |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ | (762) | \$ | (51) | \$ | 217 | \$ | 11,212 | \$ | (802) | \$ | (5,849) | \$ | (4,822) | \$ | 2,065 | \$ | 8 |
| Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures | 5 | 10.0% | | 9.0% | | 8.0% | | 9.0% | | 11.8% | | 10.5% | | 7.0% | | 15.4% | | 10.3% |

⁽¹⁾ Information available for nine years only.

⁽²⁾ Capital outlay has been reclassified as a separate item for calculation of debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures.

City of Lexington, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Total | \$ 1,369,051 \$ 19,292,892 | 26,303,375 | 22,923,952 | 25,268,779 | 19,252,432 | 17,315,676 | 15,283,963 | 14,060,940 | 14,569,083 | 15,991,162 |
|--|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Debt Service | \$ 1,369,051 | 2,002,705 | 1,263,770 | 1,607,612 | 1,429,796 | 1,086,882 | 833,905 | 911,018 | 887,544 | 780,759 |
| Capital Outlay and Non- departmental | \$ 1,778,862 | 7,638,873 | 359,516 | 192,983 | 35,975 | 350,996 | 38,249 | 120,046 | 1,677,516 | 3,411,865 |
| Community Development (2) | \$ 1,535,543 | | 1,047,911 | 1,045,409 | 1,069,282 | 966,198 | 914,091 | 867,093 | 971,405 | 1,077,661 |
| Parks, Recreation, and Cultural (2) | \$ 881,224 | 1,263,941 | 1,907,914 | 1,698,457 | 913,248 | 726,170 | 677,883 | 576,094 | 686,484 | 719,221 |
| Education (2) | \$ 5,413,345 | 5,619,260 | 5,686,236 | 5,852,973 | 5,403,947 | 5,463,824 | 5,334,003 | 4,770,134 | 4,500,186 | 4,453,840 |
| Health and Welfare | \$ 750,685 | 652,146 | 565,015 | 628,278 | 569,253 | 653,409 | 745,121 | 749,376 | 496,689 | 412,206 |
| Public Works | \$ 2,726,651 | 2,652,364 | 3,001,609 | 6,496,448 | 3,713,453 | 2,738,068 | 2,583,410 | 2,270,840 | 2,131,821 | 2,009,110 |
| Public Safety (2) | 3,394,205 | 3,931,851 | 3,528,376 | 3,219,052 | 3,691,711 | 3,779,809 | 2,782,569 | 2,498,341 | 2,304,799 | 2,259,183 |
| Judicial Administration | \$ 266,021 \$ | | 4,388,867 | 3,230,809 | 1,384,967 | 550,742 | 474,092 | 433,481 | 55,920 | 58,260 |
| General Government Administration | \$ 1,177,305 | | 1,174,738 | ` | • | | | | | |
| Fiscal Year | 2010-11 | 2009-10 | 2008-09 | 2007-08 | 2006-07 | 2005-06 | 2004-05 | 2003-04 | 2002-03 | 2001-02 |

(1) Includes General, Capital Projects and Permanent funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Units. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Units.

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) City of Lexington, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Total | 17,793,448 | 18,987,176 | 18,515,329 | 19,403,094 | 18,649,737 | 16,449,155 | 15,480,051 | 13,937,638 | 13,843,073 | 13,972,109 |
|--|---------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | \$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Inter- governmental (2) | 5,474,333 \$ | 6,066,781 | 5,400,599 | 5,514,358 | 5,528,163 | 5,551,689 | 5,378,683 | 4,485,771 | 4,391,787 | 4,304,518 |
| 9006 | \$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Recovered Costs | \$ 1,486,532 | 1,525,785 | 1,573,645 | 1,492,906 | 1,667,106 | 1,368,560 | 1,301,229 | 1,178,062 | 904,179 | 910,291 |
| Miscellaneous | \$ 2,163,175 | 2,309,581 | 2,402,114 | 3,022,196 | 2,026,288 | 1,582,795 | 1,458,544 | 1,542,882 | 1,465,768 | 1,365,523 |
| Charges for Services | 5 1,233,914 | 1,269,175 | 1,210,743 | 1,133,526 | 1,105,553 | 955,631 | 853,983 | 763,937 | 1,277,160 | 1,215,547 |
| Revenue from the Use of Money and Property | \$ 191,010 \$ | 172,102 | 225,741 | 803,145 | 1,210,016 | 693,539 | 418,290 | 131,132 | 297,584 | 426,194 |
| Fines and Forfeitures | \$ 99,749 | 95,052 | 124,101 | 106,274 | 103,998 | 93,712 | 105,092 | 82,184 | 96,673 | 97,910 |
| Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses | \$ 55,990 | 100,173 | 79,233 | 108,095 | 180,066 | 56,033 | 144,572 | 49,637 | 30,455 | 216,269 |
| Other Local Taxes | 2,688,313 | 2,999,761 | 3,060,864 | 3,078,466 | 2,914,381 | 2,810,073 | 2,694,034 | 2,591,302 | 2,471,940 | 2,454,349 |
| | \$ | | | | | | | | | |
| General Property Taxes | 4,400,432 | 4,448,766 | 4,438,289 | 4,144,128 | 3,914,166 | 3,337,123 | 3,125,624 | 3,112,731 | 2,907,527 | 2,981,508 |
| | \$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal Year | 2010-11 \$ | 2009-10 | 2008-09 | 2007-08 | 2006-07 | 2005-06 | 2004-05 | 2003-04 | 2002-03 | 2001-02 |

(1) Includes General, Capital Projects and Permanent funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Units.

(2) Excludes contributions from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Units.

City of Lexington, Virginia Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Six Fiscal Years (1) (in thousands of dollars)

| | Real P | roperty | Personal | Property | - | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | Residential Property | Commercial Property | Motor Vehicles | Other | Less: Tax Exempt Real Property | Total Taxable Assessed Value | Total Direct Tax Rate | Estimated Actual Taxable Value | Assessed Value as a percentage of Actual Value |
| 2011 | \$ 457,743 | \$ 733,849 | \$ 28,783 | \$ 3,575 | \$ 609,459 | \$ 614,491 | \$ 9.045 | \$ 1,223,951 | 50.21% |
| 2010 | 481,790 | 651,114 | 27,674 | 3,843 | 529,967 | 634,454 | 8.282 | 1,164,421 | 54.49% |
| 2009 | 481,194 | 650,986 | 26,873 | 3,386 | 531,597 | 630,842 | 7.936 | 1,162,439 | 54.27% |
| 2008 | 484,024 | 650,337 | 31,689 | 4,774 | 531,915 | 638,909 | 7.907 | 1,170,824 | 54.57% |
| 2007 | 471,783 | 648,314 | 30,109 | 3,610 | 534,495 | 619,321 | 7.456 | 1,153,816 | 53.68% |
| 2006 | 317,356 | 553,584 | 30,084 | 3,927 | 460,071 | 444,880 | 9.204 | 904,951 | 49.16% |

⁽¹⁾ City began recording this information in 2006.

Source: Commissioner of Revenue

City of Lexington, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | Personal | Property | 4.25 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Public Utility | Per | Pro | ∽ | | | | | | | | | |
| Public | Real | Estate | 0.675 | 0.64 | 0.62 | 0.58 | 0.62 | 99.0 | 0.64 | 0.69 | 0.72 | 69.0 |
| | | | Ş | | | | | | | | | |
| | Machinery _ | and Tools | 4.25 | 4.25 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 |
| | | | Ş | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 0.70 | 0.65 | 0.64 | 09.0 | 0.56 | 0.67 | 0.64 | 0.64 | 0.73 | 0.70 |
| | Mobile | Homes | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Ş | | | | | | | | | |
| | Personal | Property | 4.25 | 4.25 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 |
| | | | s | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Real Estate | 0.70 | 0.65 | 0.64 | 09.0 | 0.56 | 0.67 | 0.64 | 0.64 | 0.73 | 0.70 |
| | | ~ | Ş | | | | | | | | | |
| | Fiscal | Year | 2010-11 | 2009-10 | 2008-09 | 2007-08 | 2006-07 | 2005-06 | 2004-05 | 2003-04 | 2002-03 | 2001-02 |

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value. Source: Commissioner of Revenue

City of Lexington, Virginia Principal Taxpayers June 30, 2011

| | Fiscal yea | Fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 | e 30, 2011 | Fiscal yea | Fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 | e 30, 2002 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | Percent of | | | Percent of |
| | Assessed | | Total Assessed | Assessed | | Total Assessed |
| Taxpayer Name | Valuation | Rank | Valuation (1) | Valuation | Rank | Valuation (2) |
| Washington and Lee University | 6,559,100 | ~ | 1.13% | 3,038,700 | 4 | 0.91% |
| Central Telephone of Virginia | 6,354,520 | 2 | 1.09% | 6,931,441 | ~ | 2.08% |
| HI of Lexington, LLC | 5,936,800 | ٣ | 1.02% | 3,251,000 | 3 | 0.98% |
| Virginia Electric and Power Company | 5,154,624 | 4 | 0.89% | 4,135,245 | 2 | 1.24% |
| Walker/Wood LC & Woods Family Trust | 3,853,700 | 2 | %99.0 | 2,081,700 | 10 | 0.63% |
| Rockbridge Square Associates | 3,497,400 | 9 | %09.0 | 2,942,400 | 2 | 0.89% |
| HCMF XXII LTD Partnership | 3,428,200 | 7 | 0.59% | 2,623,800 | 9 | 0.79% |
| Summit Square Partners | 3,084,300 | ∞ | 0.53% | | | |
| Kroger Partnership | 3,075,600 | 6 | 0.53% | | | |
| Weatherburn Development LLC | 2,964,700 | 10 | 0.51% | • | | 0.00% |
| Lexington Medical Buildings | | | | 2,306,200 | 7 | %69.0 |
| Lexington House Associates | | | | 2,271,300 | 8 | 0.68% |
| IRT Property | | | | 2,082,700 | 6 | 0.63% |
| | \$ 43,908,944 | | 7.54% | \$ 31,664,486 | | 9.52% |

(1) Total assessed valuation of real estate was \$582,133,241 as of June 30, 2011.(2) Total assessed valuation of real estate was \$332,447,630 as of June 30, 2002.Source: Commissioner of Revenue and Finance Department

City of Lexington, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy | 13.30% | 13.98% | 13.07% | 15.24% | 14.95% | 14.44% | 12.09% | 14.84% | 16.58% | 17.44% |
|---|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,3) | \$ 699,266 | 711,451 | 632,988 | 734,963 | 662,871 | 568,484 | 458,027 | 543,329 | 587,249 | 590,489 |
| Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy (4) | 93.81% \$ | %08.76 | 100.30% | 98.14% | 100.84% | 97.93% | 95.84% | 98.97% | 96.13% | 100.19% |
| Total Tax Collections | \$ 4,933,573 | 4,977,470 | 4,856,582 | 4,733,054 | 4,471,453 | 3,855,110 | 3,630,450 | 3,623,770 | 3,404,948 | 3,392,838 |
| Delinquent Tax Collections (1) | 67,102 | 86,242 | 42,712 | 63,178 | 72,851 | 74,758 | 66,926 | 66,737 | 50,628 | 74,204 |
| Percent of Levy Collected (| 92.54% \$ | 96.10% | 99.41% | 96.83% | 99.20% | 96.03% | 94.08% | 97.15% | 94.70% | 800.86 |
| Current Tax Collections (1) | 4,866,471 | 4,891,228 | 4,813,870 | 4,669,876 | 4,398,602 | 3,780,352 | 3,563,524 | 3,557,033 | 3,354,320 | 3,318,634 |
| Total Tax Levy (1, 2) C | 5,259,055 \$ | 5,089,509 | 4,842,235 | 4,822,549 | 4,434,075 | 3,936,642 | 3,787,838 | 3,661,319 | 3,542,094 | 3,386,498 |
| Fiscal Year | 2010-11 \$ | 2009-10 | 2008-09 | 2007-08 | 2006-07 | 2002-06 | 2004-05 | 2003-04 | 2002-03 | 2001-02 |

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.

(2) Includes original levy for real estate taxes collected on a fiscal year basis and personal property taxes collected on a calendar year basis. Also, includes supplemental levies for all tax years.

(3) Includes personal property taxes in excess of five years delinquent. Also, includes an allowance for doubtful accounts.

(4) Includes all prior year collections in addition to collections on the current levy.

Source: Commissioner of Revenue and Treasurer.

City of Lexington, Virginia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

| | Government | cal Activities | Business-Type Activities | | | |
|----------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Fiscal Year | General Obligation Bonds | State Literary Fund Loan | General Obligation Bonds | Total Primary Government | Percentage of Personal Income | Per Capita |
| 2011 2010 2009 | \$ 20,410,294 19,715,000 12,632,992 | \$ - - - | \$ - - - | \$ 20,410,294 19,715,000 12,632,992 | 1.82% 1.76% 1.21% | \$ 2,899 2,800 1,752 |
| 2008 2007 2006 | 13,322,292 14,317,241 15,060,606 | 5,000 10,000 | 42,806 221,411 395,038 | 13,365,098 14,543,652 15,465,644 | 1.35% 1.57% 1.72% | 1,841 2,158 2,282 |

⁽¹⁾ City began recording this information in 2006.

City of Lexington, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Population (1) | Assessed Value (in thousands) (2) | Gross Bonded Debt (3) | Less: Debt Payable from Enterprise Fund | Net Bonded Debt (4)(5) | Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value | Net Bonded Debt per Capita |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| 2010-11 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08 2006-07 2005-06 2004-05 2003-04 | 7,042 7,282 7,211 7,261 7,206 7,097 6,900 | \$ 614,491 634,453 630,842 638,909 619,321 444,880 445,471 437,827 | \$ 20,410,294 19,715,000 12,632,992 13,365,098 14,543,660 15,465,644 4,326,780 5,152,857 | \$ - 42,806 221,411 395,038 559,080 717,546 | \$ 20,410,294 19,715,000 12,632,992 13,322,292 14,322,249 15,070,606 3,767,700 4,435,311 | 3.320% 3.110% 2.000% 2.090% 2.310% 3.390% 0.850% 1.010% | \$ 2,898 2,707 1,752 1,848 1,972 2,091 531 643 |
| 2002-03 2001-02 | 6,800 7,000 | 369,743 365,181 | 5,919,583 6,617,313 | 870,515 982,102 | 5,049,068 5,635,211 | 1.370% 1.540% | 743 805 |

- (1) Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia. www.coopercenter.org, Current year population not yet available. FY 2009-10 is per latest U.S. Census count.
- (2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.
- (3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes compensated absences.
- (4) FY 2005-06, City issued \$12,000,000 in general obligation debt to fund the city's share of costs for a new regional circuit court complex and parking deck.
- (5) FY 2009-10, City issued \$8,410,000 in general obligation debt to fund the city's renovation and addition to the middle school capital project.
- (6) FY 2010-11, City issued \$1,530,000 in general obligation bonds to complete the City's renovation and addition to the middle school capital project.

City of Lexington, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Principal | Interest | Total Debt Service | _ | Total General overnmental penditures (2) | Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------|----|---|--|
| 2010-11 | \$ 834,706 | \$ 534,345 | \$ 1,369,051 | \$ | 19,292,892 | 7.1% |
| 2009-10 | 1,327,992 | 533,785 | 1,861,777 | | 26,303,375 | 7.1% |
| 2008-09 | 689,358 | 574,412 | 1,263,770 | | 22,923,952 | 5.5% |
| 2007-08 | 999,949 | 607,663 | 1,607,612 | | 25,268,779 | 6.4% |
| 2006-07 | 748,365 | 681,431 | 1,429,796 | | 19,252,432 | 7.4% |
| 2005-06 | 697,094 | 389,788 | 1,086,882 | | 17,315,676 | 6.3% |
| 2004-05 | 667,609 | 166,296 | 833,905 | | 15,283,963 | 5.5% |
| 2003-04 | 716,358 | 194,660 | 911,018 | | 14,060,940 | 6.5% |
| 2002-03 | 668,747 | 230,284 | 899,031 | | 14,569,083 | 6.2% |
| 2001-02 | 563,883 | 216,875 | 780,758 | | 15,991,162 | 4.9% |

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and the Discretely Presented Component Units.

⁽²⁾ Information from Table 6.

City of Lexington, Virginia Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2011 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | | | | | | | | ΙŒ | Fiscal Year | | | | | |
|---|----|---------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|----|--------|-----------|---------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------|------|---------|
| | 2(| 2002 | 20 | 2003 | 2004 | | 2005 | | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 5005 | 2010 | 2011 | |
| Debt limit | s | \$ 33,357 \$ 33,691 | , ∽ | 33,691 \$ | 40,499 \$ | \$ | | \$ | 41,093 \$ 41,087 \$ | 58,560 \$ | \$ 60,245 \$ | \$ 850,09 | 60,294 \$ | | 58,213 |
| Total net debt applicable to limit | | 6,803 | | 6,022 | 5,153 | ~ | 4,327 | | 15,466 | 14,544 | 13,370 | 12,633 | 19,715 | 2(| 20,410 |
| Legal debt margin | | 26,554 | . 4 | 27,669 | 35,346 | 2 | 36,766 | | 25,621 | 44,016 | 46,875 | 47,425 | 40,579 | m | 37,803 |
| Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit | | 20.4% | | 17.9% | 12.7% | % | 10.5% | | 37.6% | 24.8% | 22.2% | 21.0% | 32.7% | | 35.1% |
| | | | | | | | | | | I | Legal Debt | Legal Debt Margin Calculated for Fiscal Year 2011 | d for Fiscal Year | 2011 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | ₹ | Assessed value | | \$ | | 582,133 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Δ ά | Debt limit (10% of assessed value) | ssessed value) | \$ | ž | 58,213 |
| | | | | | | | | | | 2 | General Obligation Bonds | on Bonds | | 2(| 20,410 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Less: amount se | Less: amount set aside for repayment | nent | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | of general obligation debt | ligation debt | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Total net applicable to limit | able to limit | | 7(| 20,410 |
| | | | | | | | | | | ت | Legal debt margin | | \$ | 3. | 37,803 |

City of Lexington, Virginia Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Population (1) | | Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands)(2) | | Per Capita Personal ncome (2) | | School Enrollment (3) | Unemployment Rate (4) |
|----------------|----------------|-----|---|-----|-------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 2010-11 | - | (5) | \$ - | (5) | \$ - | (5) | 621 | 11.8% |
| 2009-10 | 7,042 | | - | (5) | - | (5) | 619 | 14.5% |
| 2008-09 | 7,282 | | 1,122,581 | | 32,617 | | 613 | 12.2% |
| 2007-08 | 7,211 | | 1,118,605 | | 32,348 | | 615 | 8.3% |
| 2006-07 | 7,261 | | 1,041,089 | | 29,712 | | 646 | 5.4% |
| 2005-06 | 7,206 | | 988,969 | | 28,442 | | 626 | 5.0% |
| 2004-05 | 7,097 | | 927,803 | | 26,936 | | 626 | 5.0% |
| 2003-04 | 6,900 | | 891,371 | | 26,165 | | 626 | 2.4% |
| 2002-03 | 6,800 | | 839,032 | | 23,612 | | 647 | 2.6% |
| 2001-02 | 7,000 | | 800,258 | | 23,383 | | 631 | 2.2% |

- (1) Center for public service at the University of Virginia. www.coopercenter.org
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis, United States Department of Commerce, City of Lexington, City of Buena Vista and Rockbridge County combined. Www.bea.gov/regional/bearfacts/action.cfm
- (3) Lexington City Schools.
- (4) Virginia Employment Commission.
- (5) Information unavailable.

City of Lexington, Virginia Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

| | Fiscal year | ended J | une 30, 2011 | Fiscal year | r ended June | 30, 2002 |
|--|-------------|---------|---------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| | | | % of | | | % of |
| | Employment | | Total City | Employment | | Total City |
| Employer | Range | Rank | Employees (1) | Range | Rank | Employees |
| Washington & Lee University | 1000-1499 | 1 | 23.6% | 500-999 | 1 | 17.8% |
| Virginia Military Institute | 500-999 | 2 | 13.6% | 500-999 | 2 | 12.5% |
| Stonewall Jackson Hospital | 100-249 | 3 | 4.7% | 250-499 | 3 | 8.5% |
| Rockbridge County | 100-249 | 4 | 4.1% | 250-499 | 4 | 6.5% |
| City of Lexington | 100-249 | 5 | 3.1% | 100-249 | 5 | 3.5% |
| Lexington City Schools | 50-99 | 6 | 1.9% | 50-99 | 9 | 1.3% |
| Kroger Company | 50-99 | 7 | 1.6% | 50-99 | 6 | 1.5% |
| The VMI Foundation | 50-99 | 8 | 1.5% | | | |
| Heritage Hall Health Care (HCMF) | 50-99 | 9 | 1.4% | 50-99 | 7 | 1.4% |
| Rockbridge Farmers' Co-op | 0-50 | 10 | 1.0% | 50-99 | 8 | 1.3% |
| Rockbridge Area Community Services Board | | | | 0-50 | 10 | 80.0% |
| Totals | 2,737 | | 56.1% | 2,591 | | 55.0% |
| Total City Employment | 4,875 | | | 4,715 | | |

 $Source: \ Virginia \ Employment \ Commission, \ Virginia \ Electronic \ Market \ Access \ (VELMA).$

City of Lexington, Virginia Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Function | 2002 | Full-tim 2003 | ne Equivaler 2004 | nt Employe 2005 | Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30, 303 2004 2005 2006 200 | e 30, 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
|-----------------------------|------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|---------------|------|------|------|------|
| General government | 14 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| Judicial administration | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | ~ |
| Public safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | | | | | | | | | | |
| Officers | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Civilians | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Parking enforcement/ | | | | | | | | | | |
| animal control | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Fire | | | 1 | | • | • | • | ٠ | _ | _ |
| Public works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administration & | | | | | | | | | | |
| maintenance | 33 | 34 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 35 | 35 |
| Solid waste management | = | 7 | 7 | = | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 12 | 10 |
| Health, Education & Welfare | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Community development | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Utilities processing | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water treatment | 9 | 9 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Wastewater treatment | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 7 |
| Total | 86 | 86 | 86 | 101 | 103 | 103 | 104 | 104 | 106 | 106 |

Source: Government finance department

City of Lexington, Virginia Operating Indicators by Function Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

| | | | Fiscal | Year | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
| Function | | | | | | |
| General administration | | | | | | |
| Business licenses issued | 653 | 669 | 662 | 617 | 616 | 640 |
| Public safety | | | | | | |
| Police | | | | | | |
| Number of calls answered | 5,568 | 6,163 | 4,580 | 5,446 | 3,815 | 3,899 |
| Physical arrests | 247 | 350 | 346 | 350 | 334 | 447 |
| Parking violations | 2,036 | 1,818 | 1,217 | 1,502 | 1,908 | 680 |
| Traffic violations | 953 | 1,191 | 923 | 1,145 | 800 | 862 |
| Miles Patrolled | 165,332 | 166,629 | 125,240 | 112,217 | 115,676 | 151,441 |
| Fire | | | | | | |
| Number of line calls answered | 524 | 629 | 732 | 704 | 649 | 686 |
| Number of reserve calls answered (2) | - | - | - | - | - | 2,168 |
| Inspections | 83 | 123 | 138 | 146 | 136 | 129 |
| Public works | | | | | | |
| Highways and streets | | | | | | |
| Street resurfacing (miles) | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Potholes repaired | 300 | 310 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| Sanitation and waste removal | | | | | | |
| Refuse collected (tons/day) | 11 | 11 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 9 |
| Recyclables collected (tons/day) | 5 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Leisure services | | | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | | | | | |
| Athletic program Participants | 1,356 | 1,618 | 1,536 | 1,498 | 1,499 | 1,453 |
| Utilities processing | | | | | | |
| Water | | | | | | |
| New connections | 8 | 12 | 8 | 9 | 4 | 7 |
| Water main breaks | 34 | 42 | 46 | 30 | 19 | 23 |
| Average daily consumption | | | | | | |
| (thousands of gallons) | 898 | 889 | 921 | 903 | 875 | 788 |
| Number of customers | 2,716 | 2,698 | 2,702 | 2,743 | 2,762 | 2,765 |
| Wastewater | ŕ | , | , | , | , | , |
| Average daily sewage treatment | | | | | | |
| (thousands of gallons) | 677 | 764 | 583 | 608 | 732 | 631 |
| Community development | | | | | | |
| Number of building permits | 84 | 87 | 98 | 83 | 55 | 57 |
| Building construction value | 4,032 | 30,914 | 18,520 | 12,858 | 14,703 | 7,263 |
| (thousands) | | | | | | |
| Component unit - school board | | | | | | |
| Education | | | | | | |
| Students - elementary | 287 | 313 | 310 | 308 | 318 | 318 |
| Students - middle school | 182 | 179 | 180 | 176 | 178 | 170 |
| City students - joint high school | 157 | 154 | 125 | 129 | 123 | 133 |
| Teachers elementary & middle school | 56 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Expenditures per pupil (3) | 3,609 | 3,708 | 4,300 | 4,480 | 4,783 | 3,814 |
| Experience per pupit (3) | 3,007 | 5,700 | .,500 | ., 100 | .,,, | 3,017 |

Source: Various city departments

Note: Indicators are not available for the judicial administration function.

⁽¹⁾ The City began compiling this information in 2006.

⁽²⁾ The City began compiling the number of reserve calls answered in 2011.

⁽³⁾ The City began paying for school debt service costs in General Fund in 2011.

City of Lexington, Virginia Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

| | | | Fiscal | Year | | |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
| Function | | | | | | |
| Public safety | | | | | | |
| Police | | | | | | |
| Stations | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Patrol units | 10 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 |
| Fire | | | | | | |
| Stations | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Public works | | | | | | |
| Highways and streets | | | | | | |
| Streets (miles) | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| Streetlights | 516 | 527 | 527 | 529 | 530 | 530 |
| Traffic signal intersections | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Traffic signal lights | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 |
| Parking garage | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Cemeteries Maintenance | | | | | | |
| Cemeteries | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Sanitation and waste removal | | | | | | |
| Collection trucks | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Health, education and welfare | | | | | | |
| Hospitals | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Number of hospital beds | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| Leisure services | | | | | | |
| Parks acreage | 37 | 37 | 37 | 37 | 40 | 40 |
| Parks | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Swimming Pools | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Community centers | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| Utilities processing | | | | | | |
| Water | | | | | | |
| Water mains (miles) | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| Fire hydrants | 266 | 268 | 268 | 268 | 268 | 268 |
| Maximum daily capacity | | | | | | |
| (thousands of gallons) | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Sewer | | | | | | |
| Sanitary sewers (miles) | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| Storm sewers (miles) | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Maximum daily treatment capacity | | | | | | |
| (thousands of gallons) | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| Component unit - school board | | | | | | |
| Education | | | | | | |
| Elementary schools | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Middle schools | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Jointly operated high school | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

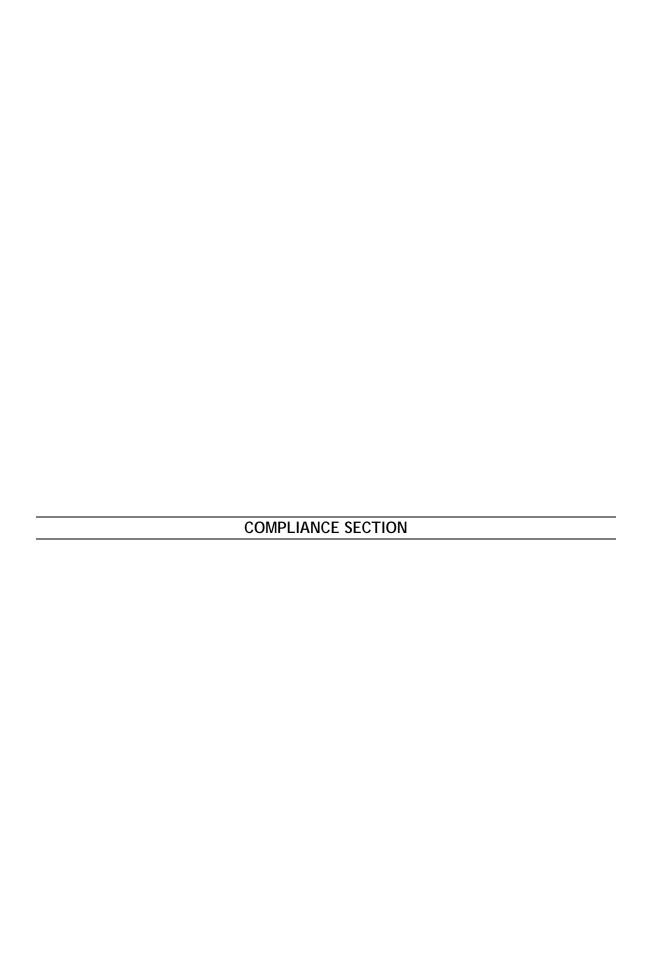
Source: Various city departments

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government, judicial administration and community development functions.

⁽¹⁾ The city began compiling this information in 2006.

City of Lexington, Virginia Schedule of Joint Services Contract Billing For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | | | | | | | | | | | 8 | Recreation | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----|----------------------|-------|-----------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------|---------------|--|----------|------------|---|-----------------------------|-------|-----------|
| | а. | Parking | Volur | Volunteer | Life Saving | ving | RARO | | Youth | Little I | Little League | Baseball | χ | Youth | | RARO | I | |
| | | Garage | iΞ | Fire | and First Aid | | Administration | | Basketball | Fooi | Football a | and Softball | So | Soccer | Other | Total | | Totals |
| Salaries and fringe benefits | s | 4,198 \$ | ري. | • | ۰ | ٠, | 241,7 | 241,723 \$ | \$ 60,8 | | 4,284 \$ | 8,198 | \$ | 2,779 \$ | 2,049 \$ | 2,049 \$ 267,126 \$ 271,324 | ٠ | 271,324 |
| Contractual services | | 220 | | 42,020 | 365 | 365,836 | 6,836 | 36 | • | | • | 371 | | | • | 7,207 | _ | 415,613 |
| Other expenses | | 13,022 | ٠, | 90,638 | 108 | 108,892 | 28,420 | .20 | 899 | | 1,853 | 6,666 | | 2,982 | 165 | 41,087 | 7 | 253,639 |
| Totals | \$ | \$ 17,770 \$ 132,658 | \$ 13 | 32,658 | \$ 474, | 474,728 \$ | | \$ 626,92 | 8,761 \$ | | 6,137 \$ | 6,137 \$ 15,568 \$ | \$ | 5,761 \$ | | 2,214 \$ 315,420 \$ 940,576 | \$ (| 940,576 |
| Less: Revenue for Operations | s | , | ٠ | • | \$ (351,608) \$ | \$ (809, | | \$ (20,9) | (4,130) \$ | ٠, | (4,015) \$ | ; (7,845) | ۰ | (6,280) \$ | (4,015) \$ (7,845) \$ (6,280) \$ (3,020) \$ (31,347) \$ (382,955) | (31,34 | \$ (| (382,955) |
| Net Expenses | \$ | \$ 17,770 \$ 132,658 | \$ 13 | | \$ 123. | \$ 123,120 \$ | | 22 \$ | 4,631 | \$ | 2,122 \$ | 270,922 \$ 4,631 \$ 2,122 \$ 7,723 \$ (519) \$ | \$ | (519) \$ | | (806) \$ 284,073 \$ 557,621 | \$ \$ | 557,621 |
| Rockbridge County participation | | 9.90% | | 62.70% | 26 | 26.90% | 70.0 | 70.01% | 68.43% | | 79.03% | 72.78% | | 63.78% | 69.11% | 70.14% | % | 63.53% |
| Rockbridge County share | \$ | 1,759 \$ 83,177 | \$ | 33,177 | \$ 70 | 70,055 \$ | | 189,672 \$ | 3,169 \$ | ٠, | 1,677 \$ | 5 5,621 \$ | ب | (331) \$ | \$ (252) | (557) \$ 199,251 \$ 354,242 | ٠ | 354,242 |



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL CITY OF LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lexington, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City of Lexington, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Lexington, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lexington, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lexington, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Lexington, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Christiansburg, Virginia November 30, 2011

Robinson, Fainer, La Associates

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Independent Auditors' Report

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL CITY OF LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA

Compliance

We have audited the City of Lexington, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Lexington, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The City of Lexington, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Lexington, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Lexington, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Lexington, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Lexington, Virginia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Lexington, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Lexington, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Lexington, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over

compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lexington, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Christiansburg, Virginia November 30, 2011

Robinson, James, ly associates

City of Lexington, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title | Federal CFDA Number | Pass-through Entity Identifying Number | | | | ederal enditures |
|--|---------------------------|--|----|--------|----|---------------------|
| Department of Agriculture: | | | | | | |
| Pass Through Payments: | | | | | | |
| Department of Agriculture: | | | | | | |
| Child Nutrition Cluster: | | | | | | |
| Food distribution (Child Nutrition Cluster) | 10.555 | 40623 | \$ | 9,873 | | |
| Department of Education: | | | | | | |
| Child Nutrition Cluster: | | | | | | |
| National school lunch program (Child Nutrition Cluster) | 10.555 | 40623 | | 38,348 | \$ | 48,221 |
| Department of Education: | | | | | | |
| Child Nutrition Cluster: | | | | | | |
| National school breakfast program | 10.553 | 40591 | | | | 5,105 |
| Department of Social Services: | | | | | | |
| State administrative matching grants for the supplemental nutrition | | | | | | |
| assistance program | 10.561 | 90103,9010,90212,90223, | | | | 67 |
| State Department of Forestry: | | 90224, 90403, 90404 | | | | |
| ARRA Cooperative forestry assistance | 10.664 | N/A | | | | 9,840 |
| Total Department of Agriculture | | | | | \$ | 63,233 |
| Department of Health and Human Services: | | | | | | |
| Pass Through Payments: | | | | | | |
| Department of Social Services: | | | | | | |
| Promoting safe and stable families | 93.556 | 90249, 90360 | | | \$ | 3,199 |
| Temporary assistance for needy families | 93.558 | 90109, 90110, 90111, 90112 | | | | 30 |
| | | 90127, 90229, 90230, 90231 | | | | |
| | | 90232, 90247, 90366, 90409 | | | | |
| Foster Care Cluster: | | 90411, 90412, 90413 | | | | |
| Foster care - Title IV-E | 93.658 | 90105, 90106, 90107, 90209 | \$ | 2,339 | | |
| ARRA Foster care - Title IV-E | 93.658 | 90105, 90106, 90107, 90209 | ٠ | 2,337 | | 2,539 |
| Social services block grant | 93.667 | 90120, 90122, 90123, 90240 | - | 200 | - | 8,947 |
| Social Scrvices block grant | 75.007 | 90242, 90243, 90262, 90306 | | | | 0,747 |
| | | 90312, 90322, 90339, 90340 | | | | |
| Child Care and Development Fund Cluster: | | ,00.2, ,0022, ,000, , ,00.0 | | | | |
| Child care mandatory and matching funds of the child care and development fund | 93.596 | 90116, 90117, 90118, 90236 | | | | 86 |
| | | 90237, 90238, 90378 | | | | |
| Child care and development block grant | 93.575 | 90544, 90545 | | | | 6,409 |
| ARRA Child care and development block grant | 93.713 | 90521, 90540, 90545 | | | | 333 |
| Total Department Health and Human Services | | | | | \$ | 21,543 |

City of Lexington, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

| Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title | Federal CFDA Number | Pass-through Entity Identifying Number | Federal penditures |
|---|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Department of Transportation: | | | |
| Pass Through Payments: | | | |
| Virginia Department of Transportation: | | | |
| Highway planning and construction | 20.205 | N/A | \$ 125,978 |
| State and community highway safety | 20.600 | SC-2010 50357 3977 | 7,854 |
| Total Department of Transportation | | | \$ 133,832 |
| Department of Justice: | | | |
| Pass Through Payments: | | | |
| Department of Criminal Justice Service: | | | |
| Crime victim assistance | 16.575 | 09VAGX0007 | \$ 879 |
| Department of Education: | | | |
| Pass Through Payments: | | | |
| Department of Education: | | | |
| ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Funds (SFSF) - Education State Grants | 84.394 | 62532 | \$ 69,901 |
| Career and Technical Education: Basic grants to states | 84.048 | 61095 | 15,888 |
| Education technology - state grants | 84.318 | 61600 | 713 |
| Improving teacher quality state grants | 84.367 | 61480 | 28,700 |
| Title I: Grants to local educational agencies | 84.010 | 42892, 42901 | 76,712 |
| Special Education Cluster: | | | |
| Sepcial education - Preschool grants | 84.173 | 62521 | 2,955 |
| Special education - Grants to states | 84.027 | 43071 | 103,638 |
| ARRA - Special education - Grants to states | 84.391 | 61245 | 69,201 |
| | | | |
| Total Department of Education | | | \$ 367,708 |
| Total Expenditures of Federal Awards | | | \$ 587,195 |

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

City of Lexington, Virginia Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

NOTE A--BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Lexington, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2011. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Lexington, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City of Lexington, Virginia.

NOTE B--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C--RELATIONSHIP TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the City's basic financial statements as follows: Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

| Primary Government: | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| General Fund total | \$ | 40,183 |
| County CIP Fund total | | 125,978 |
| Total Primary Government | \$ | 166,161 |
| Component Unit Schools: | _ | 40.4.00.4 |
| School Operating Fund total | <u>\$</u> | 421,034 |
| Total Component Unit Schools | \$ | 421,034 |
| Total Federal Assistance | \$ | 587,195 |

| Section I - | Summary | of Auditor's | Results |
|-------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------|
|-------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------|

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

| CFDA # | Name of Federal Program or Cluster | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| 04 027 (04 472 (04 202 (04 202 | Special Education Cluster (IDEA) | |
| 84.027/84.173/84.392/84.392 | Special Education Cluster (IDEA) | |
| 84.394 | ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Funds | |
| 20.205 | Highway Planning and Construction | |
| | | |

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

City of Lexington, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2011

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no financial statement or federal findings.